UNIQUE FACTS

OF INTEREST FROM THE SPORTING WORLD. LADY CLERKS AS DETECTIVES. THE DOUBLE-SEATED RAILWAY CYCLE ILLUSTRATED IN TOMORROW'S SUN.

THE LOWELL SUN

21ST YEAR — LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1897. — 8 PAGES 1 CENT

MISSION SHIP

TO DO RELIGIOUS WORK AMONG AMERICAN FISHERMEN TO BE LAUNCHED AT GLOUCESTER. READ OF IT IN TOMORROW'S SUN.

FIRST EDITION

THE WEATHER.

Stormy weather will probably extend to the coast today or tonight, and in New England it now seems certain to be generally cloudy and threatening Tuesday, with rain during the greater part of the day and easterly winds, brisk on the coast. It will probably be slightly warmer during the next 36 hours, followed by colder Tuesday night.

ALMANAC, MONDAY, NOV. 1.
Sun rises—6:19; sets, 4:37.
Length of day—10 h. 18 m.
High water—4:10 a. m.; 4:30 p. m.
Moon sets—11:20 p. m.

BY THE WHISKERS

You Shall be Judged Here-After

IF YOU DO BUSINESS WITH STREET RAILROAD.

New and Absurd System of Transfers.

The height of damphoolishness appears to have been reached by the local street railroad people in their new transfer check arrangement, which goes into effect today, and which will undoubtedly be short-lived.

Should you ask a conductor on a street car for a transfer after today he will probably look as if a good swear word would do him all the good in the world. Then he will go into his pocket and pull out a long check and after sizing you up as if you owed him something, he will proceed to punch one hole in the check. Then he will ask you on what line you intend to ride after leaving his car and when you overcome your surprise and tell him he will punch again. Then he will punch the time and perhaps by the time he gets ready to give you your check you are beyond the place at which you wished to leave the car.

When you examine the check it has seven pictures of faces on it and you find one of them punched. That's you. The seven faces represent a smooth-faced man, one with moustache, one with full beard, one with goatee, and one with galways, and two women's faces, one wearing a theatre hat which indicates a young woman and the other with a poke bonnet which means a lady of more years than style. You must be one of these seven or you don't get a check. Then the time and names of the lines you use before and after obtaining the transfer are punched. In fact, the transfer is well perforated.

But here's where the rub comes. Suppose you wanted to go to the Northern depot, you would be obliged to tell the conductor just what line you were going on and we'll say he punches "Middlesex street." Then you must wait until the Middlesex street car comes, even if the Chelmsford, Westford, Highlands and North Chelmsford cars go by you in the meantime, for your check will not be accepted in any of them.

If you want to go to the corner of Pawtucket and School streets you must tell by which line you want to go and if you want to go up Central street as far as Tower's Corner you must make a previous declaration of the line by which you mean to get there.

Of course, such an arrangement is decidedly inconvenient and will cause a vigorous kick by the riding public.

On a stormy day, for instance, when a car is crowded, can a conductor collect his fares and punch 50 or 60 and even more separate transfers before he reaches the square before half of his passengers have dumped off without paying fare? If he does, he deserves an increase in pay.

The reason for the faces is unknown, unless it be to identify the person who receives the check and to prevent its being used by somebody else. But for this purpose it furnishes but a vague clue to the identity, as a man in this case is judged solely by his whiskers and a woman by her age. Ye Gods! Think of a woman of uncertain age being punched as an old woman. There's many a "call down" in store for those hapless conductors.

It would be quite as convenient for the conductor to take the passenger's name, address and age when giving out a transfer and it would answer the railroad's purpose much better.

So do not be surprised if you hear of a number of conductors going to the lunatic asylum in the near future.

First class printing done at this office.

Money Deposited

On or before Wednesday, Nov. 3, in the Savings Department of the

Traders' National Bank.

Will draw interest from November 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compound semi annually.

HOURS { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.

30 Middlesex Street, 11 Post Office Avenue

Chas. J. Glidden, President.
William F. Hills, Cashier.

$7 TO $15

GOOD ORGANS for above prices. Call at once. Must have the room.

GEORGE A. GARDNER,
20 Prescott Street.

EDWARD McVEY, For Senator.

ON ELECTION DAY

Vote for Williams and the State Ticket.

CANDIDATES FOR SENATE AND REPRESENTATIVES.

Rev. Mr. Dick Slashes Right and Left.

Democrats should remember that they have a duty to perform tomorrow. The polls will be opened early, so that men can cast their ballots before going to work. All day long till 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the ballot box will be open to receive your vote. The earlier you vote the better. This year every vote should be polled. Vote the democratic ticket straight from top to bottom. Remember your senatorial candidates, Edward D. McVey, Esq., and Alvin Fisher, and put your cross opposite their names.

Further down the ballot, you will come to the names of representative candidates. In the 27th district, the democrats, by remaining loyal, will help to win a democratic victory. John P. O'Hare of Ward Five and Joseph Duffy of Tewksbury are the candidates there and there is a good chance of their election. Bear this in mind tomorrow, democrats of the 27th district.

In the 26th district, Henry J. Draper is making a hustle to win and so are his associates, John G. Gordon and James McCarthy. Charles W. Whitman, John P. Mahoney, and George Byam are the candidates in the 25th district and they will receive the entire democratic vote.

BETTING ON MAYORALTY NOMINATION.

Betting took a spurt on Saturday. A wager was made of $75 to $25 between two prominent sporting men that Pearson would carry Ward 6. Another wager was offered at odds of $1 to $3 by a Pearson man that Pearson would carry 9 wards but found no takers. Bets and odds offered thus far appear to be something as follows:

For nomination, Pearson 5; Cummings, 4.
Pearson to carry 9 wards, 1 to 3.
Pearson to carry 7 wards, 4 to 5.
Pearson to carry 5 wards, 5 to 4.
To name 3 wards for Pearson, 5 to 2.
To name 1 ward for Cummings, 1 to 2.
To name 5 wards for Pearson, 1 to 2.
To name 2 wards for Pearson, 3 to 1.
To name 1 ward for Pearson, 4 to 1.
To name 2 wards for Cummings even.
To name 3 wards for Cummings, 3 to 5.
To name 5 wards for Cummings, 2 to 5.

Yesterday in his sermon the Rev. Mr. Dick slashed right and left against what he termed the desecration of the Sabbath. Among other things he mentioned the camp in Pelham where Mr. Pearson spends his summer evenings, and sometimes his Sunday afternoons with a number of his friends. The Mail endeavored about a week ago to give the impression that Mr. Pearson goes out to that camp with a number of Lowell friends to play baseball on Sunday. That statement or inuendo was a gross slander. Mr. Pearson's camp is conducted for recreation during the summer season and is in every way quite as respectable as any of the camps up the river. If Rev. Mr. Dick would take a ride to Tyng's Island or along the new state highway he would see a line of camps where men go to spend their summer evenings and sometimes their Sunday afternoons.

HENRY J. DRAPER,
For Representative, 26th District.

Of course, if they go there they must bring refreshments or provisions, and anybody who would visit the camp would consequently see tonic bottles, the remains of canned goods, boxes, etc. Nothing more than this was noticed at the Pearson camp at Pelham, and it is a gross injustice for the Mail or Rev. Mr. Dick to impute anything else. It seems that the reverend gentleman should be more certain of his facts than to take the mere insinuation of a newspaper as a text upon which to base a sermon, especially when that misrepresents a leading citizen and is calculated to injure his standing in the community.

DEATHS.

CHENEY—John L. Cheney died Sunday morning, October 31, at his residence, 53 Chelmsford street, after an illness of a few hours, at the age of 81 years and 7 months.

Mr. Cheney was born at Weare, N. H. March 20, 1816. He was one of the oldest residents of the city. He was a trustee and one of the vice presidents of the Lowell Five Cent Savings bank and had been a director of the Prescott National bank and a trustee of the Lowell cemetery.

Lowell cemetery. He served three terms in the school committee in 1859, 1861, and 1863.

He leaves a widow, three sons, John E. of Boston, Edwards, and Frank P. of this city, and one daughter, Mrs. Sarah C. Willoughby of Port Townsend, Wash.

DONOGHUE—Mr. David C. Donoghue, aged 27 years, died at his home, 22 Royal street, Saturday noon. He had been in failing health for several years, during which time he went out West, visiting Colorado and southern California. He was a graduate of the High school, class of '85, and entered the employ of the Morning Mail company remaining with it until the time of his going West. He leaves a mother three sisters and a brother to mourn his loss.

RUSS—John Russ, a well known resident of this city, died Sunday at his home in Haverhill, at the age of 86 years.

The deceased was proprietor of the old City Hotel in Belvidere in its prosperous days before the war and kept it for many years.

GRAND PEARSON RALLY IN ASSOCIATE HALL WEDNESDAY EVENING AT EIGHT O'CLOCK. PROMINENT DEMOCRATS WILL SPEAK.

Poor and Weak

Catarrh and Bronchial Trouble—Had no Appetite—Now Better in Every Way—A Delicate Child.

"Some time since I took a sudden cold and could not get rid of it. Being subject to catarrh and bronchial trouble I coughed terribly. I lost my appetite and grew poor and weak and I did not feel like work. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. In a short time the cough disappeared, I slept well, had a good appetite and I was better in every way. Last spring I was not feeling well, I had no appetite and no strength. I resorted to Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon felt more like work. My little nephew was a delicate child and had a humor which troubled him so he could not rest at night. He has taken a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and now he has a good appetite and is able to sleep." MISS ABBIE J. FREEMAN, South Duxbury, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

JOHN P. O'HARE, For Representative 27th District.

A DARING HOLD UP

Highwaymen Try to Rob a Billerica Storekeeper.

AN OLD MAN TRIED TO HANG HIMSELF.

A Lowell Man Arrested in Lewiston.

A holdup was attempted in Charles Johnson's store in Billerica Centre Saturday night by a stranger who pretended to purchase some fruit. When Mr. Johnson was changing money, the stranger pointed a revolver at him and demanded his money. Mr. Johnson struck him with his crutch.

The stranger, after attempting twice to discharge the revolver, left the store and leaped into a wagon. There were two other men in the wagon and the horse was driven rapidly in a southerly direction. Telephone messages were sent to neighboring towns to arrest the men.

HAVERHILL MAN WANTED.

Louis Espovitch, one of the best known business men in Haverhill, is missing from that city and the police are looking for him, with a warrant charging him with breaking and entering. When the police went after him last week his sister said he was in Lowell, but he has not been seen here.

HE HAD THEM.

A man named Lawrence Duffy was arrested Saturday night while suffering from a severe attack of delirium tremens. He howled himself to sleep in a cell.

TO HANG HIMSELF.

David M. Thompson, who was arrested for drunkenness Saturday night, attempted suicide by hanging himself to the iron door with his suspenders. Officer Ryder discovered him and cut him down before he had done himself much harm. It is said that Thompson has attempted a similar trick before.

ALL SUPPORTERS OF HON. FISHER H. PEARSON ARE INVITED TO MEET IN ASSOCIATE HALL, WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOV. 3. THE RALLY WILL BE ADDRESSED BY WELL KNOWN SPEAKERS.

PERSONAL.

N. B. Crummet of Jackson, N. H., has been visiting the Misses Boynton of 113 Merrimack street, and left today for a brief stay at Concord and Newburyport. While stopping in this city he visited all the public buildings, including the police station, City Hall, and the Central fire station. He was much pleased with all of them, for although 76 years of age, he has not visited Lowell for many years. He expressed great surprise at the many improvements and the systems employed in the various departments.

ALL FRIENDS OF HON. FISHER H. PEARSON WHO CAN BE AT THE POLLS STATE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 2, ARE INVITED TO MEET IN ROOM 44, HILDRETH BUILDING, THIS EVENING, TO PERFECT AN ORGANIZATION FOR BRINGING OUT THE VOTE.

CATHOLIC NOTES.

Rev. W. D. Joyce, O.M.I., will arrive in Lowell today from Montreal to which city he accompanied Bishop Gaughren.

Arrangements are being made for the holding of a bazaar in the near future, in aid of St. Michael's church.

There will be a reception next Friday evening at St. Patrick's church into the League of the Sacred Heart. Rev. Fr. Reid, S.J., of Boston, will preach the sermon. "Ecce Panis," a duet, adapted to music, from Rossini, and a solo, "The Holy City," with violin obligato, will comprise a portion of the musical program.

Rev. R. S. Burke, has organized a total abstinence society among the boys of St. Patrick's parish.

Rev. Fr. Riley, O.M.I., of Dublin, Ire., preached at the Immaculate Conception church at high mass yesterday morning.

Today is the feast of All Saints and a holiday of obligation in the Catholic church. Masses were celebrated at the usual hours in all the local Catholic churches, the high masses being sung at 9 o'clock. Tonight the eve of the All Saints' day vespers will be sung. Tomorrow will be a day of devotion in the Catholic church and the masses will be at the usual hours.

WANTS REQUISITION PAPERS.

The following despatch from Lewiston, Me., tells of the arrest of a man wanted in this city:

William Dionne, who has attained fame in this city during the last few months as a liquor constable, was arrested this afternoon on a warrant from Lowell, charging him with cheating by false pretences, one John Thompson. It was alleged that Dionne was in Lowell last spring and bought some clothes from Mr. Thompson, for which he rendered a check. It is on account of this that he was arrested. Dionne submitted quietly to arrest, but declined to go to Massachusetts without requisition papers. He was taken bonds and the case continued until beforethe court and held under $300 next Saturday.

IN HUNTINGTON HALL, WEDNESDAY NIGHT, THE CLOSING RALLY OF THE CAMPAIGN IN SUPPORT OF LAWRENCE CUMMINGS FOR MAYOR WILL BE HELD. JOHN J. HOGAN, ESQ., WILL PRESIDE AND PROMINENT DEMOCRATS WILL SPEAK.

Emerson piano, $125; Kanrich & Bach $150; at 34 Prescott street. See Steinert's ad.

Young Ladies'

HIGH LACED

BOOTS

Made of Coltskin, London Brown, Willow Calf and Box Calf. High laced made in the new Cadet toe, with or without outside extension soles. We show a large assortment of the correct styles and height of cut at

$3.50

We show an elegant line in Brown, Willow Calf and Black finished Coltskin. Good Year sewed—not McKay sewed buttons.

Young Ladies will find this line very desirable.

O'Sullivan Bros.

OPP. CITY HALL.

2 O'CLOCK

LOCAL NEWS.

Try us, and see if this isn't the place to have your watches put in order. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

We use the best mainsprings that money will buy and charge $1.00 and warrant them one year. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Extra fine watch work a specialty. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Watch, clock, and jewelry repairing in all its branches. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Watches cleaned, $1.00; mainsprings, $1.00; clocks cleaned, 50c up. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Republican inspectors of election will have a meeting in republican headquarters this evening when final instructions relating to the state election will be given.

MICHAEL J. DOWD, DANIEL J. DONAHUE, COL. J. H. CARMICHAEL, J. J. HENNESSEY AND LAWRENCE CUMMINGS WILL ADDRESS MONDAY EVENING THE UNION MEETING IN JACKSON HALL IN FAVOR OF LAWRENCE CUMMINGS FOR MAYOR.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER,

Market, Corner Worthen Street. Telephone.

ROCKING CHAIRS

A white enameled Child's Rocker given away with one pound of our 60c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 E. Merrimack street. Tel. 69-3.

HIGH CLASS Suits. Unless one has a violent prejudice against ready-made, there's no excuse for having clothes made to order.

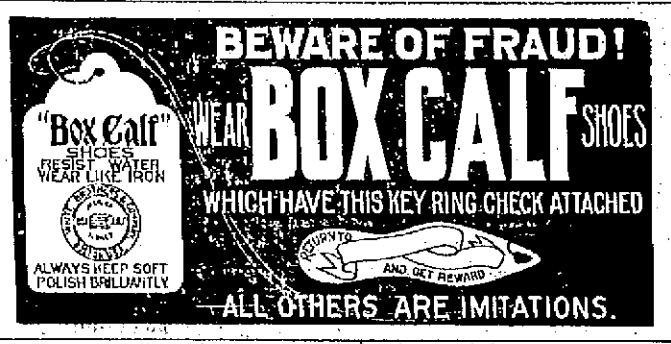
In style, quality and fit, the suits from Rogers, Peet & Co. in no way fall below the best custom work. $15 to $22 for the best ready-to-wear clothes that are made.

But, we've excellent all-wool Suits that cost less. Cheviots, Cassimeres and Worsteds for $4.95, $5.95, up to $12 a Suit.

So many to choose from you'll be puzzled.

PUTNAM & SON,
No., 166 CENTRAL STREET.

Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Daisy Blanche Dexter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Solomon K. Dexter, to Mr. Edwin Tyler Shaw, in the Elliot church on Wednesday evening, Nov. 10.



COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET,

We Have Just Secured

ANOTHER LOT OF

FLANNELLETE WRAPPERS

Worth $1.50 Each.

WHICH WE SHALL OFFER AT

99c.

They are perfect in make, shape, fit and style. They are 3 1-2 yards around at bottom of Skirt and are large and full at hips, sizes are from 32 to 44, bust measure. The Flannelette is the best that can be bought at any price. These Wrappers are trimmed with braid to match the goods

We shall continue to sell all this week, if they last that time, our specials in Silks advertised last week, viz:

24 inch Black Silk Satin, extra heavy, fine lustre, regular price $1.25 a yard, now 69c.

24 inch Black Satin Rhadames, good quality, regular price $1 a yard, at 49c.

22 inch Black Gros Grain Silk, extra heavy, warranted all silk, regular price $2 a yard, now $1.09.

20 inch Black Brocade Silk, elegant designs, regular price 89c., now 49c.

22 inch Black India Silk, very fine, regular price 50c. a yard, now 29c.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

OBSERVANCE AT ROGERS HALL.

The young ladies of Rogers' Hall school observed Hallowe'en Saturday night by an enjoyable party in the school hall. It was in the nature of a family gathering, no invited guests being present. Mrs. Vanderbilt and the other teachers joined in the merry-making. Refreshments were served and the evening was spent in the games which are appropriate to the joyous festival.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Davis of 13 Arthur street were pleasantly surprised by about 50 of their friends Saturday night, receiving gifts of a set of dining room furniture and a carpet.

UNCLE SAM STANDS AMUSED AT THE BRAVADO OF LITTLE SPAIN

SACRED CONCERT.

BY THE EAST BOSTON CADET BAND AND VOCAL ARTISTS.

The concert given in Huntington hall last night was a treat enjoyed by a fair sized audience whose appreciation of the fine program was shown by liberal applause. The concert was for the benefit of St. Patrick's school and was given by the East Boston Cadet band assisted by local talent. The band is composed of sixty boys who play with a skill and precision worthy of more experienced musicians. The concert gave last night was the equal of anything ever heard here. The fine training of the boys was shown to great advantage and the only drawback was that they did not play as many selections as the audience would have liked to hear. This was due, of course, to the arrangement of the program. Should the band play a return engagement, a crowded house will greet it. Its rendition of the overture from William Tell was loudly encored and for a second number Sousa's "Stars and Stripes" march was played. The band was directed by P. D. Record, who formerly played with Sousa. The other numbers on the program were also entertaining. The sextette from "Lucia" was grandly sung by Messrs. T. F. Molloy, David Martin, Phillips David, David McHugh, Miss Louise McLaughlin, and Miss Nano Gallagher.

James E. Donnelly, in his usual fine baritone voice, sang the "Holy City" and for an encore rendered "Asthore." Both numbers were applauded. Miss Louise McLaughlin's rendition of Millard's "Ave Vernum," with violin obligato by Joseph F. O'Dwyer was very finished and deserved all the applause it received. Little Miss Olive Smith was heard in two Irish songs, "Sweet Katy Mahone," and "What's the Use of Being Mad?" The beautiful solo, "O Day of Bliss" was artistically rendered by T. F. Molloy, whose sweet soprano range brought out the many opportunities of the selection. He was encored and sang "Ben Bolt."

After humorous recitations by M. T. Hurley of Boston, Miss Nano Gallagher, who possesses a rich contralto voice, sang Bartlett's "Dreams," and in response to the applause and calls for an encore favored the audience with "Lady of the Dee." The accompanist was Mr. Michael J. Johnson.

First class printing done at this office

Reliable Attendance

No More Use for Midwives.

Do not risk your life in confinement Dr. A. Wilinski, German Physician, having 14 years experience, will giv you the most careful attention for which he will not charge you more than $6.00, and you are always saved. Come and make your appli cation.

Dr. A. Wilinski, 9 Tyler St. Lowell Mass.

Office hours—8 to 9.30 a. m., 1 to 2.30 and 7 to 8.30 p. m.

MUSIC HALL.

BEFORE THE ENEMY.

Commencing this evening and continuing Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, the attraction at Music Hall will be the thrilling military drama entitled "Before the Enemy." It is a play that deals with war and stirs the heart of the patriot to a burning love of country. Comedy, pathos and specialty act are introduced. Special scenery is used and the cast is of exceptional strength, introducing Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Paul.

THE STAR GAZER.

In the engagement of "Joe" Ott and his clever company of comedians at Music Hall for three nights, commencing next Thursday evening, a genuine comedy event is promised. "The Star Gazer" is a vehicle of the element of frace comedy for which "Joe" Ott and his brothers "Phil" and "Matt" are noted. The concoction has more than the ordinary plot usually observed in productions of its class, is clean throughout, and will be presented by what is promised as an unusually strong company. "The Star Gazer" is a succession of laughs all the time the curtain is up, the Otts contributing very largely to the fun. There is not a moment when some of them is not in sight and doing all manner of funny things. Mr. Ott will introduce his latest singing success, "Maloney and the Brick," and an abundant evening's pleasure is assured.

SOMETHING NEW.

CITY CLERK'S INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFICERS.

There is a new departure this year in relation to the election day work of police officers in the way of printed instructions signed by City Clerk Dadman.

The first circular reads as follows:

The following articles will be delivered by the city clerk to the officers detailed to report to him at the City Hall on the morning of election: Keys to ballot boxes, registering ballot box, emergency ballot box containing ballots and election material, voting lists for state election, two; for city election, four; counting apparatus.

The officer must see that the City Clerk or his assistants deliver to him the boxes, keys, voting lists, etc., to be used in the precinct for which he is detailed; and after receiving the same the officer will be held responsible for the safe delivery of the same, in good order, to the warden or election officer in charge of the polling place, fifteen minutes, at least, before the hour designated for opening the polls. The officer will also return to the City Clerk's office immediately the warden's receipt for ballots.

The second circular reads as follows:

The officer detailed for each precinct will receive from the election officer in charge of the precinct at the close of the meeting day, the following articles for transmission by him to the city clerk's office: Box (securely sealed) containing ballots cast; envelope (securely sealed) containing voting list used in receiving ballots; envelope (securely sealed) containing voting list used in distributing ballots; box containing copies of election laws, stationery, etc. The counting apparatus may be left at the polling place.

The officer will also remember to deliver to the City Clerk the ballot box keys. The officer will also satisfy himself, before receiving the box containing the ballots and the envelopes containing voting lists, that the same are securely sealed and that the certificates thereon are signed by all the election officers.

The articles delivered to him are to be delivered to the City Clerk in the same condition as received.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Miss Maude St. John of Des Moines and Miss Helen Clapp of Shelby were pledged to earn $1 for the Young Women's Christian association of the State university of Iowa. Watched by hundreds they carried out their promise by shining ladies shoes in a leading shoe store. The proprietor paid the young ladies 5 cents a pair. They earned $2.70.

Yesterday being not only the last Sunday before the state election but also the last before the democratic mayoralty convention, it is needless to state that politics formed the principal topic of discussion down town all day.

At the different hotels there was much talk but little betting, in fact, the betting is unusually light this year notwithstanding the great diversity of opinion regarding the probable outcome of the caucuses.

Merrimack Square, particularly the corner of Merrimack and Central street, was a hot bed of political discussions yesterday morning. For years past every fine Sunday, summer and winter, a small crowd of politicians, principally democrats, has congregated for the discussion of politics, their neighbors and other things and persons and they have been known as the "Mallet" club. The corner has steadily grown in popularity as a meeting place for Sunday discussion of politics, and Sunday after Sunday the crowd has grown in proportion. Yesterday, however, capped the climax, for at 10.30 o'clock, nearly every democratic politician of any importance in town, excepting Messrs. Pearson and Cummings, was in the square, and Charlie Gregg, patrolling his beat, made up his mind that there was something in the air to bring the clans together and he looked askance at the dozen or more groups. Over at O'Hearn & Dowd's Police Commissioner Brady, Hon. John E. Drury, and a few others were entertaining each other with tales of past campaigns. In the doorway of the Hildreth building James F. Owens, Joe O'Connor and a few more were figuring up Pearson's plurality. At Martin's corner Peter Conaton, Martin Courtney and friends concluded that Van Wyck is to be the Greater New York's first mayor. Near them another group discussed the Cummings-Pearson controversy, while about a dozen of the rank and file took up Ellingwood's corner and osculated the linen on the most prominent questions of the day.

Up at Worthen street the groups formed into pairs discussing troubles of their own, for Ward Two is deeply interested in her school board and council fight this year.

Not in many years have the democrats taken such interest in their mayoralty contest as at the present time.

HALLOWE'EN PARTY.

GIVEN BY THE CHRYSANTHEMUM CLUB.—AN ENJOYABLE EVENING.

The Chrysanthemum club held a very enjoyable Hallowe'en party at the home of Miss Etta Rourke, 511 Lawrence street, Saturday evening. A pleasing musical and literary program was rendered, under the direction of Miss Helen Graney and Miss Kittie Keefe. It consisted of vocal solos by Miss Ella Brennan, Ella Sharkey, Katie Lynch, Helen Graney, Messrs. James Carney and Joseph McElholm; cornet solo, Thomas H. Charles; recitations, Miss Ella Brennan, John Dwyer, John Keegan, Joseph McElholm and Thomas Quinn; selections by the Village Banjo club, Misses Ella Brennan, Etta Sharkey, Katie Lynch, Etta Rourke; piano solos, Misses Ella Brennan and Katie Shanahan. After the entertainment whist and Hallowe'en games were enjoyed until a late hour.

CHILDREN INJURED.

AT THE OLD BOSTON AND MAINE TURN TABLE.

The turn-table outside the old Boston & Maine round house, near the Concord river bridge is of late a favorite playground for children and has been the scene of several accidents within a few days.

Yesterday little Frank Breen had three of his toes crushed in this manner and it may be necessary to amputate one of them.

James Weare son of Foreman Weare of Kittredge's coal yard, also had a toe crushed in the same place yesterday.

John Slack, son of Letter-carrier Slack, was also injured there last Friday.

First class printing done at this office.

LECLAIR'S RESTAURANT.

Louis Leclair, having purchased the well known restaurant at 129 Middle street, has refurnished and fitted up the place and will make a specialty of 20 cent dinners and will serve meals at all hours, day and night. He will also furnish boarders 21 meals a week; for gents, $3.00 and ladies, $2.50; also a dinner ticket good for seven dinners for $1.25. Everything neat and clean and the best table service in the city for the money.

NEW LUMBER COMPANY.

Charles E. Howe, who has been with the Howe Lumber company for years, has severed his connection with that firm and has established a new lumber company, to be known as the Charles E. Howe Company, at 631 Dutton street. Telephone 364-2. See his ad. in this paper.

AN IMPREGNABLE TOMB.

Precautions Taken to Protect Pullman's Grave From Vandal Attacks.

The casket containing the body of the late George M. Pullman now lies in a mass of concrete 1½ feet thick on the bottom and at the sides and 8 feet on top, while bars of steel, placed above the casket, effectually protect it from vandal attacks.

Mr. Pullman's family desired that something be done to render the grave impregnable to attack, for vandalism was feared, particularly in view of the ill feeling engendered because of the great strike of 1894 and threats made against Mr. Pullman's life at that time.

The heavy lead lined mahogany box containing the casket was wrapped in tar paper, upon which was laid an inch coating of asphaltum, which will prevent the ingress of air, and, except in the case of some extraordinary disturbance, will preserve the body and the inclosing casket for ages.

The surface of the concrete floor was reheated, and the fresher substance was laid upon it, the masses coalescing and forming one homogeneous bulk. This incased the asphalted box in a stonelike mass to a level with its upper lid. The grave is a rectangular pit, 13 feet long, 9 feet wide and 8 feet deep, with a flooring of concrete strengthened and made solid by bands of expanded metal.

The men worked until the inclosing walls were half an inch above the asphaltum coating. Then eight heavy steel rails were laid transversely across the top of the box, their ends resting on the concrete walls. The rails were bolted together with iron rods, and then the work of walling in the grave was finished.—New York Herald.

WELL DRESSED BANDITS.

They Ride In a Rubber Tired Buggy. The Horses Have Rubber Shoes.

The settlement of Corlett Station, immediately south of Cleveland, is up in arms.

Residents have converted their homes into arsenals, and do not go abroad at night unless armed. The cause of their fear is three bandits, who dress stylishly and wear plug hats. This gang operates in a rubber tired buggy, drawn by horses shod with rubber shoes. The plan has been to ride up behind a pedestrian, catch him unawares, leap from the buggy, rob him quickly and ride off in the noiseless rig.

James Redmond, who lives on Windfall street, is one of the latest victims. He says he was unaware of the approach of the vehicle until it was almost on top of him. The men leaped from the buggy, throttled him and took what little money he had and drove off.

Several times shots have been fired at the bandits, but neither of them, so far as is known, has been wounded.—New York Sun.

The Line to Take.

It touches a spot no other tobacco can—its flavor is perfect—a line suiting all smokers or chewers.

B-L

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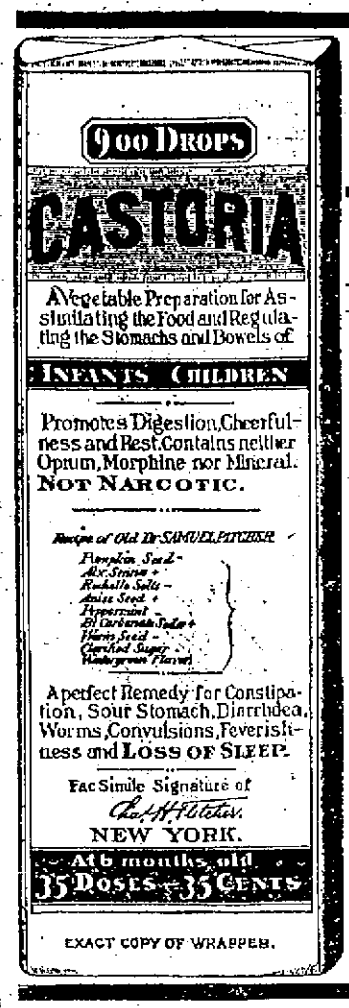


EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE

WRAPPER

OF EVERY

BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FAIRY SOAP

PURE—WHITE—FLOATING.

Nothing enters into the manufacture of Fairy Soap but the purest and best materials known to the soapmaker's art and that money can buy.

The Soap of the Century

Sold everywhere in one quality and three convenient sizes, for the toilet, bath and laundry.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

A VERY

Important Announcement

FROM OUR HOUSE

Will Appear in Wednesday's Papers

Watch for it. A startling reduction sale of our entire stock must be inaugurated at once. The sacrifice will be tremendous, but we must have money.

Watch Our Whole Page Advertisement in Wednesday's Papers.

It will tell an unprecedented bargain tale.

$50,000 is Needed

within the next two weeks, and a wholesale sacrifice of our stock is our only means of raising it. Watch Wednesday's papers for the price list. Over confidence in the future prospects of the country. The marvelous low prices and over estimate of the possible increase in fall trade, caused our buyers to buy freely in the months of August and September, and now we are overladed and must raise money. Watch the papers Wednesday. Dress Goods, Cloaks, Furs, Underwear, Hosiery, Blankets, Flannels, Gloves, Men's Furnishings, Ribbons, Handkerchiefs, Carpets, Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, Kitchen Furnishings, etc., at from 1-3 to 1-2 regular prices.

Watch the Lowell Bill Boards and Daily Papers for Further Particulars.

The world of competition will throw up their hands to our efforts this week. Such values were never offered, such prices never before quoted. We will do many things in bargain giving at this sale that will appear marvelous to competitors. Watch our ad. Wednesday.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

PLEASANT TO TAKE

DROPPED ON SUGAR.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT CURES COLDS CROUP COUGH COLIC CRAMPS

All who use it are amazed at its wonderful power and are loud in its praise ever after.

Every Mother should have it in the house for the many common ailments which will occur in every family as long as life has woes. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it. Do not forget the very important and useful fact, that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment cures every form of inflammation, Internal or External. It is a fact, proven by the investigations of medical science, that the real danger from disease is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Could a remedy have existed for over eighty years except for the fact that it does possess extraordinary merit for very many Family Ills? There is not a medicine in use today which has the confidence of the public to so great an extent as this wonderful Anodyne. It has stood upon its own intrinsic merit, while generation after generation have used it with entire satisfaction, and handed down to their children a knowledge of its worth, as a Universal Household Remedy, from infancy to good old age.

For Internal as much as External Use Our Book "Treatment for Diseases" Mailed Free. Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. Doctor's Signature and Directions on every bottle. Be not afraid to trust what time has endorsed. At all Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

CHARLES W. WHITMAN, For Representative 25th District.

STATE'S NAME YET IN DOUBT.

Public Men Disagree as to the Pronunciation of Missouri.

Since the Columbia (Mo.) public school board decreed that all pupils should in future pronounce the name of this state "Mizzoury," sounding the "y" at the end of the word, the members have been literally besieged with letters containing queries, protests, criticisms and words of commendation from all parts of Missouri.

Most of the letters agree with the board in its opinion and urge it to stand firm. Many of the most distinguished men in the state have been heard from, giving their opinions on the subject.

Senator George G. Vest says: "I have always thought the proper pronunciation of the name of our state to be 'Miscori.' This pronunciation obtained among the Indians and is given in the pronouncing gazetteer annexed to Webster's Unabridged Dictionary."

Governor Lon V. Stephens writes: "Let the old pronunciation stand, so that Missouri can hold properly to the abbreviation 'Mo.' That's good enough for me. It was good enough for our fathers. Under the newfangled arrangement it would have to be abbreviated 'My,' wouldn't it?"

Alexander Monroe Dockery of Gallatin, congressman from the Third district, says: "Up here in Grand river we pronounce it as though spelled 'Mizzoury.'"

Champ Clark of Bowling Green, congressman from the North district, says: "The name of this imperial commonwealth should, in my judgment, be pronounced 'Mizzoury' on the great principle that the majority should rule, and I think the majority of Missourians pronounce it that way. In this matter Missourians are supreme. Outsiders don't count."—Kansas City Times.

MRS. M'KINLEY'S CORN HAT.

Novel Millinery Design Added to the White House Museum.

Among the curiosities that Mrs. McKinley recently added to the White House museum is a hat made entirely of corn. The hat was sent to the president's wife from Atchison, Kan., where it has figured in the great corn carnival, which takes place annually in that city to celebrate the success of the season's yield.

The hat which has been sent to Mrs. McKinley was voted the most unique and dainty production of the corn festival. It was designed and made by Mrs. H. J. Cusack of Atchison. So tasteful and original have been Mrs. Cusack's productions in corn costumes that her delighted townspeople have dubbed her the "corn milliner of Kansas." The most peculiar feature of the corn hat is that the corn, having been treated by some special preparation, shines like ivory and makes a most attractive headdress. Worn at night, it would cause a sensation as one of the prettiest and most striking hats ever devised, and few would guess that the wonderful and costly looking head covering was made of corn husks.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Rewards For Arrest of Hog Thieves.

A most unusual offer is that made by Elder Joseph Ballou of Lincoln county, Ky. It is that he will pay $35 reward for the arrest of every negro hog thief in the county and $50 for the capture of every white man who can be convicted of the same offense. Mr. Ballou was asked why he made the difference in the amount offered for the two races for the same charge. He answered, "Because there is less necessity for a white man to steal than a negro, and it is therefore much meaner of the whites to be guilty of such a depredation." Mr. Ballou asked that the county papers announce that he was ready to pay the reward for the arrest of hog thieves, it matters not from whom the porkers may be taken.—Louisville Post.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S. S. "CANADA" (New,)
9000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:
Thur., Nov. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Dec. 9, 10 a. m.
This new twin screw steamer has magnificent accommodations for cabin passengers (equal to the best New York liners), and is the largest and fastest passenger vessel sailing from Boston. (No Live Stock Carried)
Saloon passage $60 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations), $42.50; round passage, $78.37. Steerage passage $25.50.
For passage, plans, etc, apply to local agents, Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell, or Gen. Passenger Agent, 103 State street, Boston, Mass.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

MAN WOULD LIKE A POSITION AS teamster or at general work. Apply at 210 Appleton street.

THREE GOOD PAINTERS WANTED AT Bode. 61 Central street, Room 22.

SIX CENT COTTON.

THE LOWEST PRICE KNOWN FOR FORTY YEARS.

Claimed That the Product Is More Than the World Can Consume—Some of the Causes That Are Responsible For the Present Price.

With spot cotton selling at 6.06 cents and October deliveries below 6 cents, the lowest price since March 1, 1895, comparing with 5.56 cents March 1 and in February of that year and in November, 1894, the lowest price ever known for 40 years, the condition of the cotton growers commands sympathy. On the face of things the speculative advance to an average of 8.01 for the entire month of August and 8.25 Aug. 30 has not benefited producers, for if the small deliveries in September commanded prices indicated by a daily average of 7.13 cents at New York the much heavier movement in October has commanded only 6.85 cents, according to the daily average thus far, with a prospect that the heavy deliveries of November and December may bring less than 6 cents here, as in 1894 and also in the first two months of 1895. It is easy to say that the planters have again raised too much cotton for their own good—more than the world can consume. That they have been systematically misled into producing too much by false reports of acreage and yield, for which they are also in part responsible, is well known. The government could not render a greater service to them than by securing absolutely trustworthy accounts of acreage and yield. But behind this difference there are others less often observed.

The fall of print cloths to the lowest price on record and the dull market for most other cotton goods of late are the natural consequences of a production in the last cotton year greatly exceeding the demand. Persistent statements from time to time that the stock of unsold goods had been greatly reduced contrast with the record published by The Financial Chronicle showing that actual consumption during the last cotton year reached 2,788,000 bales of 500 pounds, only 5,000 bales below the greatest consumption in any year, although the demand for goods was undeniably far below the maximum. This production of goods was 41.2 per cent greater than it was ten years ago in this country, which is far beyond the increase in population, so that even if full prosperity had existed the consumption of such a quantity of goods could not have been expected. Exports have indeed increased nearly 50 per cent in yards during the last ten years, but at the most this increase is less than a thirtieth of the product of goods and not an eighth of the increase in products. Every one knows the fact that most mills have been kept running as far as possible in order to hold together the working forces and in the hope that expansion of the demand would soon give relief.

But this is exactly what has happened in other countries. The population of the world outside the United States has not increased as much as 3 per cent in a decade, but British consumption of cotton in manufacture has increased 10.5 per cent during the last ten years, and continental consumption 23.8 per cent. If there was hope that the United States would provide a larger market for goods, it turned out that American increase in goods imported was not a fifth of the American increase in goods exported. This was insignificant compared with the fall of 377,000,000 yards in British exports to India, which might have been expected in view of the famine and the plague, and yet British consumption of cotton during the last year was within 11,000 bales of the largest ever known. The fact that India has nearly doubled its consumption in ten years, adding 151,000 bales, or nearly a seventh of British consumption, is not to be overlooked. With continental mills also adding 1,062,000 bales to their consumption in the same time, which is more than half the maximum of British consumption, it is not strange if unsold goods have accumulated and markets become clogged.

The great difficulty is illustrated in the rapid growth of cotton spinning at the south. There was not a lack of cotton goods in America for all demands ten years ago. Yet the southern consumption of cotton in manufacture has increased 160.5 per cent in that time, or 601,000 bales, and it inevitably follows that goods are forced upon the market beyond their needs, just as in outside markets by the competition between British and continental mills. Thus the great increase in cotton manufacture at the south, by depressing prices of goods within the last year to the lowest ever known, has helped to depress the price of cotton at the south. In the race for production of the cheapest possible goods by the cheapest labor the south has an advantage as to the coarser fabrics, which constitute nearly half of the entire production and almost the whole of the exports, while northern mills one after another find it best to seek other markets in the manufacture of finer cotton or other fabrics. It was to afford larger opportunities in that direction that duties on finer grades of cotton goods, on linens and some other fabrics were raised by the new tariff, and if these presently lessen the pressure in American markets of the cheaper cottons southern planters as well as southern manufacturers will find themselves benefited.—New York Tribune.

Fifty Dollars For Prayers.

Michael Kauffman, a wealthy retired Hebrew of Springfield, O., who died in Anderson, Ind., a few weeks ago, showed his eccentricities in his will, which has been probated. The first provision was that he bequeathed $50 to the Home For Infirm Jewish People at Cleveland, with the provision that they pray for him every morning for one year, and also pray on the anniversary of his wife's death. If accepted, the cash will be sent. The rest of his large estate was equally divided among his four children.

To Photograph the Eclipse.

An expedition to view and photograph the eclipse of the sun in India on Jan. 22 next recently sailed from Oakland, Cal., for Hongkong on the steamer Belgic. It will be headed by Professor Charles Burckhalter of the Chabot observatory of Oakland. Professor Burckhalter has an invention of his own which he expects to give the best results ever obtained in photographing the eclipsed sun.

University Without Students.

The Baptist university at Sioux Falls, S. D., from which the pupils all walked out a few days ago, is in a peculiar position. The trustees refuse to remove the president and the students refuse to return until this is accomplished. The parents of the students have investigated their complaint and approve of their action in walking out.

WOMAN WITH X RAY EYES.

Countess Wachmeister Says She Discovered Her In Washington.

Countess Wachmeister, who recently returned from a trip around the world, claims to have discovered a woman in Washington who possesses certain marvelous powers.

"She literally has X ray eyes," says the theosophic priestess. "She can look at a person and see every portion of his internal anatomy just as it is revealed by X ray photography, and if there is any diseased condition she can locate and describe it with great accuracy.

"There are several doctors in Washington who know this woman's faculty, and they employ her to find bullets when people have been wounded, and for all sorts of obscure diseases in which to see just how the internal organs look is the greatest value in determining treatment."

Countess Wachmeister says there is absolutely no doubt of the woman's ability to make X ray machines of her eyes, and that the possession of such gift has been claimed from time to time by adepts all over the world, though authentic cases of persons having this power are somewhat rare. It will not be difficult in this case to verify the power and watch its operations, because the woman herself is said to be highly intelligent, and several reputable physicians will vouch for the correctness of her observations.

"I remember meeting one other woman who possessed this power," said Countess Wachmeister. "That was in Geneva about 15 years ago. She located a disease from which I was suffering, and I often saw her describe physical conditions which would be verified by physicians when they had operated on the patients.

"X ray photography had not then been discovered, and I did not know what to call this strange gift, but the writings of famous occulists contain records of persons having this faculty and using it many centuries ago, though they did not describe it in just the terms we use now."—New York Journal.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

This Weather

Makes a fellow think of warmer underwear.

Good time to take advantage of our underwear sale and the great special bargains shown in our window at

50c.

O'Hearn & Dowd

31 to 39 Merrimack Street.

PIANO BUYERS
ARE FLOCKING TO
STEINERT'S
For Reliable Bargains, such as
"EMERSON" Piano, $125
KRANICH and BACH, $150
SEE OUR LINE.
Steinway & Sons, Gabler, Hardman, Braumuller and Pease.
W. STEINERT & SONS CO.
34 PRESCOTT STREET.

HER LIFE IN A HAREM

ADVENTURES OF AN AMERICAN GIRL IN EGYPT.

Miss Loudon Was a Governess For the Children of Hara Pasha—Some Very Strange Customs—The Husband Kats First and Then His Family.

Miss Maude Loudon of San Francisco, who recently passed through a thrilling experience, tells of her life in the harem of Hara Pasha of Egypt and of her own escape from it.

Miss Loudon was a teacher in San Francisco. Her health suffering from too much confinement, she retired by physician's advice and took a long sea voyage. She decided to visit her uncle, a physician, who had settled in Cairo, Egypt.

While Miss Loudon was in Cairo her uncle heard from one of his patients, a rich native, that he desired a European or American governess for his children.

Hara Pasha was very rich. He had 18 children, and, for a wonder, only one wife. He spoke French fluently, and it was thought that his household would be a pleasant one for her to spend a few months in, at 100 francs a month, with board and lodging. Hara Pasha lived at Maurich, a favorite suburb.

"My employer," says Miss Loudon, "was a man of 48, tall, pale and very dark. He wore the conventional dress of European gentlemen. Only the fez marked him as the oriental. In the afternoon that followed the morning of Hara Pasha's first visit he conducted me to his home. Beginning then and there to be one of the female members of his harem, I was not permitted to ride in the ordinary railway coaches, but was given a seat in a compartment set aside for women. My new abode was situated near the railroad and looked like a convent. A high gray wall surrounded the entire premises. The pasha took from his pocket a key, with which he unlocked a small iron bound door in the wall. This door separated me from the world beyond, for during the next six months I was not permitted to again cross that threshold.

"Hara Pasha went in search of his wife and children to introduce them to me. One after the other the members of his family made their appearance. With an exasperating clatter of her Chinese shoes the lady of the house entered the room. She at once informed me with great pride that she was the mother of eight sons. Not a word was said about the five girls who also owed their existence to her. Mme. Hara Pasha was petite and pale and rather sickly looking. She wore a long black gown, with wide sleeves. The day was warm, and this was the only garment that covered her body. She welcomed me in the Arabian tongue, first touching my hand and then her forehead.

"The children came finally, first the eldest daughter, a consumptive girl of 14. She was arrayed in a sky blue gown made like a long Mother Hubbard. On her head she wore a red turban, similar to the black one on her mother's head. The eldest son was 18. He attended a school conducted by Europeans, and was therefore dressed like our schoolboys and comparatively clean in his habits. The dresses of the smaller children were filthy, almost, full of holes, and their faces had not been touched by water that day. All were barefooted but an 8-year-old lad, whose feet wallowed in the immense slippers of his father.

"When the entire harem had been presented to me, Hara Pasha departed to eat his dinner alone in his own rooms. Only the oldest son was now and then permitted to share his father's meal. The dinner consisted of ten courses and at least an hour and a half was consumed by the master of the house in eating it. The two younger sons waited upon him, running back and forth between the kitchen and the dining room. When the pasha had finished, we sat down to eat. I shall never forget my first Arabian meal. We gathered around a long table, in the center of which was placed a steaming dish of mutton stew and rice. They permitted me to have a plate, a knife and a fork. The others held in their hands a large slice of the heavy, soggy Egyptian bread. Mme. Pasha dug with both hands down into the stew and brought forth pieces of meat, which she distributed among the children. When the children had finished what had been given to them, they fished around the dish with their own hands.

"When it was time to retire, Mme. Pasha conducted me to the children's bedroom. There were two beds—one for me, the other for the five smallest children, two girls and three boys. For the first time in my life I shuddered, when I became aware that the Arabians do not disrobe, but sleep in the garments they have worn all day. Imagine the surprise of those children when they saw me undress. They rushed at once to their mother to inform her of this fact. I heard her pacify them, telling them Europeans had different customs. A mosquito bar was thrown over each bed, and this was tucked under the mattress after retiring.

"I soon became accustomed to the new mode of living. I wore long, airy gowns, learned to squat on the floor and ate with appetite what was put before me. My duties were very light. Parents, as well as children, had little use for knowledge beyond learning to talk English and French. I don't know how long I might have remained in that harem but for an occurrence that drove me back to my relatives and thence to my native land.

"Hara Pasha, who was already attentive and polite to me, became extraordinarily amiable. His amiability grew so marked that his wife took exception to it and began to let me feel the sting of her jealousy. I feared for my life, for those who are familiar with harem practices know that Arabian women do not hesitate to remove their rivals by poison. The pasha sent his wife on a voyage to her parents. Soon after her departure he dispatched one of the servants to me and bade me come to his salon. Fearing the worst, I took one of the children with me, but he would not have it so, and immediately sent the little girl away. I resented his familiarity and declared to him emphatically that American women expected to be treated with courtesy.

"I left the salon indignantly and busied myself with the children. In the afternoon their father went as usual to Cairo. It was my opportunity for escape. I told the servants that the master of the house had ordered me to follow their mistress to her parents' home, packed my trunk and rode to Cairo in a donkey chaise. I went at once to the home of my uncle, who received me with open arms. In a few days the pasha sent me the salary still due me. About my sudden departure he never complained. My life in the Egyptian harem will always be the most remarkable and thrilling experience of my existence."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

WISHED HE MIGHT DIE

A Fall River Man That Did; He Now Rejoices to Live and Hails With Joy

The Wonderful Medicine That Cured Him.

James Leonard, 317 Fourth street, Fall River, says: "I have been troubled with catarrh since a small boy; in fact, all my life; I have employed many doctors and specialists and spent hundreds of dollars, but could seem to get very little relief. My nose was badly ulcerated in side and the dropping into my throat was something awful. Many times I have walked the floor with my head bandaged and wished I might die, the pain was so awful. My voice became so husky I could not speak distinctly and my throat was at all times very sore and badly irritated. I have used two bottles of California Catarrh Cure, got from Brady's, and already find myself much improved in every way. My voice is certainly much clearer and the ulcers in my head seem to be disappearing. The awful pain is gone. I consider California Catarrh Cure surely a wonderful medicine and am glad to give my testimonial that others suffering as I have may get relief from this terrible disease."

Catarrh in its fully developed forms is a hideous disease involving decay, filth and actual rottenness, with offensive odors in the very seat of the senses of taste and smell; firmly fixed there, it begins to attack the membrane lining the passages leading to the lungs or the stomach; resulting either in consumption, or what is often called dyspepsia. It is really catarrh of the stomach, intestines, liver, kidneys, and various internal passages California Catarrh Cure will cure all forms of catarrh and will even check incipient consumption. All dealers, 50 cents; three times as much, $1.

New Wheel Chain Protector.

In the heat of the chainless wheel discussion comes the announcement of a New York man's invention of a movable gear chain protector that the inventor claims will do away with all the objectionable features of chain attachments. The protector is in the form of a rubber band so fashioned as to be attachable to the chain of any machine and to completely inclose the chain except at those points where contact is necessary with the sprocket wheels. The rubber weighs but seven ounces and can be made up at a cost of about $2. Its advantage over ordinary gear cases is that the latter average nearly five pounds in weight. The inventor claims that his chain protector will be found on many of the standard chain wheels next year as an offset to the bevel gear devices of rival firms.—New York Herald.

A Rapid Horseshoer.

Adolph T. Adler of St. Louis, who holds the world's record as a maker of horseshoes, having made 100 shoes complete in 90 minutes, went to Paterson, N. J., the other day to shoe Vice President Hobart's favorite horse. Adler completed a neat job in ten minutes.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

NO HUMBUG HERE

Lowell Endorsement Is What Counts With Lowell Public.

You can't fool the public all the time.
They will find you out at last.
Every time a man is fooled
Another skeptic is made.
Many the remedy that makes the skeptic.
It fails to keep its promises.
Doan's Kidney Pills bring renewed faith.
They cure the skeptic.
Plenty of proof of this at home.
Lowell proof for Lowell people.
Our citizens say they cure backache.
Cure urinary disorders.
Cure sick kidneys.
Experience has taught them this is so.
Conviction for every sufferer.
In the testimony of neighbors and friends.
Read this case:

Mrs. Charles Slowey, 611 Market street, says: "My complaint began with backache, then soreness across the kidneys, followed by urinary trouble. Going up and down stairs was painful. The secretions from the kidneys became scant and pained in passage. Indigestion added its weight, and I was thoroughly depressed. I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills, and got them at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and I want to say now I have no more pains or urinary trouble. Going up and down stairs does not bother me, and the kidney secretions are natural. Doan's Kidney Pills did it and I now have a box in the house that we all take on the first intimation of any more backache."

Price 50 cents per box; for sale by all dealers, or mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

NEW MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Evenings with Wednesday Matinee, Nov. 1, 2, 3.
THE THRILLING MILITARY DRAMA,
BEFORE THE ENEMY
Special scenery, exciting events, pathos, comedy and specialty acts. A strong cast, including Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Paul.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday Evenings and Saturday Matinee, Nov. 4, 5, 6.
The Comedian,
JOE OTT,
In Franklyn Lee's Farce Comedy,
THE STAR GAZER
Under the Direction of Branch O'Brien.

LECLAIR'S RESTAURANT.
Old stand, 120 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Boarders by day or week. Our 20c. Dinners a specialty. Gent's board per week, $3.00; Ladies', $2.25 for 21 meals, also a special dinner ticket. 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Leclair's, 120 Middle Street, Cor. of Palmer Street.

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS

LADIES' AND MEN'S CLOTHING ON CREDIT.

Our terms are so liberal that everyone can afford to dress well, for you wear your clothes while paying for them.

MEN'S SUITS FROM $5 UP.
OVERCOATS FROM $6 UP.
MEN'S CUSTOM MADE SUITS $15 UP.

NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR CREDIT.

Empire Credit Clothing Co.,
Over 97 Central Street. Open Evenings.

CREDIT TO ALL!

FASHION AND ECONOMY

have joined hands at our stores this season. The most fastidious taste will find choice easy, and the most limited purse contains sufficient money to purchase the great values we offer.

LADIES' JACKETS

Strictly tailor-made in the latest styles, from all the desirable materials, and in the new shades, **$5.48 to $24.98.**

LADIES' CAPES

Handsome Kersey Capes, beautifully trimmed with soutache braid, 26 inches long, double box pleat in back, V-shaped collar, two straps across front, in blue and black, worth $10.50, our special price **$8.48.**

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Shoes and Hats, Cash or Credit.

New goods pouring in every day, secured and sold at remarkably low prices. No extra charge for the accommodation. No troublesome enquiries among friends or employees.

Caesar Misch
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

Today and Tomorrow
BARGAIN DAYS IN
FINE MILLINERY
AT
John Drain's, 111 Gorham St.

Our elegant line of Trimmed Hats all marked down. Hats worth $10.00, now $5.49; Hats worth $8.00, now $3.98; Hats worth $7.00, now $2.98, and an elegant line from $1.25 up. $1.25 Sailors and Turbans and shapes of all kinds, all must go at **49c.** Dont' overlook this, you can't afford to. Everybody says they never saw such bargains in Hats.

Flowers, Feathers AND Ribbons

almost given away. Fancy Striped Ribbons, **12c.**, worth 42c. One lot of elegant Black Feathers, 3 in a bunch, such as milliners ask $1.50 a bunch. Our price for this lot, **Only 50c. a Bunch.**

N. Y. Cloak & Suit Co.
12 JOHN STREET.
A Gigantic Purchase
2000 NEW GARMENTS.

JUST RECEIVED.—As the result of the extremely mild weather, business has suffered to a great extent. Last week we received notices from several New York manufacturers offering tempting inducements to cash buyers. We availed ourselves of the greatest money saving opportunity of the season, by which we can save you at least one quarter the price of your garment.

JACKETS.

One lot Black Beaver Jackets, strap trimming, star pointed collar, worth $6.75, for $3.50.

One lot Tan Covert Cloth Jackets, fly front, high collar, bound with braid, worth $7.50, for $4.50.

One lot of Black Boucle Jackets, lined throughout, with or without velvet collar, a big bargain, worth $10.75, for $6.75.

1200 new garments to select from. All at bargain prices.

CAPES.

One lot Boucle Capes, fancy lining, edged with Thibet fur, worth $6.75, for $3.95.

One lot Plush Capes, Empire back, jet trimmed and edged with fur, worth $8.50, for $5.15.

FURS.

Electric Seal Collarettes, worth $3.75, for $2.50.

Astrachan Fur Collarettes, worth $5.95, for $3.75.

Fancy Fox Collarette, worth $6.75, for $4.95.

30 inch Astrachan Capes, full sweep, worth $9.50, for $6.75.

33 inch China Lynx Capes, collar and edge of Astrachan, worth $12.50, for $8.75.

Electric Seal Jackets, whole skins, worth $22.50, for $17.50.

Astrachan Fur Jackets, whole skins, from $14.75 to $32.50.

Bargains in New Waists, 49c. to $4.98.

Bargains in New Skirts, $1.25 to $15.

Bargains in Mackintoshes.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.
SUN BUILDING,
Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

THE SUN IS
A Member of the Associated Press

FOR GOVERNOR,
George Fred Williams of Dedham

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
Christopher T. Callahan of Holyoke

FOR SENATOR, Seventh District,
Edward D. McVey of Lowell

FOR SENATOR, Sixth District,
Alvin Fisher of Westford

Mr. Cummings' friends by their indiscretions are continually compromising him in one way or another, to such an extent that he might well cry "Save me from my friends!"

The Board of Aldermen of this city recognizes the advantages of wide tires on wagons. This is not complimentary to Superintendent Fowler, because the wide tires are usually adopted as a means of getting over muddy streets without any danger of disappearing.

The railroad commissioners are forcing some companies to use vestibule cars in the winter on long routes. This is a step in the right direction, because the exposure which motormen and conductors have to endure in the winter time on the ordinary cars endangers their lives.

Mayor Quincy has been a great advocate of a single chamber in preference to a board of aldermen and common council in Boston. On Tuesday next the city will vote upon the question of adopting a single chamber system and will probably reject it. Its rejection would be a severe rebuke to Mayor Quincy.

The New York Central railroad officials are endeavoring to make it appear that the railroad disaster on the Hudson river was due to a dynamite explosion. The first theory advanced, however, was the more likely to be true—that is, that the undermining of a retaining wall caused the sinking of the track and resulted in the disaster.

VOTE FOR WILLIAMS.

In all the leading cities of the state Hon. George Fred Williams has discussed the issues of the campaign as laid down in the platform adopted at Worcester. There has not been a single republican to question him. Dr. Everett has made a feeble effort to discredit Mr. Williams, but he is regarded as the devotee of a lost cause, the champion of a coterie of bolters from the regular democratic ticket. Williams stands for bimetallism, the money of the constitution; he stands for the principles of true democracy which condemn trusts and monopolies, which preclude government by injunction, the tyranny of petty judges and guarantee the right of every man to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. The gold standard favored by republicans and their democratic allies is responsible for the hard times which distressed this country for the last four years. As gold appreciated in value; everything else depreciated except where kept up temporarily by special causes as wheat is now kept up by demand from abroad. This caused the falling markets which paralyzed trade and drove capital out of business into the coffers of the goldbugs. It, moreover, robbed the people who had borrowed money on time contracts, compelling them to pay the full amount in dollars about twice as valuable. Not the least deplorable effect of the gold standard is to make the United States a dependency of England, so far as finances are concerned. So far reaching are the evils of the gold standard that every friend of justice, of honesty, should be glad to have the privilege of entering his protest against its continuation by voting for Hon. George Fred Williams and the entire democratic ticket next Tuesday.

POLITICAL CONTEST.

Next Tuesday will decide many important political contests. In our own state the annual election will take place; but that will be so one-sided that there is little interest shown in the outcome. The all absorbing contest is that over the mayoralty of the Greater New York. The situation has been complicated by the death of Henry George and it is now apparent that Van Wyck will be the chief gainer by Mr. George's death. The nomination of Henry George, Jr., will not hold the George vote and the defection will go mainly to Van Wyck. It is believed that in case Platt sees his defeat in advance, he will throw votes enough to Van Wyck to elect him.

The death of George has cast a tragic element into the campaign and it is difficult to foretell what the outcome will be. The betting, if that indicates anything is chiefly in Van Wyck's favor and altogether it appears that Platt will be beaten in his effort to carry the election for the republican machine, notwithstanding the fact that he has had three million dollars at his command and 10,000 men canvassing every vote in the city in Tracy's favor.

Out in Ohio is another contest that attracts national attention. It is a movement to defeat Mr. Hanna in his candidacy for re-election to the United States senate. William J. Bryan has entered the field to oppose his candidacy and is following Hanna in a special car throughout the state. Bryan's speeches are listened to by vast multitudes of people and the enthusiasm is unbounded. Just at present it looks as if Hanna would be defeated and a democratic governor elected. This would be a sore defeat for the republican party, and if money can purchase Hanna's election it is safe to say that it will be furnished by the money kings of the country.

On November 2d, the great question of selling the property of the Union Pacific railroad will also be decided. If this sale takes place, it will result in plundering the United States government of $20,000,000. President McKinley and his attorney general will be held responsible for this conspiracy to rob the government because they could easily prevent it by having the sale postponed until congress meets. Mr. McKenna interposed a slight objection to the sale, but it is probable that it will go on, as originally arranged.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Boston Post—An honest man, unquestionably, aggressively honest, and having the courage of his faith, is lost to the world in the death of Henry George. He was strong with the people because the people believed in his sincerity; they trusted him even when they could not follow to the end his theories, for they knew him to be a true man, true to them and true to his conscience.

Henry George was in the best sense of the word a "brainy" man, vigorous, intelligent, energetic. He compelled respect by his strength of character and won devotion by his unselfish zeal for the general good. The death of such a man is a distinct loss to the country. It is a loss to humanity at large.

Lawrence Tribune—In the New York city campaign, the New York Tribune "founded by Horace Greeley," opposes Senator Platt's candidate, Tracy, and supports Seth Low. The New York Journal, the exponent of Bryan democracy, supports the Tammany ticket, occasionally says a kind word for Henry George, and is opposed to Croker, who dictated the nomination of the Tammany candidates. The New York Sun, long the opponent of stalwart democracy and at one time Platt's most caustic critic, is now unique among metropolitan papers for its defence of Platt and support of his ticket. The position of the New York papers indicates the complicated character of the campaign in the big city. The best estimate at present is that the fight will be anybody's until the votes are counted. A Citizen's Union candidate sententiously says the result depends on the silent vote, which he declares will speak. Such, it would appear, is a correct estimate of the situation.

Boston Herald—The Sun has been the advocate of Tammany Hall from the days of William M. Tweed downward, and the manner in which it is aiding it now is consonant with the Sun's favorite methods. The only hope of success for Tammany Hall this year was in dividing the republican party, and no paper began earlier in the effort to do this than did the New York Sun, or has since continued in it with more persistency. Tammany Hall, we may be sure, does not fail to appreciate this service.

Burlington Free Press—It is about time for T. C. Platt to ask "Is my halo on straight?"

Springfield Republican—The question now looming up in our relations with Spain is not what McKinley will do but what Congress will do. The President doubtless is well disposed to allow the new policy of the Sagasta cabinet to have a fair trial, but congress may make a bolt for "Cuba Libre" and war. Now if the president cannot control his own cabinet officers or his commissioner of patents in the New York election, can he hope to control Congress?

Boston Pilot—The political situation in Massachusetts is exasperating, but anybody who cares for the welfare of democracy cannot help wishing that the enemy would abduct, suppress or otherwise "shanghai" a few of the mugwumps whose conversion to democracy has been rather a source of embarrassment than a benefit to the old party of American principles, however profitable it may have been to the converts themselves. Perhaps this view of the case does injustice to some sincere converts; but the embarrassing fact remains that a State half democratic, and a city more than half democratic, are both liable to be ruled by the minority opposition. How do the "practical politicians," who "blanked" literary fellers explain the know so much more than the phenomonon.

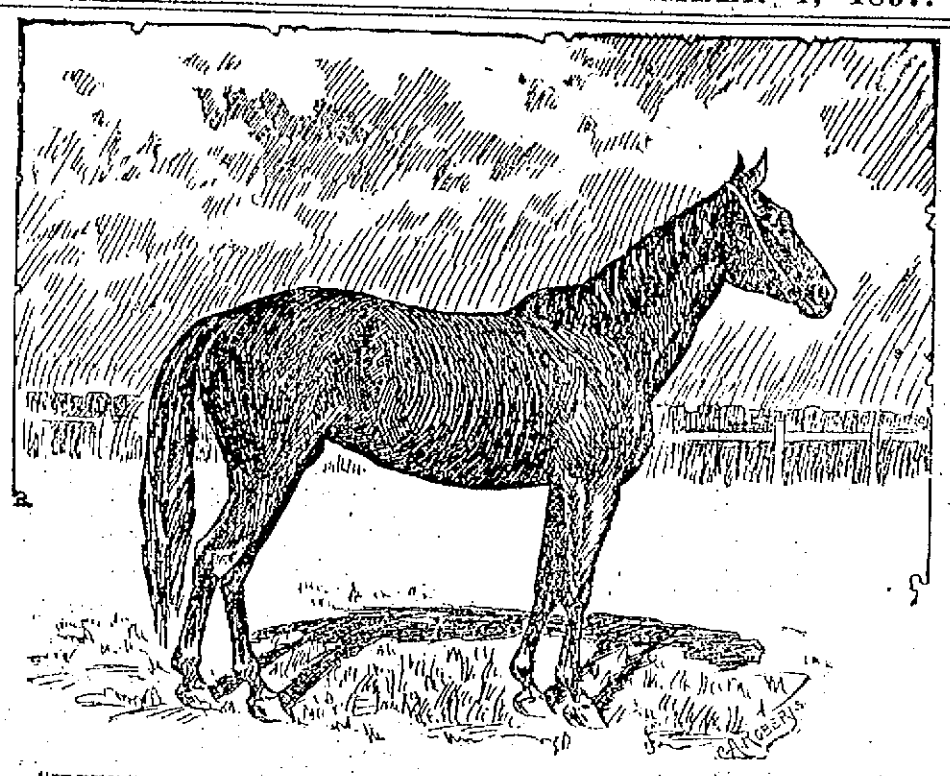
New York Journal—Somebody is circulating a list of names of candidates for office in this city who "do not believe in certain specified principles." These principles are that no supporter of an "ecclesiastical power not created and controlled by the American people should hold office, control education or be employed as teachers."

The meaning of this sneaking effort to stir up religious feeling and injure candidates by innuendo is plain, but it is a contemptible business. Candidates cannot be harmed by such cowardly tactics in the estimation of self-respecting citizens.

Citizen—If the democratic voters who next week are to choose between Messrs. Pearson and Cummings for the nomination for mayor, are not enlightened upon the merits of the candidates, it will not be the fault of the aspirants and their spell binding friends. Such a campaign as they are making is a novelty in Lowell.

First class job printing done at this office.

BETTER than cure is prevention. By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla you may keep well, with pure blood, strong nerves and a good APPETITE.



"IRENE," Lowell's fast bay mare, with a record of 2.19 1-2, made at Dover, N. H., this season. She is owned by Frank L. Richards of Lowell.

GEN. BLANCO AT HAVANA

The New Governor General of Cuba in Command.

Two Proclamations are Issued—Announcing the Beginning of a New Policy—The Fight to be Continued.

Havana, Nov. 1.—Sunday morning the Spanish cruiser Alphonse with Marshal Blanco, the new governor general of Cuba, on board, entered the harbor, and Lieutenant General Weyler, Marquis Ahumada, Admiral Navarro and other military and naval officers went in a special steamer to meet General Blanco. After a long and cordial conference Captain General Weyler yielded up his command.

CAPTAIN GENERAL BLANCO.

According to the official account, when Blanco landed he was "enthusiastically greeted" by the populace, which shouted "Long live Blanco." The vessels in the harbor and the streets were gaily decorated.

When Marshall Blanco arrived at the palace he was met by the civil and military authorities and by deputations representing the various political parties, and then proceeded to the hall of conference, where, in accordance with the ritual and ceremony customary on such occasions, he took the oath of fidelity to Spain. He then appeared upon the balcony and reviewed the troops.

Subsequently Marshal Blanco issued the following proclamation to the inhabitants of Cuba: "I am again among you, with good will and a desire to serve the general welfare and to establish a lasting peace. I shall follow a broad policy in my endeavor to restore fraternity among all of Cuba's inhabitants. I am sincere in my intention to inaugurate a new government policy, the object of which will be to secure and preserve peace. I hope you will all salute and embrace the Spanish flag, throwing aside all party prejudices and discarding alliances with those who are staining the country with blood. Clemency awaits all who observe the law; but, however regretable it may be, I shall rigorously fight those who obstinately or ungratefully continue to carry on war."

The following proclamation was issued by Marshal Blanco to the armed forces of the island: "I desire to express my admiration for you who, in two years of hard campaigning, have always bravely fought the infamous revolution. This I soon expect to suppress through your heroic efforts and with the concurrence of the whole country, which will unhesitatingly side with us to fight the victims of hallucination who aspire only to what must bring their complete destruction, to what offers, as the only compensation, treason to the history of their race or the sale of their country to the foreigner. Let there be war, therefore, on the stubborn enemies of the Spanish people and protection for those who seek the clemency of Spain; and let this war, which dishonors us and is making us penniless, end forever."

There is no reference to autonomy in either proclamation, and both have produced a bad effect upon the sympathizers with the insurgents. Marshal Blanco, when formally assuming his new functions, said to the deputations of the Conservative, Autonomist and Reformist parties that in order to obtain peace through the new policy it would be necessary for all political parties to unite. To the military deputations he said that he would answer war by war, repeating the substance of his proclamation in that respect. He made no overtures of autonomy, nor did he express any preference for any of the Cuban political parties.

Lieutenant General Weyler and Marshal Blanco exchanged farewells, and the steamer Montserrat sailed. She was escorted out of the harbor by numerous tugs laden with the friends of the departing general and the officers of his staff. An immense crowd witnessed the departure from the wharves. According to the official account, the people cheered for "Weyler, the pacificator."

PARAGRAPHS ON BASEBALL.

"Billy" Joyce is at the Hot Springs for the winter.

The All-Americans and Baltimores cleared $600 in Topeka.

Pitcher Gallagher of Newport is studying law.

Swartwood will be a member of Nick Young's corps of umpires in '98.

William H. Fox, who has played short stop for Holy Cross three seasons, has signed with Milwaukee.

Hamilton has a batting percentage of .378 for the last five seasons. Duffy's is .362 for the same period.

Upon his arrival home in Cedar Rapids, Ia., Pitcher Hoffer of the Baltimores was greeted by a company of friends and neighbors and presented with a silver service.

John Foster, for many seasons official scorer of the Cleveland club, remarks: "Probably we have seen the last of the Temple cup games, and once more the baseball writer can open the covers of his book of adages and resurrect and italicize with another long, black mark, that sterling proverb about the slaughter of the goose that laid the golden eggs."

In 98 games Tom Tucker accepted 567 chances, with an average of .982, says the Washington Post. Tom was handicapped by wild, and what Chris Von Der Ahe calls versatile, throwing. It is doubtful if any first baseman in the major league was handicapped by such erratic throwing as Tucker, though he managed to seize everything that came within arms' length.

We found the real find of the year in Calahan. There is the marvel. He is the only player in the league to get a record in no less than four positions. He pitched 23 games, he played in the field in 22, he covered second in 30, and he was at short in 18.—Sporting Life.

The manager of the Westfield, Mass., team wanted to win the championship of the Hampden-Hampshire league so badly that the association went $400 in debt in securing professional players from the big league for the closing games.

The veteran baseball writer, Mr. Chadwick, says: "In estimating victories and defeats pitched in, I judge the result, where two or more pitchers take part on one side, according to the runs scored off the pitching, as there are no data in the scores to show the runs earned off each pitcher. If a pitcher goes in and six runs or more are scored off his pitching in two innings, and only four off the one who succeeds him in the defeat, I charge the former with the defeat. The man is obliged to be mixed up any way under the existing faulty rules for scoring the pitcher's work."

The Western league has inaugurated a new departure in the score card privilege. It has engaged J. D. W. King of Chicago to handle the entire business for the league, which will divide the profits of the enterprise at the end of next season. Mr. King will be paid a salary of $2500, out of which he will pay his own expenses, for soliciting the advertisements in each of the eight cities in the circuit, and under his direction the cards will be printed and apportioned among the several clubs as they may desire.

The Greater Puritan

Greater in quantity
Greater in quality
Greater in the hearts of the people

10 cents—$1 a year—all newsstands, or of Frank A. Munsey, New York.

REPORT OF DEATHS.

FOR WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31.

20—Emma Paquin, 3 mos., gastro enteritis.
James Polson, 64, heart disease.
Arthur J. Hurd, 13, disease of heart.
Charles H. Wilso , 6 mos., brain disease.
Emelie Desrosiers, 5 mos., meningitis.
23—Theodosia Simmons, 83, cerebral hemorrhage.
Laurence J. Smith, 47, structural disease of brain.
Henrietta Julian, 6, diphtheria.
Harriet Sunderland, 3, marasmus.
J. Owen McPartland, 1 mo., general debility.
Wilfred Murphy, 3 days, debility.
24—Albert C. Bickford, 78, albuminaria.
James O. Atherton, 65, mitral stenosis.
Matthew Kearns, 52, cirrhosis of liver.
Patrick S. Mann, 1, congestion of lungs.
Cyrille Beauchemin, 17 days, general debility.
25—Eliza B. Fiske, 82, senile debility.
Catherine Bailey, 62, pneumonia.
Addie A. Williamson, 53, cancer.
John Gurrity, 45, apoplexy.
Timothy F. McCarty, 2 mos., marasmus.
Henry Lafliberty, 11 days., chol. infl.
Joseph D. Marchand, 8 days, bronchitis.
26—Myrtle E. Symonds, 35, phthisis.
George E. Seymour, 3 mos., inanition.
Lillian E. Bjorkman, 3 mos., convulsions.
27—Alexander W. Chisholm, 30, multiple fracture.
Henry J. Farrell, 1, convulsions.
Francis Flanagan, 12 hours., inanition.
William Beaulieu, 9, pneumonia.
Joseph J. Roy, 1, pneumonia.
Joseph Pare, 1, gastro enteritis.
Susan E. Colnan, 3 mos., enteritis.
Michael Scanlon, 1 mo., convulsions.
29—John Gately, 77, general debility.
Edward Donnelly, 32, sarcoma.
George Leahy, 1 mo., gastro enteritis.

—Girard P. Dadman,
City Clerk.

HALLOWE'EN PARTY.

The Hallowe'en festival at St. Paul's M. E. church Saturday night was a very enjoyable affair and attracted a large attendance.

The several tables were supervised as follows:

Refreshment—Misses Annie Stratton, Nora Dwyer, assisted by Millie and Gladys McMahon, Isabel Caddell, Alice Brown.

Chestnut stand—Albert and Grace Coburn.

Apple stand—Lillian and Florence Holgate.

Banberry Turnover—Made and sold by Miss Bertha Cleworth.

Candy stand—This was in the form of a big pumpkin filled with candy, Mrs. Charles Naylor in charge.

Pop Corn table—Annie Mosher.

A liberally applauded entertainment program was as follows: Piano solo, Kenneth Brown; songs, Blanche Martin, Florence Holgate, Grace Stratton, George Brindjohn; reading by Louise Naylor, Bertha Cleworth.

George and Martha Washington in costume, represented by Roy Richardson and Marion Savage. "George" carried his little hatchet.

First class printing done at this office.

A BOSTON MURDER

New York Woman Kills Paramour's Wife.

THREE FATAL SHOTS FIRED WITHOUT CAUSE.

Spent a Fortune in Reckless Living.

Boston, Nov. 1.—Mrs. Catherine Francis Murphy of Myrtle street was shot three times in the head Saturday afternoon by Nellie J. Peterkin of New York and died later from her injuries. The Peterkin woman was subsequently arrested and locked up on a charge of murder. She made a confession, claiming that the deed was the result of a quarrel. After a further investigation the police formed the opinion that jealousy was what prompted Mrs. Peterkin to commit the deed. The latter had been in this city about six years, coming from New York, and it is alleged that she formed an attachment for Murphy which, however, seems to have turned to hate because her love was not reciprocated.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30th.

LOWELL.

Thomas Quinlan to John J. O'Connell land with buildings on Kinsman street, $1.

Thomas C. Lee, trustee, to James E. Reville, lot of land in Highland street, $75.

Albert J. Ryan to Jennie S. Dunfey, lot of land in Fourth avenue, $1.

Almon A. Milliken to John N. Dunfey lot of land on Mt. Hope street, $335.

Samuel N. Harris to Ernest Sexsmith, land with buildings on Howard street, $1.

John B. Pilling to William A. Ingham, land with buildings on Schafer street, $1.

David L. Bradt to Jotham Goodell, land with buildings corner Pine and Wilder streets, $1.

Abba Smith et al., to Warren J. Gould, land in Middlesex Village, $1.

CHELMSFORD.

William E. Livingston to Patrick T. McMahon, lot of land at North Chelmsford, $1.

Azro H. Schoolcraft to Harriet Preston, lot of land at Orleans Park, $1.

Frank N. Hodges to Julia A. Green, et al., land with buildings at South Chelmsford, $1.

VESPERS DEFEAT THE LEXINGTONS.

The Vesper Country club golf team defeated the Lexingtons for the fourth time this season Saturday afternoon in a contest for the neighborhood cup. The visitors brought a good team, and its members played good, steady golf, some excellent scores being made by both clubs. The Vespers will probably hold the cup until next year, having won it a year ago this fall. The score:

Vesper—(Holes up) Thorpe 6, Chadwick 5, Perkins 0; Corwin 0, Bean 0, Connell 0; total, 11.

Lexington—(Holes up) Griffiths 0; Tyler 0, Page 2; Chase 1, Sewall 2, Lockwood 2; total, 7.

DEGREE WORK.

At Manchester Unity hall, in the Runels building, Saturday night, the work of the Purple degree was conferred on twenty Past Grand Masters of the Manchester Unity Odd Fellows. The principal officers in charge were as follows: District Provincial Grand Master J. P. Dane, Nashua; D. G. M., Geo. E. Tetley, Lawrence; G. Sec'y, J. W. Gregg, Lowell; Grand Warden, W. H. Woolhom; Grand Chaplain, John Dean, Lowell Past Grand Masters K. J. McKenzie and Geo. Emsley, Lowell; and other magnates from Lawrence, Boston, Nashua, Manchester, Maynard and Forge Village.

WEEKLY MORTALITY.

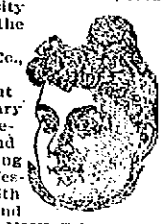
For the week ending October 30, 1897—Population, 87,000. Total deaths, 38; deaths under five, 20; infectious diseases, 1; acute lung diseases, 3; diphtheria, 1.

Death rate, 22.7 against 25.7 and 17.9 for the previous two weeks.

FAT A BURDEN.

Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and Salt Will Take it Off—Some Reduced a Pound a Day.

Mrs. James B. (Fanny) Donovan, of the Donovons' Irish Sketch Artists, took Dr. Edison's Obesity treatment with the best results:



Messrs. Loring & Co., New York City:

Gentlemen:—About the first of January my stoutness had become burdensome and unsightly and my being in the theatrical profession it interfered with my acting, singing and dancing. I had tried everything to reduce me but could get no relief. I began to use Dr. Edison's Pills and Salt, and at once commenced to reduce, until now I am down to my normal weight. That distressed, heavy and languid feeling is entirely gone, and I feel like a new woman. Shortness of breath, with which I was greatly troubled, has been completely cured. I can safely recommend the Pills and Salt as the only true and effective flesh reducers in the world. Yours truly,

FANNY DONOVAN
MRS. JAMES B. DONOVAN.

No "tonics," "nervines," "sarsaparillas," or other medicines required when these remedies are used. Our goods are sold by all first-class druggists.

THE HENRY MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 42 W. 22d Street, New York city, (Medical Department of Loring & Co.) is the largest and best appointed in the world. Its physicians are the most skilful and its appliances for the successful treatment of all diseases are the most complete and embrace every recent worthy invention for the benefit of suffering mankind. Electrical Sanitarium—Powerful and elaborate electrical apparatus for the reduction of obesity and the cure of nervous exhaustion and all chronic diseases of men and women. Dermatological department—Superfluous hair and facial blemishes removed. Special surgery. Free advice about any disease. Rupture cured.

One bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills costs only $1.50; one bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Salt costs only $1. Send mail orders to Loring & Co., general agents for the United States.

We send free "How To Cure Obesity."

LORING & CO., DEPT. 110.
No. 42 W. 22nd St., New York City.
No. 3 Hamilton Place, Boston, Mass.
Nos. 56-62 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

Infectious diseases reported—Typhoid fever, 6; scarlet fever, 6; diphtheria, 14; membraneous croup, 1; measles, 1.

BLUE PEOPLE BRIGHT.

The business man's friend, Bicola Pills, are a scientific remedy, and the only perfect cure for the diseases of the nervous system. A remedy adapted for the banker, doctor, lawyer, preacher, and merchant. While Bicola Pills are intended for all who are afflicted with nervous weakness, they are particularly adapted to women suffering from a weakened condition of the nervous system, with prostration, faintness, etc. Bicola Pills give immediate relief—for rheumatism, and all blood and nervous troubles. Discovered and perfected by THE TURNERS of Philadelphia. The Turners also make

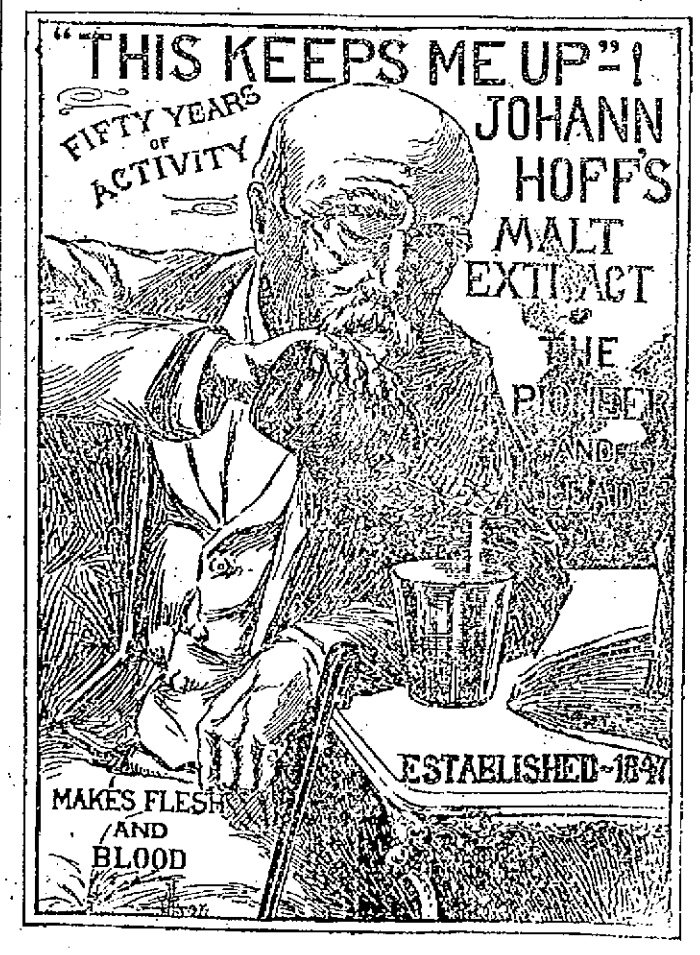
TARZINA—The only ointment for skin troubles. Cures Piles.
TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—A very small pill. Turns your liver.

SPECIAL AGENTS IN LOWELL.

F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., O. L. Field, F. C. Goodale, Delisle Beallieu & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shirley, Anders Thomassan, J. S. Westwood, George A. Willson & Co.

ALL KINDS OF
Lumber
Sold at wholesale and retail. Both large and small orders solicited.
Quick Delivery and Satisfactory Prices Guaranteed.

CHAS. E. HOWE & CO.
LUMBER DEALERS,
Office at L. C. Hall's Storehouse 631 Dutton Street.
Telephone No. 354-2.



APOSTLE OF EQUAL RIGHTS

Henry George Buried With Great Solemnity at New York Yesterday.

Thousands View the Remains—Dr. McGlynn Speaks of of the Dead as a Divine Messenger—Episcopal Service at Grave.

New York, Nov. 1.—The body of Henry George, author of "Progress and Poverty," and recent nominee of the Democracy of Thomas Jefferson for first mayor of greater New York, lay in state at the Grand Central palace Sunday and was viewed by tens of thousands of people. From 9 o'clock in the morning until 3 in the afternoon a steady stream of men, women and children poured in with reverent gaze and took a last look at the man who died while fighting for a cause in which he believed.

The immense throng was composed of representatives of all classes, of all shades of life, of all religious and nonreligious opinion. On every face was stamped the unmistakable sign of sincere regret, while hundreds of faces were drawn with suffering and pain. To thousands of those who passed by, Henry George was personally known, and it was these who lingered for a moment to gaze again on the face of the man they loved and honored. Many there were who were so affected that with an unshamed tear glistening they turned out of the line and pleaded with the guard of honor for still one more last look at the features of the fallen tribune. Nor were they disappointed, for the guard would place their arms about the mourning ones and tenderly lead them back to the plain black casket in which Henry George rested. The children, of whom there were hundreds, were raised aloft by the guards and held while they gazed at the features of a man whose funeral and whose memory they will remember and honor.

In the early light of day the body was moved in a plain hearse from the hotel to the palace unattended save by the guards of honor and four policemen. Behind the hearse came a single carriage containing Anna George, the youngest daughter, who insisted upon accompanying the body to the Grand Central palace. No persuasion could sway her from her purpose. Weeping bitterly, she stood at the head of the stairs at the hotel and begged to be permitted to go. She wished to arrange the flowers about the casket in which her father's remains reposed. Pleadings proving vain, she became importunate and refused to permit the body to be taken away unless she accompanied it. The other members of the family, their grief emphasized by the child's utter abandon of anguish, yielded, and Richard George, her brother, accompanied her to the palace. There with loving hands she arranged the flowers as she would have them, and permitted no one to lend the slightest aid.

The Body Lying In State.

It was 9 o'clock when the doors were opened and immediately several hundred who had been waiting without entered the hall with bared heads. They saw at the head of the hall an immense bower of floral tributes and in the center a plain, heavy, black, cloth-covered casket resting on a dais. Through the glass they saw the dead man reposing calmly, his pale features unruffled, as if in sleep, the left arm resting lightly on the breast, the other by the side. The remains were clad in black broadcloth, a turn-down collar and a plain black tie.

For the first half hour the throng filing up the hall in double file passed at the rate of 1500 an hour, but shortly the numbers swelled and grew until at one time 80 passed in one minute. At the rate of 5000 an hour the crowd passed until the churches emptied their audiences into the vast concourse which was wending its way down from Forty-sixth street to the palace, and which filled Forty-sixth street and Third avenue for many blocks. For the last two hours the crowd came in at the rate of 6000 an hour. This is the highest rate obtainable under such circumstances as these. Any greater celerity would have meant an undignified, irreverential rush. In this throng were a few celebrities. There were noticed Abram Cahan, author and socialist leader; Maurice J. Powers, John J. Maher and Allen Johnson, a brother of Tom Johnson. August Lewis, single taxer, wept bitterly as he passed by and tenderly laid a bunch of violets on the glass. A woman, who followed in the line about an hour later, laid as her tribute a modest bunch of pinks alongside the violets. At 3 o'clock or a few minutes before the line was stopped and those who could not get in were compelled to turn back and get out from the police lines. A careful estimate of the number who could not get in places it at 50,000.

Then came another throng—those who wished to hear the eminent divines deliver the oration over the remains. During the last hour the orchestra played Chopin's funeral march, Handel's largo and the "Lost Chord." Floral decorations were profuse. There was a mass of wreathed flowers from the Chicago Single Tax club. On the card accompanying the wreath was the following verse:

The friend of man.
O ye whose check the tear of pity stains
Draw near with pious reverence and attend.
Here lie the loving husband's dear remains,
The tender father and the generous friend;
The pitying heart that felt for human woe,
The dauntless heart that feared no human pride;
The friend of man, to vice alone a foe,
For e'en his failings leaned to virtue's side.

At the back of the platform, on a heavy crepe background, was a portrait of Henry George surrounded with American flags. At the front of the platform stood a bust of the fallen leader, modelled by his son, Richard. At the foot of the pedestal upon which the bronze rested were floral tributes.

It was estimated that nearly 6000 people were in the hall during the service. It had been announced that the exercises would begin at 3 o'clock, but owing to the difficulty experienced in reaching the hall, the mourners and the friends of the family did not arrive until about 20 minutes after that hour. The family and intimate friends occupied the reserved seats on the right and facing the platform. The reserved seats on the left were occupied by the pallbearers and the ushers. The pallbearers were: Tom L. Johnson, August Lewis, Andrew McLean, Thomas G. Shearman, Arthur McEwen, Louis F. Post, Jerome O'Neill and Charles Frederick Adams. The honorary pallbearers, some of whom sat on the platform, included Mayor Strong, Mayor Wurster, Willis J. Abbot, Albert J. Johnson, John P. Cranford, Charles W. Dayton, George C. Eggleston, Horace White, Edward McHugh, Bolton Hall, John Wilmer, Charles O. Hennessy, John Swinton, Lawson Purdy, John H. Girdner, A. Van Deusen, John R. Waters, M. R. Leverson, Frank Stephens and Robert Schalkenbach.

Mayor Strong sat at the center of the platform surrounded by a number of the more distinguished persons present. Behind the mayor sat Seth Low, with Colonel George F. Waring by his side. Among others present were John Jeroleman, Mayor Gleason of Long Island City, Austen G. Fox, Edward King, E. Grout, Nathan Straus, Joseph Laroeque, J. I. C. Clarke, Senator Guy, Sheriff Tamsen and Oscar Straus.

The exercises began with the singing of the hymn, "Lead Kindly Light," by the Plymouth church quartet. This hymn was selected by Mrs. George. The Rev. Dr. R. Heber Newton, who was Mr. George's warm friend as well as pastor, then read the burial services. Dr. Newton did not wear his priestly robes. The service therefore was in a way entirely informal, there being also no responses. It was, however, the regular burial service of the Episcopal church.

At the conclusion of the service the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott spoke briefly upon the character and public services of Henry George.

Rabbi Gotthell was the next speaker. He said: "Before the civic contest is decided in which this brave man staked his life, death has cast his irrevocable vote in favor of him and crowned him victor in the race for a crown that outshines and will outlast the transient triumphs of the coming battle. It is a race for a worthy manhood and a benefactor of his kind. Friend and foe stand side by side in reverent awe by his lifeless frame. In sealing up his lips forever, death opens those of myriads to speak his praise and manifest their gratitude to the man whose thoughts were ever for liberty, justice and humanity."

"A Man Sent From God."

After another hymn by the choir the Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn spoke. Prior to his address the vast assemblage had preserved a church-like quiet, but the ringing words of Dr. McGlynn soon evoked an outburst of applause which could not be repressed. Dr. McGlynn spoke with great feeling, but his evident grief at the loss of his old friend did not prevent the display of some characteristic flights of eloquence. "We stand upon ground that is made sacred by the remains of a man who was raised from among us by our Father in heaven to spread the messages of truth and righteousness and justice and peace to all," said Father McGlynn. "He died in a struggle for the cause of humanity and especially that of New York, but it was altogether too small for his broad mind and indomitable energy. The struggle in which he has always been engaged was for the rights of man and for justice to all.

"He was simply a seer, a prophet, a forerunner sent by God, and we can say in all reverence and in the words of the scriptures, when they said that 'there was a man sent from God whose name was John,' he was sent to bear witness of the light. I believe I am not guilty of any profanation of the sacred scriptures when I say there was a man sent from God, and his name was Henry George.

"Why is this vast gathering assembled here today? Why is it that vast multitudes have come here from early morn to gaze mournfully and lovingly on his face and to again contemplate the noble character of the man? It is because there was sent from God that man, Henry George, and that we should receive the message sent us by the great messenger of death and maintain the teachings of which he was the indomitable advocate. It would indeed be a pity that such a man should be elected mayor of New York. It would be a pity that he should be compelled to bear the petty crosses, the unending strife and the unceasing troubles of such a position. He has died as such a man as he should have died.

"His life is before the whole world," Father McGlynn concluded, "like an open book. Today he occupies far greater, far higher positions than the president of the United States or the mayor of the city of New York. When the names of mayors of New York and presidents of the United States will be called to memory by an allusion in history or a niche in one of the walls of the parliament of nations, the world will look back with reverence and with love upon the name of Henry George."

It was barely 7 o'clock when Begg's band commenced to play "Flee as a Bird to the Mountain," which was a most solemn dirge. When the strains had been heard at the end of the building there appeared six attendants to the undertaker, bearing upon their shoulders the casket containing the remains of the great writer. It took but a moment to ascend the steps leading to the top of the catafalque, which was about 12 feet from the ground. As soon as the casket had been placed on top it was fastened to prevent it from falling. The order to march was then given. Headed by the police, followed by the band and Colonel Waring on horseback, the procession moved. The horses of jet black were covered with black silk netting and were led by 16 grooms. The only emblem on the top of the casket was a white wreath. There was some disappointment in the small number of followers, and it was conservatively estimated that there were less than 2500 men in line.

When the open space in front of the hotels in Twenty-third and Twenty-fifth streets was reached there was a tremendous crowd. There were a number of old men here who seemed to be interested, for they stood with bare heads from the time the police appeared until nearly all the procession had passed. At Twenty-third street is a Van Wyck banner, but this had been drawn, and none of it could be read. When the south side of Union square was reached the band that had preceded the catafalque fell out of line and, taking a stand on the sidewalk, played a dirge while the remainder of the procession passed. It was 8 o'clock when the head of the procession rounded into Broadway again from Fourteenth street. Just as the procession reached Grace church the bells commenced to toll. This, it was noticed, was the only church that had paid this respect to the dead man. He was an Episcopalian. After the band had dropped out the police continued their march in advance, and the bridge was reached at 8:45 o'clock.

When the procession had passed the city hall the pallbearers took down the casket from the catafalque and placed it in a hearse. The hearse drove slowly by the line which still kept intact, but when it had passed the procession immediately broke up. Only the family, the pallbearers and a few intimate friends went with the body to the family home near Fort Hamilton. The casket was placed in the front parlor.

Brief and simple services were held this morning by Rev. Mr. George and Rev. Mr. Lattimer of Philadelphia, cousins of the deceased. Then the body was carried to Greenwood and interred in the family lot.

UNIFORM WEAVING SCHEDULE.

Providence, Nov. 1.—Representatives of the local branches of the Textile union employed in the mills at Olneyville, Wanskuck, Pascoag and other places in this state met Sunday to promote a general plan for securing the establishment in all of the worsted mills of the same schedule for weaving that is to be put in effect at the mills in Olneyville which are controlled by Charles Fletcher. When the meeting was over the union officials said nothing definite had been done, that only preliminary measures had been taken. It was stated that the Pascoag mills will be the base of operations in the next movement for the restoration of the 1893 schedule, the operators having decided to concentrate their efforts in one place at a time.

LOST HIS GOLD WATCH.

New York, Nov. 1.—Elmer G. Doolittle of Cheshire, Conn., was standing on Broadway watching a political parade pass when he felt a tug at his watch chain. He discovered that his $100 gold watch and chain were gone, and he followed a negro who had been standing near him. He had the negro arrested, but the watch and chain was not found on him. The prisoner described himself as Frank Heerst, 20 years old. Seven pawn tickets for ladies' gold watches were found in his possession. He was held for trial.

THE METROPOLIS.

New York, Nov. 1.—Two small boys named Carl Gerber and William Roth, while playing in Riverside park Saturday afternoon, came across some jimson weed in seed and swallowed several of the seeds. As a result Gerber died Sunday and his companion is very sick.

The dead body of a man, supposed from papers found in his his pockets to be A. Pollard of Paterson, N. J., was found in the Hudson river.

VERMONT HOTEL DAMAGED.

Newport, Vt., Nov. 1.—The L portion of the Lake house, and the barn, carriage, woodshed and granary adjoining were burned Sunday morning, with 10 tons of hay, 250 bushels of oats, many sets of harness and other articles. Part of the hotel furniture was gotten out, but the remainder was badly damaged. The total loss is about $5000, covered by insurance. After the fire was noticed it was impossible to stop the flames, but fortunately they worked away from the main building.

First class printing done at this office.

At Work Again.

A few applications of Salvation Oil will readily cure sprains and bruises, and heal cuts, burns and scalds. It is undoubtedly the best pain-cure on the market, and should be, ready for use, in every home in the land. Mr. Frank Stubenhaver 1337 Elm St., Dubuque, Iowa, states: "I used Salvation Oil on a sprained elbow, which threatened to prevent me from working, and after several thorough rubbings, I awoke the very next morning much relieved and able to go to work. Had I not used Salvation Oil I certainly would have lost a week's work, which would have amounted to many times the cost of a bottle of Oil. Everybody should keep Salvation Oil in the house." It is sold everywhere for only 25 cents.

it is what a cough may lead to that makes it so dangerous.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is a medicine that has long been tested in private practice. Sold by druggists generally.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE ELECTION OUTLOOK

Hon. George Fred Williams Has Made a Noble Fight.

New York State Thought to be Republican — Results in Maryland and Ohio Uncertain.

Boston, Nov. 1.—On the strength of a supposedly conservative canvass of the political situation in Massachusetts, more particularly on the vote expected to be polled for George Fred Williams for governor, The Herald says: "Reports from many of the principal cities and towns of the state as to the probable strength of George Fred Williams in the gubernatorial contest indicate anything but a bright outlook for the Dedham silverite. In Lawrence, it is true, there is a prospect that he will gain several hundred votes, and possibly wipe out the majority cast against him last year. In most places, however, the impression prevails that his vote will not reach the figures attained by him in 1890."

THE EMPIRE STATE.

Albany, Nov. 1.—Twenty-four hours before the practical closing of the campaign finds a condition as chaotic as has ever been apparent in the politics of New York state. This is due, not to any lack of well defined ideas of how the vote would run if state issues alone and the election of an assembly were the prevailing factors, but to the injection of some of the most bitter municipal contests that have ever prevailed in the cities of the state.

In greater New York, in Albany and in Rochester, in Syracuse and in Buffalo, the five greatest cities of the state, there will close campaigns upon local issues that have been notably bitter and even virulent. That these local affairs will have a bearing upon the vote for the only state office in controversy, the chief judgeship of the court of appeals, must be conceded, and that they will have a still greater bearing upon the assembly district contests is also apparent.

The indications are that while the contest for chief judgeship will be a spirited one, the chances are distinctly in favor of the election of the Republican candidate. The belief is general that the Republican vote in central and western New York, that has, for the past two or three years, been abnormally large, will be in some measure reduced, but there are no indications that it will fall below its own normality, which is to bring down to the Harlem river a plurality of 65,000 with which to meet any plurality which the Democrats below there can show. In the past two years the plurality below the Harlem has been a Republican one, and the best computations of Democrats now in that district of their expected plurality is 35,000; so that upon their basis of figures, unless a landslide occurs, the Republican candidate for appeals judge must be elected. The Democratic candidate has some advantages, however, in being placed twice upon the ticket and in newspaper endorsement, and these things may prove of greater aid than has been anticipated. It is, however, of advantage to remember that to elect a Democratic state officer after the tremendous Republican pluralities of the past three years would be an almost unprecedented event. In 1894 the Republican pulrality in the state was 155,000; '95 it was 90,000, and in '96, a presidential year, it was 187,000. If any of these tremendous pluralities is cut in half it will be a partial victory for the Democrats.

Within 30 years the Democrats have controlled the legislature but four times in its two branches, and in that time have elected by joint ballot but three United States senators, Kernan, who was carried in by the Tilden tidal wave, and Hill and Murphy, elected by the Democratic body that succeeded what was known as the Hill appointment. Throughout the state the Democrats have made strenuous efforts this fall to increase the number of Democratic members of the lower house, and it is evident that success will crown their efforts. Indeed, the Republican managers have at all times believed that this was not only possible, but highly probable, being naturally aware that last year's immense majority of 80 in the lower house was due to the national campaign.

The next assembly will, however, be still Republican by a very good margin, but the Democrats will accomplish one thing for which they are evidently striving, the reduction of the Republican majority to such an extent that in such reduction they may see hope of a Democratic house in 1899, when a successor to Senator Murphy is to be elected.

No contest in politics of a purely local nature has ever created such interest in the up-state counties as has the greater New York contest for mayor, and the death of one of the foremost candidates has but added to that interest. From carefully gathered opinions of the leaders outside of the confines of the municipality, where the contest is occurring, it is apparent that the general expectations are that Tammany will win and that Mr. Low and Mr. Tracy will have a fight for second place. These prognostications are based upon the theory that the normal Republican vote is very much more evenly divided among the candidates than is the Democratic vote, and the information comes from such reliable sources that it is hardly to be questioned.

BETTING ON OHIO.

Cincinnati, Nov. 1.—There have been many bets on the result of the election in Ohio. Odds were given on the Republican state ticket, but offers of even money on the legislature were not wanted. Odds were asked on the fusion ticket in Hamilton county, but the betting was mostly even. The betting fraternity are carefully reviewing the figures of former years as well as present conditions.

The Democrats elected James E. Campbell governor, with a full state ticket, in 1889, and secured a legislature that elected Calvin S. Brice senator. Then followed the large Republican pluralities by which McKinley was elected governor in 1891 and '93. In 1894 the Republican plurality was 137,086, the largest ever known in the state. Two years ago Governor Bushnell had a Republican plurality of 92,632, and the legislature that elected Senator Foraker had a majority on joint ballot of 80. Last year Ohio gave McKinley a plurality of 51,109 for president, and it is with this vote that the vote of Tuesday will be compared.

Last year the Republican pluralities were largely in the cities. Hamilton county gave a Republican plurality of nearly 20,000 and Cuyahoga county of over 15,000. Factional troubles at Cleveland and Cincinnati are expected to reduce these pluralities.

SENATOR GORMAN'S PROSPECTS.

Baltimore, Nov. 1.—The main interest in the Maryland election centers almost on the legislative contest. If the Democrats win Senator Gorman will doubtless be re-elected; in fact no one else has recently been mentioned for the place, while if the Republicans are victorious, there will probably be a sharp fight for the seat among a dozen aspirants, with the chances slightly in favor of the selection of Congressman Sydney E. Mudd of Charles county.

As to the outcome of the election it can only be said that the result is in great doubt, though both sides claim to be able to count enough votes in the legislature to secure a majority on joint ballot and to elect the senator. The Republicans have a slight advantage in that of the 13 "hold over" state senators, nine are Republicans. A large number of gold standard Democrats are opposing the re-election of Senator Gorman, in which they are joined by the Baltimore Sun and The Evening News, both of which have always been strongly Democratic until within the past two years. On the other hand The American, heretofore warmly Republican, is lukewarm in its support of the Republican candidates, and The Herald, which has hitherto been neutral in its position, has espoused the Gorman cause with considerable vigor.

SUICIDE IN PROVIDENCE.

Providence, Nov. 1.—The body of an unknown man, hanging from the limb of a tree in the woods near Smithfield avenue, a short distance from the railroad bridge, was found Sunday afternoon. It was clearly a case of suicide, and there was ample evidence about the spot where the man ended his life that he had been very determined in his purpose.

A gash in the throat showed that the first attempt at self-destruction was with a razor, and part of a suspender and some strong hemp twine on a sapling near by stood as evidence that there had been two attempts at hanging. The body was found by two men who were walking through the woods shortly after dinner.

The suicide appeared to be about 35 or 40 years of age, of medium build. He had on a canvas jacket, under which he wore a blue jumper, and his general appearance indicated that he had been employed as an outdoor laborer.

RECORDS IN STRENGTH TESTS.

Brunswick, Me., Nov. 1.—Edward R. Godfrey, a member of the class of '99, Bowdoin college, created a sensation by breaking all previous records in the strength tests taken according to the method originated by Dr. Dudley A. Sargent of Harvard. He not only broke all Bowdoin records, but surpassed those made by Harvard's best men.

Taking into consideration the time occupied in making the test, he has gone beyond the record of any other man in the world. In a very few minutes, without a stop for rest, he piled up a total strength of 1716.2 points; strength of lungs, 18; upper arms, 476.2; back, 312; legs, 717; forearms, 163.

HIS LEGS CUT OFF.

Worcester, Nov. 1.—J. H. Davidson of West Springfield, a brakeman on the Boston and Albany road, had both legs cut off by falling from a freight car in the yard in this city at 1 o'clock this morning and died at the hospital at 2:30. He came from Houlton, Me.

Everybody Says So.

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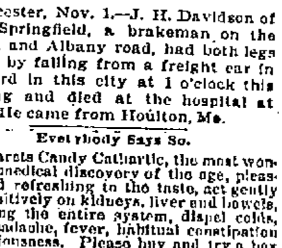
SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER



It will keep your chickens strong and healthy. It will make young pullets lay early. Worth its weight in gold for moulting hens, and prevents all diseases. It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs only a tenth of a cent a day. No other kind like it.

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Therefore, no matter what kind of food you use, mix with it daily Sheridan's Powder. Otherwise, your profit this fall and winter will be lost when the price for eggs is very high. It assures perfect assimilation of the food elements needed to produce health and form eggs. It is sold by druggists, grocers, feed dealers or by mail.

If you can't get it send to us. Ask first. One pack. 25 cts. five $1. Large 2-lb. can $1.20. Six cans Exp. paid. Sample of Best Poultry Paper sent free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

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They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

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Our stores are filled with shoes which we are selling at lower prices than any other store in Lowell.

Ladies' Shoe Dressing, 5c. per bottle.
Ladies' House Slippers, 25c.
Ladies' Serge Congress, 49c.
Children's Strap Slippers, sizes 5 to 8, 43c; sizes 9 to 11, 49c.
Children's Russet, spring Heel, sizes 5 to 8, 35c.
Children's Kid, no heel, sizes 3 to 6, 25c.
A Good Wearing Ladies' Shoe, three different styles, 98c.
A Splendid Bargain in Children's Shoes for 65c. and 75c.
An Excellent Wearing Shoe for Boys for 85c.
The Men's Shoes we sell for $1.00 are worth $1.50.

It will pay you to look in our windows if you are coming down street today. We are constantly putting in small lots of shoes which we sell below cost.

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Drop in and see the splendid stock we have for you to select from. We have all the desirable styles, and we are sure that we can sell them to you at satisfactory prices. It will cost you nothing to look and you may lose if you don't.

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VOTING IN GREATER NEW YORK.

All is Ready for the Casting of the Ballot on Tuesday—A Campaign of Intense Bitterness.

All Parties Claim that Victory is Within Sight—A Stirring Campaign Ends.

New York—The campaign has closed, and on Tuesday next Greater New York holds its first election. With a resident population of 2,985,422 and a registration of over half a million, this means the most gigantic municipal election in the history of the United States. Aside from its bitterness and the war of factions, in which the entire nation seems to have taken part, there are phases of it which, from a non-partisan point of view, certainly entitle it to international distinction. The victors will have patronage at their disposal almost as extensive as that of the President of the United States, allowing, of course, for a mass of subordinate officials appointed indirectly by the city's head. It will control the taxation of an immense area, for New York City real estate is assessed at $1,043,028,085, on a basis of 50% of its cost value. Brooklyn real estate is assessed at $540,808,340 on a basis of 70% of its cash value. New York is assessed $370,919,007 on personal estate and Brooklyn $23,627,440. But when one considers how much personal property escapes the assessor it is not a very extravagant statement to say that the actual value o. the Greater New York real estate is $6,000,000,000, while the personal property should double this sum.

There are more than 1,000 men running for office in this vast territory, including seven mayoralty candidates. The Republican party, Tammany Hall, the Democratic party, the Citizens' Union, the Prohibitionists, the Socialist Labor party and the No-tea-no-tiger party have each its candidate. There would be eight candidates but the Populists have endorsed Henry George. Each of these parties, too, has candidates for members of the Municipal Council, for members of the Board of Aldermen, for members of Assembly, for Justices of municipal district court and of the Supreme Court, for Comptroller, for Sheriffs in four counties, County Clerks in three counties, Registers in three counties, District Attorneys in three counties, Coroners in four counties, and borough Presidents in each of the five boroughs. There are twenty-nine Councilmen to be elected, including the President of the Council, and an average of seven candidates for each place. There are the same average number of candidates for the sixty-one Aldermanic berths and the fifty-nine Assembly jobs. There are seven candidates for Comptroller, about thirty candidates for Sheriff, County Clerk, Register, and District Attorney, about as many men running for Justices of the Supreme Court, and there are seventy or seventy-five men who are trying to get themselves elected Justices of the municipal district courts. There are some eighty candidates for Coroner in the greater city and about thirty-five candidates for borough President. Everybody who goes to the polls to vote in the borough of Manhattan will have eighteen men to vote for and about 150 names to select from. In some districts he will have more and in some less.

COST OF THE ELECTION.

The cost of this election for the Manhattan and Bronx boroughs is estimated by Mr. A. C. Allen, Chief Clerk of the Election Bureau, as about $420,000. In the same proportion the cost for Kings, Queens and Richmond boroughs will be about $350,000. The bureau cannot give the precise figures, as these are never exactly known until the bills are all in. This total of $770,000 does not include the pay of policemen at the polls, which is estimated at $48,000, making the aggregate $818,000. In Manhattan and the Bronx there are 883 polling places, the booths for which cost $50 each, or $44,150 all told. Eight officials at each poll cost in the aggregate for each poll $150, or $132,450 in all. The number of ballots printed for Manhattan and the Bronx will be 1,150,000, at a cost of $40,000. The newspaper advertising of election notices will cost $30,000; stationery, $15,000, cartage, repairs, etc., $10,000. After charges, such as advertising the official canvass, etc., largely swell the cost, making the estimate of $420,000 for old New York, and $818,000 for Greater New York, none too large. The average cost of an election in New York has not varied, for many years, from $1.25 to $1.50 for each actual vote cast. Upon this basis, at an estimated vote of 525,000, the official cost would range from $656,250 to $787,500. The largest number of candidates in any one district is 23, for the municipal, or 11th district. There are 5 regular and 4 independent tickets in the field, besides Patrick J. Gleason, independent candidate for mayor. If each of these parties exercises its legal right it will have two watchers and two challengers at each poll, but it is estimated that the actual number will be about 10 challengers and 10 watchers, or 82,000 in all, who, at $5 each, would cost $160,000, making the grand total of officials and unofficials cost $978,000. The number of ballots printed in entire Greater New York will be 2,000,000, which, placed in line, would reach over seven miles.

The army of men officially and unofficially employed will nearly equal the force Great Britain has massed for the quieting of its Indian frontier. In old New York the manning of the polls will call for 7,064 inspectors and clerks, and 1,766 policemen, or 8,830 in the aggregate. The watchers and challengers of the different parties will number 17,560, making the grand total for old New York 26,400. For Kings, Queens and Richmond 21,000 will be engaged, making for Greater New York what may be called a regular army of 47,400 men. The array of volunteers, it is estimated, will fully equal the regulars, and probably exceed their number, so that it is a moderate estimate that at least 100,000 men will be engaged in the great battle of Nov. 2.

COST TO THE COMMITTEES.

The cost of the election to the various parties who have placed candidates in nomination is hard to estimate. The greatest amount of money has undoubtedly been used by the Citizens' Union, whose ticket is headed with Seth Low. There are those who assert that the cost of halls, headquarters, speakers, literature, has fallen little short of half a million. In addition to this the cost of watchers at the polls must be estimated. There are sixty assembly districts in Greater New York and 1,600 election districts. This means 3,200 watchers, at a cost of no less than $5 a day, or a total of $16,000 for this one expense alone. Tammany will have spent very nearly as much to elect the ticket headed by Judge Van Wyck, and the Tracy managers concede that the election will cost them over a quarter of a million. The Henry George following got along with a great deal less, although the expenses to the Jeffersonians must figure up close to $100,000.

COMPARATIVE FIGURES.

Here are some figures for use election day in connection with the contest in Greater New York:

Manhattan and the Bronx—	
Registration of 1896	330,619
Vote of 1896—	
Republican	146,068
Democratic	141,452
Other parties	24,548
Total	312,668
Registration of 1897	324,690
Brooklyn—	
Registration of 1896	207,210
Vote of 1896—	
Republican	103,067
Democratic	80,285
Other parties	9,675
Total	193
Registration of 1897	203
Staten Island—	
Vote of 1896—	
Republican	5,840
Democratic	4,731
Other parties	717
Total	11,297
Registration of 1897	12,913
Queen's County—	
Vote of 1896—	
Republican	12,820
Democratic	9,730
Other parties	1,787
Total	24,337
Registration of 1897	27,021

THE SITUATION.

At last reports the results of the election in Greater New York are as much in doubt as at the beginning of the campaign. Nothing of a definite character seems to be known by any of the party leaders, and the claims are as extensive as the vote will be. All seems to hinge, to the view of the unprejudiced onlooker, on the vote of Brooklyn. That city has for many years been the greatest stronghold of independent voting in the United States. It 1880 it came within 8,267 votes of going for Garfield for President, while in 1882 the Democratic majority leaped to 37,409 for Cleveland over Folger for Governor. Between these two years it elected Seth Low, who had always been a Republican, to the mayoralty on a non-partisan platform, and a twelvemonth after giving the 37,409 Democratic plurality for Governor, it re-elected the Republican Low to the mayoralty, running again upon a non-partisan platform, by a plurality of 1,842. In more recent years Brooklyn gave 25,595 plurality for Cleveland in the presidential election of 1892, and in the mayoralty election of 18[illegible] gave 31,759 plurality to Schieren, a Republican who was committed to the principle of non-partisanship, about 30,000 out of 100,000 voters changing from one party to the other between one November and the next.

THE [illegible] POINT.

"Suppose," suggested the teacher, "that you take a piece of beefsteak and cut it into halves, then cut the halves into quarters, the quarters into eighths and the eighths into sixteenths, into what could the sixteenths be cut?"

"Hash," responded Tommy, whose mother kept a boarding house.

And the class in fractions was dismissed.

BALLAD OF YE [illegible]

I went [illegible] a summer resort [illegible]
And found that the price was th[illegible]
dollars a day.
I staid for a week, and of fun h[illegible]
my fill,
But forty-two dollars was asked i[illegible]
my bill.

"How's this?" I inquired of the
clerk. "Don't you see
My bill is just double the price [illegible]
should be?"
"My dear sir," he answered, "our
charges are right;
Three dollars a day doesn't count in
the night."
—New York Jou[illegible]

NOTES OF INTEREST.

[illegible] wealthy student at the University of Virginia has made a gift of a check for $10,000 to R. E. Lee, a mail carrier of Charlottesville. The gift is a token of friendship, and the check has been sent by a Charlottesville bank to a New York bank for collection.

Holland's Court of Appeals has decided in a case of assault by a young man who kissed an unwilling girl in the street of Utrecht that "to kiss a person cannot be an offense, as it is in the nature of a warm mark of sympathy," and dismissed the case.

Steel billiard balls made by a secret process, are being exhibited at the Scandinavian Exhibition. They are h[illegible], and, it is claimed, are equal in all respects to ordinary billiard balls.

T[illegible] wandering whistling buoy, which is screeching its way around the Atlantic Ocean, has been sighted again. The captain of the steamer Prins discovered the buoy, still whistling the same old tune. It broke loose from its moorings a year ago and has wandered about 5,000 miles since then.

An eagle that measured 9 feet 4 inches from wing tip to wing tip was killed at Holgate, O., a few days ago, just as it was carrying off the little son of Michael Moore. A hunter who came upon the bird as it was in the act of rising from the earth with the child in its talons, killed it and brought it back to town with him.

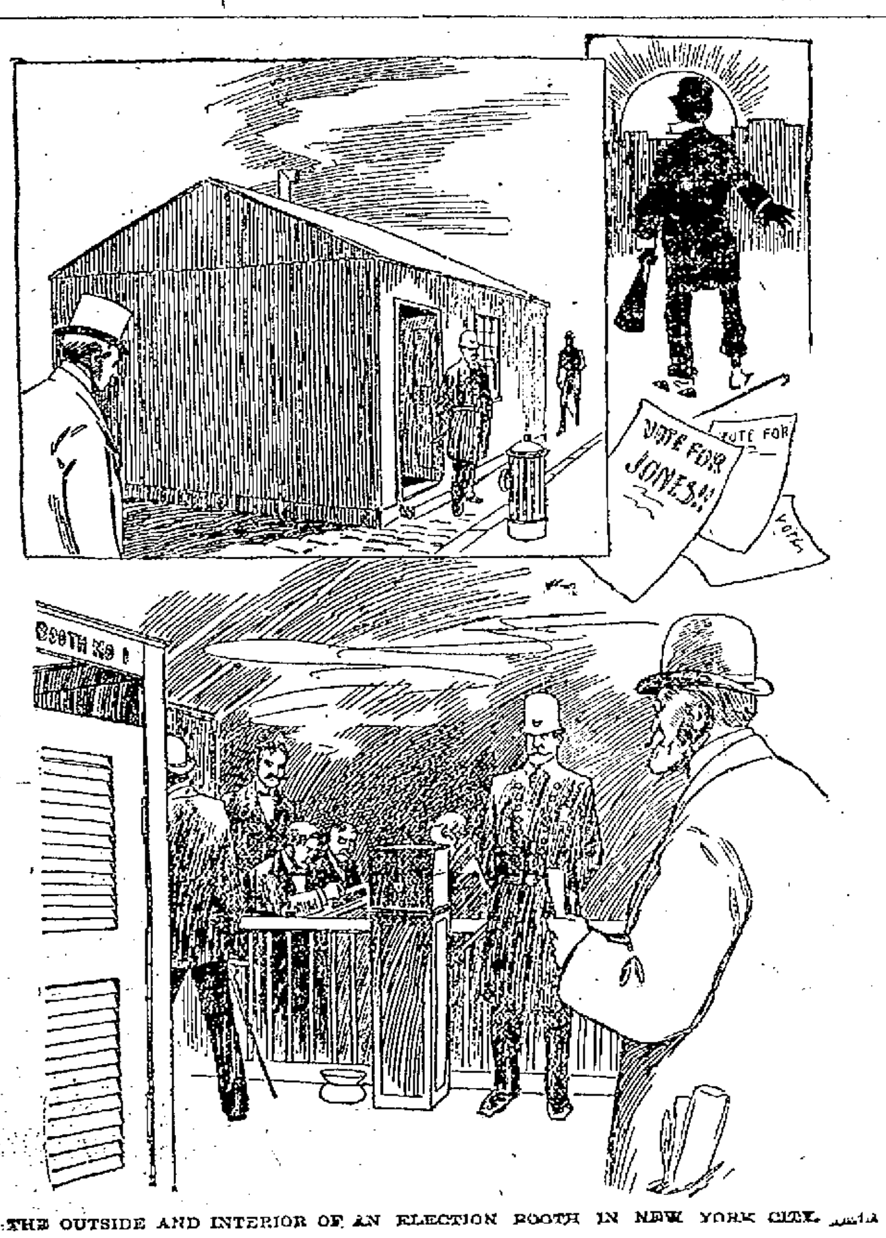
Th[illegible] "co-eds" of an Evanston college are going to startle the town by wearing the Salvation Army uniform, with coal-scuttle bonnet. The girls haven't joined the Salvationists. They are merely going to wear the uniform because they can't think of anything more sensational to do at the moment.

The smallest church in the world is located at St. Lawrence, in the Isle of Wight. The present dimensions are: Length, 30 feet; height to the eaves, 10 feet; and breadth, 12 feet.

THE ELECTIONS OF 1897

A NIGHT SCENE AFTER ELECTION IN NEW YORK.

A GROUP OF GUBERNATORIAL CANDIDATES.



THE OUTSIDE AND INTERIOR OF AN ELECTION BOOTH IN NEW YORK CITY.

COST OF NEW YORK'S ELECTION.

Many Millions Spent By the Various Parties and the Municipal Authorities.

The Elections Throughout the Country. A List of Candidates and Offices.

Ten states vote this year. They are Colorado, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Nebraska, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia. The gubernatorial elections take place in Iowa, Massachusetts, Ohio and Virginia. Colorado is voting for a Supreme Court Judge, with William Gabbert (Dem. and Pop.) and Charles D. Hoyt, (Rep. and Silver Rep.). Iowa is voting for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Supreme Court Judge, Railroad Commissioner, Superintendent of Instruction and School Commissioner. Its candidates for Governor are F. E. White, (Dem.-Pop.), John Cliggett (Gold Dem.), L. M. Shaw (Rep.), Chas. A. Lloyd (Middle-of-the-Road Pop.) and M. W. Atwood (Pro.). In Kentucky, Robert A. Green (Dem.), James R. Hindman (Gold Dem.) and James G. Bailey (Rep.) are fighting it out for the only office to be voted on, that of Clerk of the Court of Appeals. In Maryland, Phillips J. Goldsborough (Rep.) and Thomas A. Smith (Dem.) are contesting the office of State Controller. A Clerk of the Court of Appeals is also being elected. Massachusetts votes for the entire state ticket, and the governorship is being sought after by Roger Wolcott (Rep.), Geo. F. Williams (Dem.), Dr. William Everett (Nat'l. Dem.) and Prof. John Bascom (Pro.)

Nebraska votes for Supreme Court Judge and University regents. John J. Sullivan (Dem.-Pop.) contests the former office with Warren Swetzler (Gold Dem.), A. W. Post (Rep.), D. W. Strong (Pro.) and Mrs. Zura A. Wilson (Liberty Party Pro.).

William J. Wallace (Rep.) and A. B. Parker (Dem.) are seeking the office of Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals of New York state.

Ohio votes for the state ticket, and Asa S. Bushnell, the present Republican Governor, has opposed to him as candidates Julius Dexter (Gold Dem.), Jacob S. Coxey (Pop.), William Watkins (Socialist Labor) and Samuel Lewis (Negro Protection).

Pennsylvania votes for Auditor-General and State Treasurer. The former will be either L. G. McCauley (Rep.), M. E. Brown (Dem.) or W. W. Lathrop (Pro.).

J. Hope Tyler (Dem.) is contesting for Virginia's gubernatorial honors with Rev. L. R. Culler (Pro.) and Patrick H. McCaull (anti-machine Rep.). A Lieutenant-Governor and an Attorney-General are also being voted for.

States in which Legislatures will be voted for on Nov. 2:

Delaware—Assemblymen in Northern Delaware.
Iowa—Assembly and part of Senate.
Maryland—Senate and Assembly.
Massachusetts—Senate and Assembly.
New Jersey—Senate and Assembly.
New York—Assembly.
Ohio—Senate and Assembly.
Pennsylvania—Assembly in Northern Pennsylvania.
Virginia—Assembly and half of Senate.

The following States will elect new Legislatures Nov. 8:

Nevada—Senate and Assembly.
Washington—Senate and Assembly.

The Legislature of the state of Maryland will, in January, 1898, choose a successor to Arthur Pue Gorman (Dem.) for the United States Senate.

A United States Senator to succeed Senator Daniel will be chosen by the Legislature of Virginia.

The new Legislature of Ohio will elect a United States Senator to succeed Mark A. Hanna.

A VERITABLE KLONDYKE.

There is one place in the world where more gold is to be found than has so far come out of the Klondike. And, stranger still, in the same place there are more diamonds and other gems than the total output of the South African diamond fields. This spot, rich as the mythical wealth of Aladdin's palace, is the home of a childless old man, Pope Leo, whose feeble life is creeping daily to its imminent close.

It would be difficult to estimate precisely the total weighth of gold in the Vatican, but it is safe to say that there are at least thirty tons of it, worth in the neighborhood of $20,000,000 at the present market price of the unwrought metal. Of this huge amount of gold, there is probably not a single pound of the metal that remains in its virgin state. Nearly every ounce of it has passed through the hands of skilled artisans, who have worked it into countless forms, thus adding perhaps a third or a quarter more to its value. Nor does the alloy that is usually employed by the goldsmith to give a durable quality to objects made of the precious metal enter at all into the composition of the treasures of the Vatican, which, being almost entirely native offerings to the Sovereign Pontiff, are literally of solid gold.

The Vatican treasures may be practically considered as the personal estate of the Pope. He inherited many of them when he was elected to the Holy See. He is required to give an account of his stewardship at his pleasure. To a large proportion of these treasures his personal right is indisputable, for to him, Leo XIII., were presented at various times, and more particularly on the occasion of his jubilee in 1888, enough gifts of pure gold to ransom a kingdom.

The Pontificate of the present venerable Prelate has added inestimably to the treasures of the Vatican. Jan. 1, 1888, Leo recited the Mass in St. Peter's in Rome, in celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination as a priest. The preliminary ceremonies of his Golden Jubilee began about a week earlier, and continued for more than a month in the new year, during which time an exposition was opened in the vast Pontifical palace for the display of the presents that had been sent to the head of the Christian Church from every corner of the world.

Before the exposition was opened tons upon tons of gold poured into the Vatican, beginning early in December, of 1897, and continuing without intermission until after the exposition had been closed in March of the following year.

Adorer—I could gaze upon the heavenly blue of those lovely orbs forever, Elsie.

Adored—That's all right—then give me a cigarette, old boy.

"When a lady is said to be of 'a certain age,' how old is she?"
"She is certainly aged."

LABOR MATTERS

INSTALLMENT SLAVERY.

What a Committee of New York's Leading Reform Club Says About It.

At a recent meeting of the Social Reform club of New York the following report was read and the recommendations unanimously adopted:

Your committee appointed to investigate the matter of sales on the installment plan reports as follows:

It finds that it is a common practice among the poorer residents of this city to buy articles, such as furniture, watches and jewelry, upon the installment plan, and that the system frequently makes them suffer from their own ignorance and want of foresight. In the Fourth district court alone during the year 1896 a single firm secured an average of 34 judgments per month in such cases and another an average of 20 per month. The agent of a house in Allen street claimed that it took in $300 a week on installment accounts.

The contract of sale in such cases contains a clause which makes the object sold continue to be the property of the seller until the last installment is paid, and in this way the purchaser becomes liable for arrest and imprisonment for conversion if he fails to pay and declines or is unable to return the article. As the amount of the sale is frequently less than $5 and the purchaser usually altogether ignorant of the law and of the wording of the contract this right of execution against his body is a great injustice and affords an opportunity for gross oppression.

It is a well established fact that the price of most articles sold in this way is placed at an extravagant figure. Thus in furniture an advance of 25 per cent on the cash price is common.

Your committee is informed that some firms engaged in this business are very lenient with their customers during the first weeks or months of the arrangement, but toward the end insist on the payment of installments in full upon the very day. The object of this is to avoid taking back the goods until a large sum has been paid on account. Your committee has been told of cases in which the goods were taken back when $93 had been already paid on a $100 purchase, and where $48 had been paid on a $50 purchase, and $9.50 on a $10 purchase.

Your committee recommends: (1) That a bill be prepared and presented to the next legislature abolishing imprisonment in cases of sales on the installment plan for an amount not exceeding $50 and in cases of furniture or clothing to any amount; (2) that the public be warned of the danger of arrest which purchasers incur when they buy articles on the installment plan, and that their attention be called to the fact that they are always obliged in this way to pay an extravagant price; (3) that the public be also earnestly advised not to sign any installment contract without having its provisions first carefully explained and if necessary translated by a competent and trustworthy friend, so that the buyer may know precisely what obligations he assumes and what consequences may follow; (4) that with this end in view this report be printed as widely as possible in the public press. ERNEST H. CROSBY,

Chairman of the Committee.

Women in the Coal Strike.

In a letter written during the recent coal miners' strike by Emily Haas, who was by some newspapers called the Joan of Arc of the great strike, this significant paragraph appeared:

One thing I have noticed in this great struggle and I have also read of it in other strikes—that women make better strikers than men. If it was not for the women of Center, Clarksville and the other small villages around Plum Creek, many, if not nearly all, of the men would be back at work. The charge that the men force the women to march in order that the women will act as shields for the men is false. The truth of the matter is that the women cannot be kept out of participating in the strike. Instead of the men forcing the women into the early morning marches the women force the men. I can cite dozens of cases where if it had not been for the women pulling the men out of bed by force and making them go out on the march many of them would have lain there until all the black sheep had gone into the mines. I also know of cases where women have forced their husbands to stop work and join the strikers. Some of the women have threatened to leave their husbands if the latter did not assert their manhood. Women have more pride than men, and their sensibilities are finer. A woman does not want to be looked upon as the wife or sister of a black sheep who is trying to prevent his fellow men from bettering their condition.

A Progressive Club.

The following list of subjects discussed by the Social Reform club of New York before large audiences during the summer will give some idea of the breadth of plan and vigor of the club:

"Public Functions Exercised by Private Societies."

"Sanitary Problems of the City."

"Issues of the Municipal Campaign."

"Should Franchises Be Operated by the City?"

"University and College Settlements."

"The Potato Patch."

"Review of 'Equality' by Thaddeus B. Wakeman."

"The Debs Scheme."

"Vacation Schools."

"The Junior Republic Experiment."

"State Versus Private Universities."

"Political and Economical Effects of Trusts."

"Mayor Quincy's Advisory Committee."

The meetings this coming winter are bound to be largely attended, and the subjects to be treated will be of interest to every social reformer and laboring man in the country.

G. GROSVENOR DAWE,

Chairman Committee on Publicity.

DENVER'S DISGRACE.

Unfortunate Human Beings Work In Chains Upon Her Streets.

[Special Correspondence.]

The city of Denver has much to be proud of. Its beauty, healthfulness, enterprise, wealth and culture will compare with any city in the west. But I can sing its praises no more while so dark a blot as now stains it still exists. Denver has a custom, made lawful and respectable by the proper officials and in a proper manner, that would shame the savages of the south sea islands.

Humanity is preached here; philanthropists live here, and charity is practiced, but a slavery as degrading as was ever known in the south is put upon our unfortunate fellow men, and nobody expresses any appreciable amount of indignation over it; papers will not publish letters upon the subject, preachers are silent, and only a few "incendiary" cranks give voice to their resentment.

Every day on the streets may be seen the "chain gang." Men who have been guilty of nothing but homelessness are chained in pairs, a chain also preventing a full step, and are set to work cleaning the streets under a watchful taskmaster.

In the morning early the police go out with the "hurry up" wagon and gather up the "vagabonds"—men who have had to sleep out of doors—and these, with the "disorderlies" of the night before, make up the working force of the day. Young boys whose mothers have kissed them goodby not long ago are chained to old, hardened men; laborers out of work who have loving children waiting somewhere in the world for "papa," old men who have behind them long lives of toil and struggle, are bound ignominiously together and thrust out under blazing sun and the scornful gaze of the public to do the work for nothing that other men receive pay for.

I was told that when these men refuse to work they are starved until they submit. They are men who are looking for work, who had worked and have had homes and loved ones and whom society has forced into tramping homelessness. Sometimes they are so fresh from comfortable respectability that they cannot look up, and their faces burn with shame. They are what your brother and mine may be any day, or are today, through no fault but misfortune.

I have admired Denver's clean streets, but I admire them no longer. The citizens pay high taxes, and free men might do the work and receive good wages for it. But that somebody may receive something for nothing a little faster our fellow men are pounced upon in the moment of their helplessness, committed to slavery for the time being in this inhuman manner.

I know not how many other cities countenance the custom, but I have seen this in Denver, and I hold the city up to shame before the justice loving people of the United States. And if other cities are likewise guilty let them meet their share of the scorn of the humane citizens of America. L.

Denver.

Judge Tuley on Injunctions.

Murray F. Tuley, chief justice of the appellate court of Chicago, opposes the use of writs of injunction to settle labor disputes. He writes as follows to the Chicago Times-Herald:

"When courts undertake to settle labor disputes by the use of the writ of injunction, they are acting without jurisdiction. To use the writ of injunction to disperse or prevent an unlawful assemblage or to patrol a public highway with armed deputy marshals is a usurpation of power by the courts. When 'labor disputes' endanger the public peace or render the destruction of property imminent, no good citizen can object to the executive branch of the government using its 'iron hand' to prevent either, but no amount of legal quibbling will satisfy the people that the writs of injunction of the federal courts in the coal strike have not been issued and used for the purposes and object above stated.

"The courts, in so using the writ, are usurping power and functions devolved by both federal and state constitutions upon the executive branch of the governments. Such use of writs of injunction by the courts is judicial tyranny which endangers not only the right of trial by jury, but all the rights and liberties of the citizens. I venture the prediction that unless this usurpation of power by the courts is promptly checked we shall within a few years see elections—and a presidential one, perhaps—carried by a court's writ of injunction, backed by armed 'deputies' or federal soldiers. If congress has the power, it should promptly put an end to 'government by injunction' by defining and limiting the power of the federal courts in the use of the writ."

Rumblings.

Said the Rev. Dr. Harcourt of Philadelphia in a recent sermon:

"Strikes and labor troubles are but the rumbling of a distant storm. The working people have feelings. They have a voice in making our laws and shaping our government. We cannot safely ignore them.

"Right forever on the scaffold,
Wrong forever on the throne;
But the scaffold sways the future,
And within the dim unknown
Standeth God, behind the shadow,
Keeping watch above his own."

Government Ownership.

The two leading planks of the platform adopted by the Illinois Federation of Labor at Bloomington embrace the following propositions:

"First.—The government ownership of all railroads, mines, telegraphs and telephones.

"Second.—The municipal ownership and control of all the public conveniences which become a necessity by reason of the centralization of population—namely, street railroads, waterworks, gas and electric light plants."

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You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure.

IF YOU HAVE

taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary

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WHEN YOU MOST NEED 'EM.

In December, when most everybody is supplied for the winter, come the many announcements of "Mark Downs," "Unprecedented Bargains," and the like in millinery. Now at the season's height, when most purchases are being made, we offer on Friday, Saturday and Monday, Oct. 22, 23 and 25 a special exhibition of genuine bargains in Trimmed Hats and Bonnets. Many prices being reduced far lower than we have ever known it a so called Clearance Sale.

Come and compare our prices, which are always way below those of other stores.

Head & Shaw

The People's Popular Milliners,

169 Merrimack St.

Never Before

Have we been able to offer Men's Shoes for

$2.00 A. PAIR

That had the style or service these Shoes possess.

1 lot of Little Gent's wear resistin Shoes, wedge heel,

75C. A PAIR.

1 lot of Ladies' Kid, button or lace, in medium and wide toes.

$1.50 A PAIR.

J. J. Lonergan

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A GOOD

PIANO

MUST HAVE

Strengh,
Even Scale,
Musical Tone,
Durability.

Besides these qualities, our Pianos have another—that of low price.

Easy terms to suit the purchaser. Call and see for yourself. Orders for tuning and repairing.

ESTEY

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ALLAN LINE.

New York and Glasgow.

Via Londonderry.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, Oct. 1, 8 a. m
MONGOLIAN, Oct. 15, 2 p. m

RATES OF PASSAGE:

Cabin, $45.00. Second Cabin, $35.00, Steerage, $23.50.

Clasgow and Boston

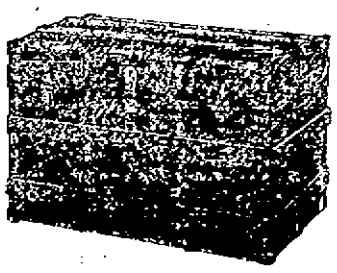
Via Londonderry and Galway.

Second Cabin, $32.50, Steerage, $25.50.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to

H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St, Lowell.



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(Old Wooden Building.) All orders promptly attended to and work delivered to all parts of the city.

P. F. DEVINE Prop.

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Will collect mail and supply postage stamps to all houses supplied with the new

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These boxes cost no more than one year's rent for a box in the post office and will last a lifetime. For further information apply to

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216 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

Who are the sole agents in Lowell for the authorized

U. S. POSTAL BOX

The only box from which collections will be made by letter carriers.

THERE ARE MANY

Who will wait until the last moment, but our advice is to have your Sleighs seen to now.

The worn out parts renewed, lost bolts replaced, in fact made as sound as a nut. And then with a fresh coat of paint and varnish you will be well pleased if the work is done right. Our work is quite right and gives perfect satisfaction.

The SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY

KITSON BUILDING.

IF YOU WANT A CASE

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Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

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Meats and Provisions.
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The Law Requires

That you be clothed, but the law is silent as to the quality of your clothes, or where to go for them.

If you consulted us on the "quality" and "where to go" part of it, we should very likely recommend our $16 Tailor Made Suit.

It is a very nobby affair of fine material, and the law could not wish you better dressed than in that Suit, nor would your own sense of "just the thing."

Overcoats to order, $15, $16, $18 and $20.

E. B. BRADY & CO.

TAILORS,

42 CENTRAL STREET.

The DAYLIGHT Incandescent Gas Lamp

will save you one-half your gas and give three times the light. The DAYLIGHT Mantles will last three times as long as any other on the market. Try them.

I have for sale Chimneys (glass or mica) that will fit lamp in use.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

SOLE AGENT,

23 P. O. Ave. beside new P. O.

Telephone 567-3.

Save $100 on a Piano

Buy the manufacturer's and save the dealers' profits. Five leading makes. Square Pianos, $10 and upwards; uprights, $150 and upwards. We lead on low prices and easy terms.

Doll Piano Co.,

Associate Building, 323 Merrimack Street

SAMUEL ORR, Manager.

Lowell High Grade

FERTILIZERS

Lowest in Price,
Highest in Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

79-83 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

It is not what you EARN,
But what you SAVE
That makes you RICH.

Save regularly on a definite plan, and deposit in the

WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK

273 Central and 4 Corham,

LOWELL, MASS.

PIANOS If you are thinking of buying a Piano call on

Joseph J. Johnson,

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Agent for the McPhail and other first class pianos. Lowest prices. Easy terms.

LESTER'S SCHOOL OF

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT

Runels' Building.—Ninth season.

Opening Reception, Saturday, Oct 2.

Adult classes every Thursday and Saturday evenings, 7.30 to 10.30. Children's class, Saturday, Oct. 23, 2.30. Terms: 10 lessons, $3.00; 3 lessons, $1.00; private lessons at residence, 50c., at hall, $1.00. Office at residence, 26 Read street corner Fourth.

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Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN ST.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION 614-4.

Calls, night or day, promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

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Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

DERBY & MORSE

ELECTRICIANS.

72 MIDDLE STREET.

You Have Struck the Right Place

When you have found

PETER WATSON'S

Celebrated Bakeries

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at

52 TO 60 CHARLES STREET AND 465 LAWRENCE STREET.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

CLOTHING ON CREDIT.

Men's Suits and Overcoats, Boys' Clothing Ladies' Garments, Silk Waists, Skirts, Capes, etc., on credit and rebate the difference if you can buy lower elsewhere, even for cash. Come and open an account with us today. CENTRAL SUPPLY CO., 117 Merrimack St., Room 1, over Moir Bros., open every evening.

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keep everything in the electrical line. There are none in the city that do better work and their prices are as reasonable as many others for a cheaper grade of work.

J. H. COSTELLO, CARPENTER and JOBBER

120 LAWRENCE STREET.

All order promptly attended to.

CATELY & PEARSON,

SOLICITORS OF PATENTS

Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.

44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

Land Sale

In Pawtucketville

In the New District

Will be at the corner of Moody street and Fourth avenue every afternoon.

WM. H. EMERY.

Photolibrary Paste

IN TUBES.

FOR MOUNTING

PHOTOGRAPHS, ENGRAVINGS, ETC.

The labelling of Books, Magazines, etc., attaching slips to scrapbooks. White in color quick in action, of great adhesive force, and will not discolor the object to which it is applied.

Just the Thing for Home Use.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63-67 Market Street.

The Lowell

Gas Light Co.

Office, 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; S. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

WITH THE DISCOUNT OFF FOR PROMPT PAYMENT IS

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

FIRST CLASS COOKING STOVES SET UP AND RENTED AT A LOW RATE PER YEAR, PIPING INCLUDED. COKE, BROKEN, SCREENED, AND DELIVERED, AT $4.50 PER CHALDRON; $2.25 PER HALF CHALDRON, CASH.

NO CHARGE MADE FOR THE USE OF METERS.

NO CHARGE MADE FOR RUNNING SUPPLY PIPES FROM STREET MAINS TO CONSUMER'S CELLAR.

ORDERS WHEN LEFT AT OFFICE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Why Not

See Our Line of

Sewing Machines

BEFORE BUYING?

20 different makes to select from. Prices from $15 up.

All Machines sold direct from our store. No canvassers or commission men to support, which saves you $10.

It will pay you to call.

RING'S Big Store

Sewing Machines and Bicycles.

Nos. 221-231 Dutton St.

Closed Tuesday Election Day.

"A Word to the Wise," Etc.

Choice Goods. Prompt Delivery. JOHN M. PEVEY, 55 57 MIDDLE ST. Tel. 452-3.

LARGE, ELEGANT

Boarding and Lodging House

on one of the main streets for sale or will exchange for a cottage in city.

DONOVAN & MANSUR,

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central street

Lowell, Mass. Telephone 406-4.

New! New!

California Raisins.
Currants and Citron.
Sweet and Boiled Cider.

Now is the time for your Mince Meat.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers

415 MIDDLESEX STREET.

28 THORNDIKE STREET

Tel 144-4 Wamesit Bank Block

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Pecke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P.O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PECKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.

WANT COLUMN.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW that we are first class carpenters at 162 Merrimack street. John W. Kinnan, carpenter and general jobber. All orders promptly attended to.

TO LET—A FOUR-ROOM TENEMENT, 79 Chestnut street.

TO LET—A NICE LARGE BASEMENT, well lighted, can be used for setting of brilliant printing rooms. Apply at Legault & Co., One Price Jewelers, 70 Central street.

LADIES—CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—600 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 377 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

ROOMS TO LET—IN THE SUN BUILDING Inquire at Sun office.

I CAN'T SLEEP—CONFOUND THE BUGS. You can if you use Koonce's Sure Death to Bugs. For sale at Dowe's, Central street, and A. Moore's, Gorham street, pharmacists.

MENTHOL CREAM SHAMPOO IS USED in all the leading hair dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes Dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine, and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—ONE MILE FROM LOWELL, good house and barn, large henery, one acre of land. Price $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WAGONS—OWING TO LACK OF STORAGE I am obliged to sell at any price the following wagons: viz—1 high grade democrat, 1 first class grocers wagon, 1 very fine top square wagon, 1 extra second hand square wagon. 6 Robins St.

FOR SALE—NEAR MIDDLESEX STREET, eight room house and barn, 5000 feet of land. Price $1700. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, clean and quiet, 117 Merrimack street.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON—URBAN HALL and 8 small halls to let for parties and socials by the day, week or month at reasonable rates. Apply Room 1, Urban block.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK AT A hotel. Can speak French or English and furnish the best of references. Address T., Sun Office.

TO LET—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM in Belvidere, five minutes walk from Merrimack square. References required. Apply at Sun office.

FOR SALE—NEAR WASHINGTON STREET, good cottage house of seven rooms, large lot of land and fruit. Price $1050. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO BUY their Clothing on credit. Custom made and ready to wear. Empire Clothing Co., Over 97 Central St. Open evenings.

BACHELLORS WILL FIND NICE FURnished sunny rooms, well appointed, at 145 Cross street, Mrs. Nawn.

FOR SALE—IN PAWTUCKETVILLE, GOOD cottage house in first-class repair, large lot of land. Price $1050. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LOST—ON MIDDLESEX STREET, A BUNdle containing a pair of trousers and a shirt. Return to J. L. Chalifoux's store and receive reward.

LADIES, MY MONTHLY REGULATOR has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in 24 to 6 days without fail, no pain; no danger; no interference with work; price, $2.00; by mail or at office; consultation free; all letters truthfully answered. DR. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—GOOD BOARDING AND LODGing house good location. Price $300. G. L Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LOST—A BROWN WATER SPANIEL DOG. Finder will be rewarded by returning it to 105 Salem street.

WANTED—A MAN WHO IS WILLING TO learn a paying business. Steady work. Good pay. No canvassing. 40 Middlesex street, room 16.

FOR SALE—GOOD FARM OF EIGHTY acres, good set of building, some fruit, with 4 cows, 30 hens, 20 tons of hay, 2 wagons and all the farming tools. Seven miles from Lowell. Price $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LOST—BETWEEN ROBINSON STREET and Hosford Square, pocketbook containing sum of money and receipt with Lizzie M. Young's name. Return to 15 Robinson street and receive reward.

WANTED—AT ONCE, LADY AND MEN canvassers. Something new. Salary and commission. Empire Clothing Co., Over 97 Central street.

WANTED—A SMALL HOUSE, ABOUT 1500 lbs. One that has life in him and not expensive. For further particulars address X. Z., Sun office.

THE NEW ENGLAND INTRODUCTION Club. A reliable medium for introducing respectable parties, socially or matrimonially. Confined. If interested send 10 cents to Box 184, L., Dover, N. H.

AGENTS WANTED—LADIES OR GENTS at 121 Fletcher street, for best household article on earth.

WANTED—A POSITION AT GENERAL housework and an experienced house girl. Please apply to Miss Annie Sullivan, 20 Wood street, Middlesex Village.

LOST—A BULL TERRIER RED AND WHITE pup, about four months old. Reward at 15 Willie street.

LOST—A BUFF COLORED BULL TERRIER dog, white on breast. Weighs about 50 pounds. Reward at police station.

LADIES TO ADDRESS ENVELOPES, CIRculars and write for us at home. Reply with self-addressed stamped envelope. Peerless Co., South Bend, Indiana.

$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid 2½ story hip-roof house of 8 rooms, pantry and bath rooms, with tub, marble wash bowls, &c., maple floors in kitchen, dining room, pantry and bath room, hot and cold water. Piazza and balcony, nice lot of land, high and dry, very slightly, near cars and schools. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, No. 29 A, Hildreth Building, (Old Post Office.)

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor will make his $23 Suits for $15, his $28 Suits for $20, his $30 Suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St

DO YOU WANT

A FINE

H. F. Miller Piano $70

FOR

With Stool, Cover and Book

If so call at once at 101 Westford street. It is the place where High Grade Pianos are always sold at a low figure.

W. F. TRUMBELL

R. J. MOWER,

PRACTICAL

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

285 Central Street.

That Mountain Rock Junket

has nothing to do with our new fall stock of Diamonds, Watches, Clocks and Silverware and it will not keep us from paying particular attention as usual to watch repairing.

J. D. GRANT, Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler, 64 MERRIMACK ST.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST.

VOTING IN GREATER NEW YORK.

All is Ready for the Casting of the Ballot on Tuesday—A Campaign of Intense Bitterness.

All Parties Claim that Victory is Within Sight—A Stirring Campaign Ends.

New York—The campaign has closed, and on Tuesday next Greater New York holds its first election. With a resident population of 2,985,422 and a registration of over half a million, this means the most gigantic municipal election in the history of the United States. Aside from its bitterness and the war of factions, in which the entire nation seems to have taken part, there are phases of it which, from a non-partisan point of view, certainly entitle it to international distinction. The victors will have patronage at their disposal almost as extensive as that of the President of the United States, allowing, of course, for a mass of subordinate officials appointed indirectly by the city's head. It will control the taxation of an immense area, for New York City real estate is assessed at $1,046,028,685, on a basis of 50% of its cost value. Brooklyn real estate is assessed at $540,808,340 on a basis of 70% of its cash value. New York is assessed $370,019,007 on personal estate and Brooklyn $23,627,446. But when one considers how much personal property escapes the assessor it is not a very extravagant statement to say that the actual value o. the Greater New York real estate is $5,000,000,000, while the personal property should double this sum.

There are more than 1,000 men running for office in this vast territory, including seven mayoralty candidates. The Republican party, Tammany Hall, the Democratic party, the Citizens' Union, the Prohibitionists, the Socialist Labor party and the No-tea-no-tiger party have each its candidate. There would be eight candidates but the Populists have endorsed Henry George. Each of these parties, too, has candidates for members of the Municipal Council, for members of the Board of Aldermen, for members of Assembly, for Justices of municipal district courts and of the Supreme Court, for Comptroller, for Sheriffs in four counties, County Clerks in three counties, Registers in three counties, District Attorneys in three counties, Coroners in four counties, and borough Presidents in each of the five boroughs. There are twenty-nine Councilmen to be elected, including the President of the Council, and an average of seven candidates for each place. There are the same average number of candidates for the sixty-one Aldermanic berths and the fifty-nine Assembly jobs. There are seven candidates for Comptroller, about thirty candidates for Sheriff, County Clerk, Register, and District Attorney, about as many men running for Justices of the Supreme Court, and there are seventy or seventy-five men who are trying to get themselves elected Justices of the municipal district courts. There are some eighty candidates for Coroner in the greater city and about thirty-five candidates for borough President. Everybody who goes to the polls to vote in the borough of Manhattan will have eighteen men to vote for and about 150 names to select from. In some districts he will have more and in some less.

COST OF THE ELECTION.

The cost of this election for the Manhattan and Bronx boroughs is estimated by Mr. A. C. Allen, Chief Clerk of the Election Bureau, as about $420,000. In the same proportion the cost for Kings, Queens and Richmond boroughs will be about $350,000. The bureau cannot give the precise figures, as these are never exactly known until the bills are all in. This total of $770,000 does not include the pay of policemen at the polls, which is estimated at $48,000, making the aggregate $818,000. In Manhattan and the Bronx there are 883 polling places, the booths for which cost $50 each, or $44,150 all told. Eight officials at each poll cost in the aggregate for each poll $150, or $132,450 in all. The number of ballots printed for Manhattan and the Bronx will be 1,150,000, at a cost of $40,000. The newspaper advertising of election notices will cost $30,000; stationery, $15,000, cartage, repairs, etc., $10,000. After charges, such as advertising the official canvass, etc., largely swell the cost making the estimate of $420,000 for old New York, and $818,000 for Greater New York, none too large. The average cost of an election in New York has not varied, for many years, from $1.25 to $1.50 for each actual vote cast. Upon this basis, at an estimated vote of 525,000, the official cost would range from $650,250 to $787,500. The largest number of candidates in any one district is 23, for the municipal, or 11th district. There are 5 regular and 4 independent tickets in the field, besides Patrick J. Gleason, independent candidate for mayor. If each of these parties exercises its legal right it will have two watchers and two challengers at each poll, but it is estimated that the actual number will be about 10 challengers and 10 watchers, or 32,000 in all, who, at $5 each, would cost $160,000, making the grand total of officials and unofficials' cost $978,000. The number of ballots printed in entire Greater New York will be 2,000,000, which, placed in line, would reach over seven miles.

The army of men officially and unofficially employed will nearly equal the force Great Britain has massed for the quieting of its Indian frontier. In old New York the manning of the polls will call for 7,064 inspectors and clerks, and 1,766 policemen, or 8,830 in the aggregate. The watchers and challengers of the different parties will number 17,660, making the grand total for old New York 26,490. For Kings, Queens and Richmond 21,000 will be engaged, making for Greater New York what may be called a regular army of 47,490 men. The array of volunteers, it is estimated, will fully equal the regulars, and probably exceed their number, so that it is a moderate estimate that at least 100,000 men will be engaged in the great battle of Nov. 2.

COST TO THE COMMITTEES.

The cost of the election to the various parties who have placed candidates in nomination is hard to estimate. The greatest amount of money has undoubtedly been used by the Citizens' Union, whose ticket is headed with Seth Low. There are those who assert that the cost of halls, headquarters, speakers, literature, has fallen little short of half a million. In addition to this the cost of watchers at the polls must be estimated. There are sixty assembly districts in Greater New York and 1,600 election districts. This means 3,200 watchers, at a cost of no less than $5 a day, or a total of $16,000 for this one expense alone. Tammany will have spent very nearly as much to elect the ticket headed by Judge Van Wyck, and the Tracy managers concede that the election will cost them over a quarter of a million. The Henry George following got along with a great deal less, although the expenses to the Jeffersonians must figure up close to $100,000.

COMPARATIVE FIGURES.

Here are some figures for use election day in connection with the contest in Greater New York:

Manhattan and the Bronx—	
Registration of 1896	330,619
Vote of 1896—	
Republican	146,663
Democratic	141,452
Other parties	24,548
Total	312,663
Registration of 1897	324,690
Brooklyn—	
Registration of 1896	207,216
Vote of 1896—	
Republican	103,067
Democratic	80,285
Other parties	9,676
Total	103
Registration of 1897	203
Staten Island—	
Vote of 1896—	
Republican	5,849
Democratic	4,731
Other parties	717
Total	11,297
Registration of 1897	12,913
Queen's County—	
Vote of 1896—	
Republican	12,820
Democratic	9,730
Other parties	1,787
Total	24,337
Registration of 1897	27,024

THE SITUATION.

At last reports the results of the election in Greater New York are as much in doubt as at the beginning of the campaign. Nothing of a definite character seems to be known by any of the party leaders, and the claims are as extensive as the vote will be. All seems to hinge, to the view of the unprejudiced onlooker, on the vote of Brooklyn. That city has for many years been the greatest stronghold of independent voting in the United States. It 1880 it came within 8,267 votes of going for Garfield for President, while in 1882 the Democratic majority leaped to 37,400 for Cleveland over Folger for Governor. Between these two years it elected Seth Low, who had always been a Republican, to the mayoralty on a non-partisan platform, and a twelvemonth after giving the 37,400 Democratic plurality for Governor, it re-elected the Republican Low to the mayoralty, running again upon a non-partisan platform, by a plurality of 1,842. In more recent years Brooklyn gave 25,505 plurality for Cleveland in the presidential election of 1892, and in the mayoralty election of 18[illegible] gave 31,759 plurality to Schieren, a Republican who was committed to the principle of non-partisanship, about 30,000 out of 160,000 voters changing from one party to the other between one November and the next.

THE VANISHING POINT.

"Suppose," suggested the teacher, "that you take a piece of beefsteak and cut it into halves, then cut the halves into quarters, the quarters into eighths and the eighths into sixteenths, into what could the sixteenths be cut?"

"Hash," responded Tommy, whose mother kept a boarding house.

And the class in fractions was dismissed.

BALLAD OF YE [illegible]

I we[nt] to a summer resort to stay

And found that the price was th[ree] dollars a day.

I staid for a week, and of fun ha[d] my fill,

But forty-two dollars was asked for my bill.

"How's this?" I inquired of the clerk. "Don't you see

My bill is just double the price it should be?"

"My dear sir," he answered, "our charges are right:

Three dollars a day doesn't count in the night."

—New York Journal.

NOTES OF INTEREST.

A wealthy student at the University of Virginia has made a gift of a check for $10,000 to R. E. Lee, a mail carrier of Charlottesville. The gift is a token of friendship, and the check has been sent by a Charlottesville bank to a New York bank for collection.

Holland's Court of Appeals has decided in a case of assault by a young man who kissed an unwilling girl in the street of Utrecht that "to kiss a person cannot be an offense, as it is in the nature of a warm mark of sympathy," and dismissed the case.

Steel billiard balls made by a secret process, are being exhibited at the Scandinavian Exhibition. They are heavy, and, it is claimed, are equal in all respects to ordinary billiard balls.

The wandering whistling buoy, which is screeching its way around the Atlantic Ocean, has been sighted again. The captain of the steamer Prins discovered the buoy, still whistling the same old tune. It broke loose from its moorings a year ago and has wandered about 5,000 miles since then.

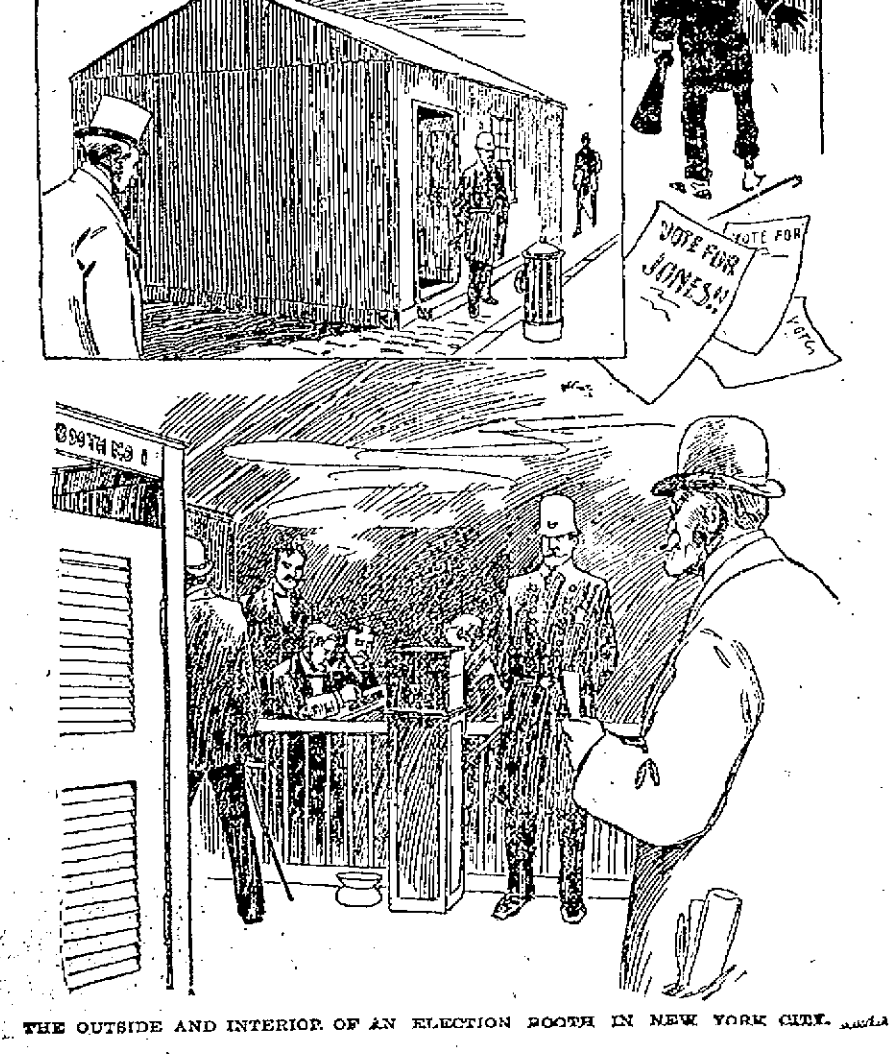
An eagle that measured 9 feet 4 inches from wing tip to wing tip was killed at Holgate, O., a few days ago, just as it was carrying off the little son of Michael Moore. A hunter who came upon the bird as it was in the act of rising from the earth with the child in its talons, killed it and brought it back to town with him.

The "co-eds" of an Evanston college are going to startle the town by wearing the Salvation Army uniform, with coal-scuttle bonnet. The girls haven't joined the Salvationists. They are merely going to wear the uniform because they can't think of anything more sensational to do at the moment.

The smallest church in the world is located at St. Lawrence, in the Isle of Wight. The present dimensions are: Length, 20 feet; height to the eaves, 18 feet; and breadth, 12 feet.

THE ELECTIONS OF 1897

A NIGHT SCENE AFTER ELECTION IN NEW YORK.



THE OUTSIDE AND INTERIOR OF AN ELECTION BOOTH IN NEW YORK CITY.

COST OF NEW YORK'S ELECTION.

Many Millions Spent By the Various Parties and the Municipal Authorities.

The Elections Throughout the Country. A List of Candidates and Offices.

Ten states vote this year. They are Colorado, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Nebraska, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia. The gubernatorial elections take place in Iowa, Massachusetts, Ohio and Virginia. Colorado is voting for a Supreme Court Judge, with William Gabbert (Dem. and Pop.) and Charles D. Hoyt, (Rep. and Silver Rep.). Iowa is voting for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Supreme Court Judge, Railroad Commissioner, Superintendent of Instruction and School Commissioner. Its candidates for Governor are F. E. White (Dem.-Pop.), John Cliggett (Gold Dem.), L. M. Shaw (Rep.), Chas. A. Lloyd (Middle-of-the-Road Pop.) and M. W. Atwood (Pro.). In Kentucky, Robert A. Green (Dem.), James R. Hindman (Gold Dem.) and James G. Bailey (Rep.) are fighting it out for the only office to be voted on, that of Clerk of the Court of Appeals. In Maryland, Phillips J. Goldsborough (Rep.) and Thomas A. Smith (Dem.) are contesting the office of State Controller. A Clerk of the Court of Appeals is also being elected. Massachusetts votes for the entire state ticket, and the governorship is being sought after by Roger Wolcott (Rep.), Geo. F. Williams (Dem.), Dr. William Everett (Nat'l. Dem.) and Prof. John Bascom (Pro.)

Nebraska votes for Supreme Court Judge and University regents. John J. Sullivan (Dem.-Pop.) contests the former office with Warren Swetzler (Gold Dem.), A. W. Post (Rep.), D. W. Strong (Pro.) and Mrs. Zara A. Wilson (Liberty Party Pro.).

William J. Wallace (Rep.) and A. B. Parker (Dem.) are seeking the office of Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals of New York state.

Ohio votes for the state ticket, and Asa S. Bushnell, the present Republican Governor, has opposed to him as candidates Julius Dexter (Gold Dem.), Jacob S. Coxey (Pop.), William Watkins (Socialist Labor) and Samuel Lewis (Negro Protection).

Pennsylvania votes for Auditor-General and State Treasurer. The former will be either L. G. McCauley (Rep.), M. E. Brown (Dem.) or W. W. Lathrop (Pro.).

J. Hoge Tyler (Dem.) is contesting for Virginia's gubernatorial honors with Rev. L. R. Culler (Pro.) and Patrick H. McCaull (anti-machine Rep.). A Lieutenant-Governor and an Attorney-General are also being voted for.

States in which Legislatures will be voted for on Nov. 2:

Delaware—Assemblymen in Northern Delaware.

Iowa—Assembly and part of Senate.

Maryland—Senate and Assembly.

Massachusetts—Senate and Assembly.

New Jersey—Senate and Assembly.

New York—Assembly.

Ohio—Senate and Assembly.

Pennsylvania—Assembly in Northern Pennsylvania.

Virginia—Assembly and half of Senate.

The following States will elect new Legislatures Nov. 9:

Nevada—Senate and Assembly.

Washington—Senate and Assembly.

The Legislature of the state of Maryland will, in January, 1898, choose a successor to Arthur Pue Gorman (Dem.) for the United States Senate.

A United States Senator to succeed Senator Daniel will be chosen by the Legislature of Virginia.

The new Legislature of Ohio will elect a United States Senator to succeed Mark A. Hanna.

A VERITABLE KLONDYKE.

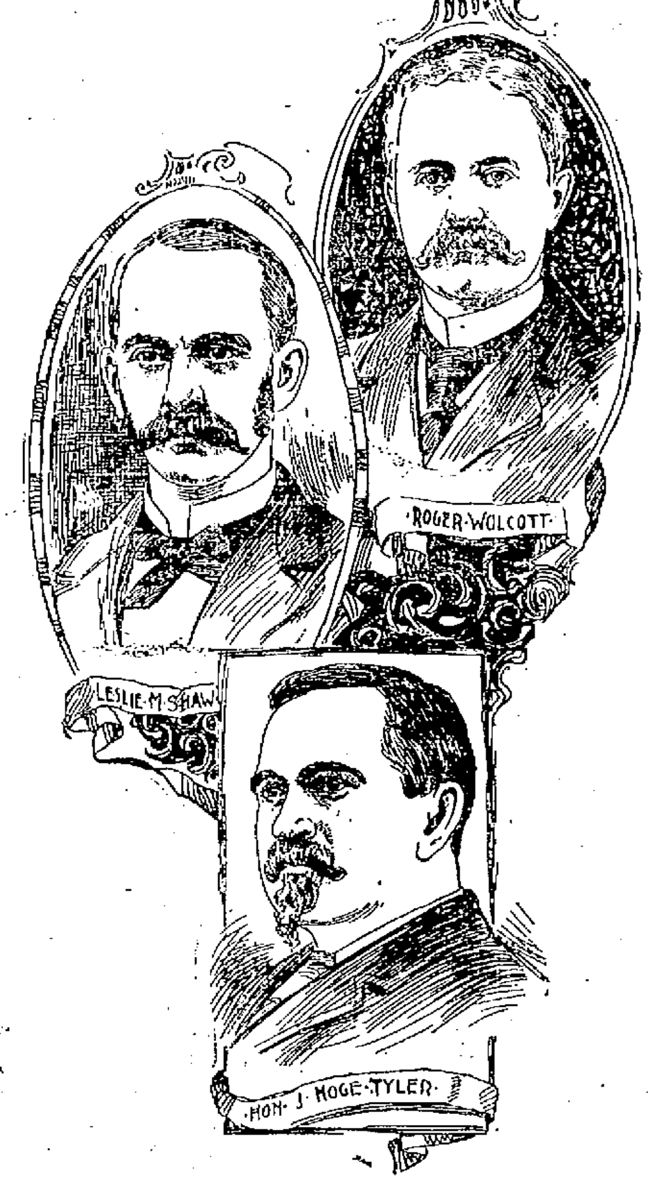
There is one place in the world where more gold is to be found than has so far come out of the Klondike. And, stranger still, in the same place there are more diamonds and other gems than the total output of the South African diamond fields. This spot, rich as the mythical wealth of Aladdin's palace, is the home of a childless old man, Pope Leo, whose feeble life is creeping daily to its imminent close.

It would be difficult to estimate precisely the total weighth of gold in the Vatican, but it is safe to say that there are at least thirty tons of it, worth in the neighborhood of $20,000,000 at the present market price of the unwrought metal. Of this huge amount of gold, there is probably not a single pound of the metal that remains in its virgin state. Nearly every ounce of it has passed through the hands of skilled artisans, who have worked it into countless forms, thus adding perhaps a third or a quarter more to its value. Nor does the alloy that is usually employed by the goldsmith to give a durable quality to objects made of the precious metal enter at all into the composition of the treasures of the Vatican, which, being almost entirely native offerings to the Sovereign Pontiff, are literally of solid gold.

The Vatican treasures may be practically considered as the personal estate of the Pope. He inherited many of them when he was elected to the Holy See. He is required to give an account of his stewardship at his pleasure. To a large proportion of these treasures his personal right is indisputable, for to him, Leo XIII., were presented at various times, and more particularly on the occasion of his jubilee in 1888, enough gifts of pure gold to ransom a kingdom.

The Pontificate of the present venerable Prelate has added inestimably to the treasures of the Vatican. Jan. 1, 1888, Leo recited the Mass in St. Peter's in Rome, in celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination as a priest. The preliminary ceremonies of his Golden Jubilee began about a week earlier, and continued for more than a month in the new year, during which time an exposition was opened in the vast Pontifical palace for the display of the presents that had been sent to the head of the Christian Church from every corner of the world.

Before the exposition was opened tons upon tons of gold poured into the Vatican, beginning early in December, of 1897, and continuing without intermission until after the exposition had been closed in March of the following year.



A GROUP OF GUBERNATORIAL CANDIDATES.

Adorer—I could gaze upon the heavenly blue of those lovely orbs forever, Elsie.

Adored—That's all right—then give me a cigarette, old boy.

"When a lady is said to be of 'a certain age,' how old is she?"

"She is certainly aged."

LABOR MATTERS

INSTALLMENT SLAVERY.

What a Committee of New York's Leading Reform Club Says About It.

At a recent meeting of the Social Reform club of New York the following report was read and the recommendations unanimously adopted:

Your committee appointed to investigate the matter of sales on the installment plan reports as follows:

It finds that it is a common practice among the poorer residents of this city to buy articles, such as furniture, watches and jewelry, upon the installment plan, and that the system frequently makes them suffer from their own ignorance and want of foresight. In the Fourth district court alone during the year 1896 a single firm secured an average of 34 judgments per month in such cases and another an average of 20 per month. The agent of a house in Allen street claimed that it took in $800 a week on installment accounts.

The contract of sale in such cases contains a clause which makes the object sold continue to be the property of the seller until the last installment is paid, and in this way the purchaser becomes liable for arrest and imprisonment for conversion if he fails to pay and declines or is unable to return the article. As the amount of the sale is frequently less than $5 and the purchaser usually altogether ignorant of the law and of the wording of the contract this right of execution against his body is a great injustice and affords an opportunity for gross oppression.

It is a well established fact that the price of most articles sold in this way is placed at an extravagant figure. Thus in furniture an advance of 25 per cent on the cash price is common.

Your committee is informed that some firms engaged in this business are very lenient with their customers during the first weeks or months of the arrangement, but toward the end insist on the payment of installments in full upon the very day. The object of this is to avoid taking back the goods until a large sum has been paid on account. Your committee has been told of cases in which the goods were taken back when $93 had been already paid on a $100 purchase, and where $48 had been paid on a $50 purchase, and $9.50 on a $10 purchase.

Your committee recommends: (1) That a bill be prepared and presented to the next legislature abolishing imprisonment in cases of sales on the installment plan for an amount not exceeding $50 and in cases of furniture or clothing to any amount; (2) that the public be warned of the danger of arrest which purchasers incur when they buy articles on the installment plan, and that their attention be called to the fact that they are always obliged in this way to pay an extravagant price; (3) that the public be also earnestly advised not to sign any installment contract without having its provisions first carefully explained and if necessary translated by a competent and trustworthy friend, so that the buyer may know precisely what obligations he assumes and what consequences may follow; (4) that with this end in view this report be printed as widely as possible in the public press. ERNEST H. CROSBY,
Chairman of the Committee.

Women In the Coal Strike.

In a letter written during the recent coal miners' strike by Emily Haas, who was by some newspapers called the Joan of Arc of the great strike, this significant paragraph appeared:

One thing I have noticed in this great struggle and I have also read of it in other strikes—that women make better strikers than men. If it was not for the women of Center, Clarksville and the other small villages around Plum Creek, many, if not nearly all, of the men would be back at work. The charge that the men force the women to march in order that the women will act as shields for the men is false. The truth of the matter is that the women cannot be kept out of participating in the strike. Instead of the men forcing the women into the early morning marches the women force the men. I can cite dozens of cases where if it had not been for the women pulling the men out of bed by force and making them go out on the march many of them would have lain there until all the black sheep had gone into the mines. I also know of cases where women have forced their husbands to stop work and join the strikers. Some of the women have threatened to leave their husbands if the latter did not assert their manhood. Women have more pride than men, and their sensibilities are finer. A woman does not want to be looked upon as the wife or sister of a black sheep who is trying to prevent his fellow men from bettering their condition.

A Progressive Club.

The following list of subjects discussed by the Social Reform club of New York before large audiences during the summer will give some idea of the breadth of plan and vigor of the club:

"Public Functions Exercised by Private Societies."
"Sanitary Problems of the City."
"Issues of the Municipal Campaign."
"Should Franchises Be Operated by the City?"
"University and College Settlements."
"The Potato Patch."
"Review of 'Equality' by Thaddeus B. Wakeman."
"The Debs Scheme."
"Vacation Schools."
"The Junior Republic Experiment."
"State Versus Private Universities."
"Political and Economical Effects of Trusts."
"Mayor Quincy's Advisory Committee."

The meetings this coming winter are found to be largely attended, and the subjects to be treated will be of interest to every social reformer and laboring man in the country.

G. GROSVENOR DAWE,
Chairman Committee on Publicity.

DENVER'S DISGRACE.

Unfortunate Human Beings Work In Chains Upon Her Streets.

[Special Correspondence.]

The city of Denver has much to be proud of. Its beauty, healthfulness, enterprise, wealth and culture will compare with any city in the west. But I can sing its praises no more while so dark a blot as now stains it still exists. Denver has a custom, made lawful and respectable by the proper officials and in a proper manner, that would shame the savages of the south sea islands.

Humanity is preached here; philanthropists live here, and charity is practiced, but a slavery as degrading as was ever known in the south is put upon our unfortunate fellow men, and nobody expresses any appreciable amount of indignation over it; papers will not publish letters upon the subject, preachers are silent, and only a few "incendiary" cranks give voice to their resentment.

Every day on the streets may be seen the "chain gang." Men who have been guilty of nothing but homelessness are chained in pairs, a chain also preventing a full stop, and are set to work cleaning the streets under a watchful taskmaster.

In the morning early the police go out with the "hurry up" wagon and gather up the "vagabonds"—men who have had to sleep out of doors—and these, with the "disorderlies" of the night before, make up the working force of the day. Young boys whose mothers have kissed them goodby not long ago are chained to old, hardened men; laborers out of work who have loving children waiting somewhere in the world for "papa," old men who have behind them long lives of toil and struggle, are bound ignominiously together and thrust out under blazing sun and the scornful gaze of the public to do the work for nothing that other men receive pay for.

I was told that when these men refuse to work they are starved until they submit. They are men who are looking for work, who had worked and have had homes and loved ones and whom society has forced into tramping homelessness. Sometimes they are so fresh from comfortable respectability that they cannot look up, and their faces burn with shame. They are what your brother and mine may be any day, or are today, through no fault but misfortune.

I have admired Denver's clean streets, but I admire them no longer. The citizens pay high taxes, and free men might do the work and receive good wages for it. But that somebody may receive something for nothing a little faster our fellow men are pounced upon in the moment of their helplessness, committed to slavery for the time being in this inhuman manner.

I know not how many other cities countenance the custom, but I have seen this in Denver, and I hold the city up to shame before the justice loving people of the United States. And if other cities are likewise guilty let them meet their share of the scorn of the humane citizens of America. L.

Denver.

Judge Tuley on Injunctions.

Murray F. Tuley, chief justice of the appellate court of Chicago, opposes the use of writs of injunction to settle labor disputes. He writes as follows to the Chicago Times-Herald:

"When courts undertake to settle labor disputes by the use of the writ of injunction, they are acting without jurisdiction. To use the writ of injunction to disperse or prevent an unlawful assemblage or to patrol a public highway with armed deputy marshals is a usurpation of power by the courts. When 'labor disputes' endanger the public peace or render the destruction of property imminent, no good citizen can object to the executive branch of the government using its 'iron hand' to prevent either, but no amount of legal quibbling will satisfy the people that the writs of injunction of the federal courts in the coal strike have not been issued and used for the purposes and object above stated.

"The courts, in so using the writ, are usurping power and functions devolved by both federal and state constitutions upon the executive branch of the governments. Such use of writs of injunction by the courts is judicial tyranny which endangers not only the right of trial by jury, but all the rights and liberties of the citizens. I venture the prediction that unless this usurpation of power by the courts is promptly checked we shall within a few years see elections—and a presidential one, perhaps—carried by a court's writ of injunction, backed by armed 'deputies' or federal soldiers. If congress has the power, it should promptly put an end to 'government by injunction' by defining and limiting the power of the federal courts in the use of the writ."

Rumblings.

Said the Rev. Dr. Harcourt of Philadelphia in a recent sermon:

"Strikes and labor troubles are but the rumbling of a distant storm. The working people have feelings. They have a voice in making our laws and shaping our government. We cannot safely ignore them.

"Right forever on the scaffold,
Wrong forever on the throne;
But the scaffold sways the future,
And within the dim unknown
Standeth God, behind the shadow,
Keeping watch above his own."

Government Ownership.

The two leading planks of the platform adopted by the Illinois Federation of Labor at Bloomington embrace the following propositions:

"First.—The government ownership of all railroads, mines, telegraphs and telephones.

"Second.—The municipal ownership and control of all the public conveniences which become a necessity by reason of the centralization of population—namely, street railroads, waterworks, gas and electric light plants."

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IF YOU HAVE
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WHEN YOU MOST NEED 'EM.

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Come and compare our prices, which are always way below those of other stores.

Head & Shaw
The People's Popular Milliners,
169 Merrimack St.

Never Before
Have we been able to offer Men's Shoes for
$2.00 A. PAIR
That had the style or service these Shoes possess.
1 lot of Little Gent's wear resistin Shoes, wedge heel,
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1 lot of Ladies' Kid, button or lace, in medium and wide toes.
$1.50 A PAIR.
J. J. Lonergan
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PIANO
MUST HAVE
Strengh,
Even Scale,
Musical Tone,
Durability.
Besides these qualities, our Pianos have another—that of low price.
Easy terms to suit the purchaser. Call and see for yourself. Orders for tuning and repairing.
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A. H. Rogers, Mgr. 145 Merrimack Street.
Open Evenings.

ALLAN LINE.
New York and Glasgow.
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STATE OF NEBRASKA, Oct. 1, 8 a. m
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RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin, $45.00. Second Cabin, $35.00, Steerage, $23.50.
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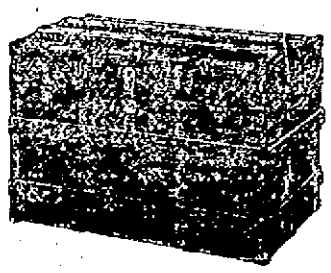
Via Londonderry and Galway.
Second Cabin, $32.50. Steerage, $23.50.
For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to
H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St, Lowell.



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The only box from which collections will be made by letter carriers.

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The worn out parts renewed, lost bolts replaced, in fact made as sound as a nut. And then with a fresh coat of paint and varnish you will be well pleased if the work is done right. Our work is quite right and gives perfect satisfaction.
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That you be clothed, but the law is silent as to the quality of your clothes, or where to go for them.

If you consulted us on the "quality" and "where to go" part of it, we should very likely recommend our $16 Tailor Made Suit.
It is a very nobby affair of fine material, and the law could not wish you better dressed than in that Suit, nor would your own sense of "just the thing."
Overcoats to order, $15, $16, $18 and $20.
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will save you one-half your gas and give three times the light. The DAYLIGHT Mantles will last three times as long as any other on the market. Try them.
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Buy the manufacturer's and save the dealers' profits. Five leading makes. Square Pianos, $10 and upwards; uprights, $150 and upwards. We lead on low prices and easy terms.
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WANTED—500 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred 'S. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

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FOR SALE—ONE MILE FROM LOWELL, good house and barn, large hennery, one acre of land. Price $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WAGONS—OWING TO LACK OF STORAGE, I am obliged to sell at any price the following wagons: viz.—1 high grade democrat, 2 first class grocers wagon, 1 very fine top square wagon, 1 extra second hand square wagon. 6 Robins St.

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FOR SALE—NEAR WASHINGTON STREET, good cottage house of seven rooms, large lot of land and fruit. Price $1650. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

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FOR SALE—IN PAWTUCKETVILLE, GOOD cottage house in first-class repair, large lot of land. Price $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LOST—ON MIDDLESEX STREET, A BUNdle containing a pair of trousers and a shirt. Return to J. L. Chalifoux's store and receive reward.

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THE NEW ENGLAND INTRODUCTION Club. A reliable medium for introducing respectable parties, socially or matrimonially inclined. If interested send 10 cents to Box 125, L., Dover, N. H.

AGENTS WANTED—LADIES OR GENTS at 121 Fletcher street, for best household article on earth.

WANTED—A POSITION AT GENERAL housework and an experienced house girl. Please apply to Miss Annie Sullivan, 26 Wood street, Middlesex Village.

LOST—A BULL TERRIER RED AND WHITE pup, about four months old. Reward at 13 Willie street.

LOST—A BUFF COLORED BULL TERRIER dog, white on breast. Weighs about 50 pounds. Reward at police station.

LADIES TO ADDRESS ENVELOPES, CIRculars and write for us at home. Reply with self-addressed stamped envelope. Peerless Co., South Bend, Indiana.

$15 A MONTH
Will buy this splendid 2½ story hip-roof house of 8 rooms pantry and bath rooms, with tub, marble wash bowls, &c., maple floors in kitchen, dining room, pantry and bath room, hot and cold water. Piazza and balcony, nice lot of land, high and dry, very slightly, near cars and schools. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, No. 29 A, Hildreth Building, (Old Post Office.)

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor will make his $32 suits for $15, his $28 Suits for $20, his $30 Suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

DO YOU WANT
A FINE
H. F. Miller Piano $70
FOR
With Stool, Cover and Book
If so call at once at 101 Westford street. It is the place where High Grade Pianos are always sold at a low figure.
W. F. TRUMBELL

R. J. MOWER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN
285 Central Street.

That Mountain Rock Junket
has nothing to do with our new fall stock of Diamonds, Watches, Clocks and Silverware and it will not keep us from paying particular attention as usual to watch repairing.
J. D. GRANT, Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler, 61 MERRIMACK ST.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	8 00	6 00	$1 07
6 25	7 40	6 25	7 51
6 48	7 58	6 40	*7 36
*7 05	8 02	7 05	9 10
*7 20	8 10	*8 30	10 10
*7 25	8 15	*9 00	9 38
*7 35	8 20	9 15	*10 25
*7 45	8 37	*9 30	10 07
7 00	8 55	10 00	11 15
*8 00	9 49	10 45	11 58
9 16	10 35	11 30	§12 07
9 44	10 49	12 00	§12 56
11 00	12 04	*1 00	*1 33
12 42	12 25	*1 15	1 52
12 15	1 05	2 00	3 04
1 40	2 50	*3 00	*3 40
3 00	4 25	3 47	5 03
*3 47	4 30	4 14	*5 32
*4 02	4 45	4 47	5 55
4 25	5 30	*5 00	5 45
*5 22	6 15	5 35	6 35
5 41	7 10	5 47	6 57
*5 22	7 05	6 14	7 50
*7 42	8 30	*7 30	8 08
*8 40	9 42	*8 00	*8 38
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 22

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
*7 30	8 10	9 15	*8 05
*7 28	8 16	9 00	*10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	*1 57
*9 19	10 10	5 00	*6 59
*4 25	5 32	7 30	*8 18
*5 55	7 00	8 00	*8 58
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 05	7 30	8 55
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 39	10 25	11 49
10 50	12 02	11 50	1 09
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 12
12 45	1 58	3 40	4 55
2 30	3 44	4 25	5 45
2 55	4 02	5 01	6 20
4 05	5 23	6 01	7 13
5 10	6 42	6 35	7 48
6 15	7 26	9 40	10 37
7 00	8 06	11 15	a 12 51
9 25	10 30		

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 03	9 17
12 05	1 26	11 45	12 55
4 15	5 28	5 00	6 20
5 30	6 35	8 10	9 40
8 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

a Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS.

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Atlan, Anchor, Warren, French, German, and Italian steamship lines to or from Boston, New York, Liverpool, and Queenstown. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England, Scotland, and all parts of the world. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's steamship agency, 12 Appleton st.

A FULL SIZE WHITE RASEL

Must be seen to be appreciated. Given away with a pound of our high grade tea at 60 cents. Dickson Bros., the Big Tea and Coffee Dealers, 66 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 228 Central st.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson street. Telephone 546-3.

The best work, the lowest prices on all watch, clock, and jewelry repairs. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Burn Wilson's Coal.

Mr. James J. Gallagher has returned to this city after a successful season with the Barnum & Bailey show.

Send a postal or telephone to Rourke & Sullivan when you want the best coal. 281 Gorham street and 283 Central.

Dr. Charles H. Ricker has removed his office from Wyman's Exchange to the Mechanics' bank building, 202 Merrimack street.

At the residence of William Calderwood, 484 High street, Saturday night, Miss Ella Calderwood gave a pleasant musicale and Hallowe'en party. The program was artistic and enjoyable.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 MERK'K ST.

A LOWELL JUDGE

Presiding on the Bench in New York.

SUSPENDS COURT TO GIVE EVIDENCE TO REPORTER.

A Tramp Could Not Work the Sympathetic.

The Boston Globe has the following story of a former Lowell boy:

"When Mayor Strong appointed the city magistrates in New York three years ago he named a Lowell boy, Leroy B. Crane, as one of them. Mr. Crane was sitting at the Yorkville court the other day when a man called on him from the Globe. There is not that solemnity about a New York court room that Massachusetts people are accustomed to in the transaction of business before the courts, high or low. If you want to see the judge, you are at liberty to ascend the bench and converse with him, provided, of course he is not engaged. You talk with him with the same informality as you would with a chance acquaintance. The Globe man handed the magistrate his card. He read it and exclaimed, "From Boston, eh?" The judge invited the reporter to his private office where they might talk without any interruption. He stopped the wheels of justice and left word with an attendant that he did not want to be disturbed for a few minutes. A music hall and theatre adjoined the court and the judge was obliged to close the doors and the windows in order to drown the voices of the black-faced comedians and the warbling songsters dressed in airy costumes.

"Yes," said the judge, "I'm proud of my Massachusetts ancestry. It is the New England influence in New York that makes life worth living here. New Yorkers laugh at your brown bread and beans, but, as for myself, I'd not swap them for the rye bread and frankfurts of Gotham. My parents were among the earliest settlers of Lowell and my father, Alanson Crane, was interested in some of the big mills of the city. He was a close personal friend of General Butler, and it was on his recommendation that President Lincoln appointed my father postmaster of Fortress Monroe, where he died. Both of my parents are buried in Lowell.

"I remember as if it was only yesterday the night General Butler left with the 6th Massachusetts regiment for the capital. I was a boy of about 12 years old, and I drove General Butler in my father's carriage to the old Middlesex street station in Lowell to take the train for Boston. I recall, too, how Massachusetts and the entire north, in fact, were stirred when a few days afterwards the news came over the telegraph wires that the 6th regiment had been attacked by a mob in the streets of Baltimore.

"My father died when I was young and I started out in life for myself. Being of an independent nature, I came over to New York, where I had a brother and secured employment with H. B. Claflin's dry goods house, at a salary of $100 a year. I worked hard days and studied by lamplight, and in 1881 was admitted to the bar. I have taken an active part in republican politics and have represented the 23d district in the assembly."

Mr. Crane is married and lives in Harlem. When a boy he was a playmate of Governor Greenhalge, and sat in the same pew with him at church. His cousin, Miss Martha Neal, recently celebrated her 50th anniversary as a public school teacher in Lowell. It was only a few days before the Globe man called on Magistrate Crane that the judge had an opportunity to defend the good name of his city. A wretched fellow was arraigned before him on the charge of larceny and drunkenness.

"Why did you steal the money?" queried the magistrate.

"I was broke, your honor, and wanted to get back to Lowell, where I live."

"I don't think they want such fellows in Lowell as you," said the judge. "I've lived there myself and know something about the town." He sent the fellow to the island for a few months.

Purgatorial Pills.

The druggist would hardly smile if you asked for "purgatorial pills." There are many of them. But he would probably recommend a pill that did not gripe; a sugar-coated pill, gentle in action, and sure in effect. What are they called?

..Ayer's Cathartic Pills..

LAWRENCE SHOOTING CASE.

PRINCIPAL SWAN OF TRUANT SCHOOL BOUND OVER.

The case of Henry E. Swan, of the Lawrence Truant school, for assault upon little Charles Glennon, came up in the police court Saturday morning. Seven witnesses were sworn, but only two testified. William Phair, 14 years of age, of 33 Howard street and Dr. Birtwell, who attended Glennon after the alleged shooting.

Young Phair told of going to the "Willows" to swim, and of the shooting. He said Swan hollered, "Stand or I'll fire." The boys then ran and Swan fired twice. The latter jumped out of the corn field about ten feet away from the boys.

Dr. Birtwell testified that he attended Glennon, ordered his removal to the hospital and that the bullet had not been found.

Lawyer Bradley appeared for young Glennon and Charles A. DeCourcy, Esq., for Swan.

It was simply a case of the ball in which Swan should be held for the grand jury.

Mr. DeCourcy argued that it be placed at the smallest amount.

Judge Stone held Swan in $1000 for his appearance in the Superior court on the second Monday in January, 1898.

ANOTHER COLORED LADY.

ARRESTED FOR ROBBING A LOWELL MAN.

Boston, Oct. 31.—Chief Inspector Watts received a despatch from Superintendent Linden of the Philadelphia police tonight, that the police of that city have arrested Laura Smith, a colored woman, who is wanted in this city, charged with the larceny of $3000 from Edward F. Benton of 17 Hampshire Place, Lowell, on September 18, on Porter street. This is the second woman who has been arrested in connection with this case. The other woman is Lucy Field and she is now being held in New York, awaiting the arrival of police from Boston.

WORKINGMEN AND MECHANICS, THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

For sale, cheap, on easy terms, located on D street, near the Shaw Stocking company, on high and dry land, with good sewerage, convenient to schools, churches, and two lines of street cars, piped for gas and water; five cottage houses and one two-tenement house. These houses have all modern improvements and are suitably arranged for families. Part of these houses have just been completed and the rest will be finished, ready for occupancy in a very short time.

Terms liberal. A small amount down and the balance can be paid in monthly instalments.

Anyone desiring to go through these houses and inquire terms and prices, call on J. W. Bennett, the owner, at 564 Middlesex street.

First class printing done at this office.

Bon Ami

THE FINEST CLEANER MADE
WILL CLEAN ANY SURFACE.
All Grocers.

NEW GOODS!

LATEST NOVELTIES
FOR THE FALL SEASON.
Your inspection cordially invited.

Louis Alexander,
Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York
Importer and Tailor,
NO. 65 CENTRAL STREET.
LOWELL.

BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

A STATEMENT

Of Unusual Importance to the Buying Public of Lowell and Vicinage.

We beg to state to our thousands of friends and customers that owing to the slow progress of the carpenters, etc., we are compelled to continue the

Grand Alteration Sale

Remember that several departments are to be closed out entirely and in order to do this and do it quickly, we realize that the

PRICES MUST BE

the main factor. Therefore, have made prices that will cause a furore and make competition shudder.

The following are most particularly marked for annihilation: Kitchen Goods, China and Glass, down stairs, Domestics, Linens, Linings, Blankets, Comforters, Dress Goods, Gent's Furnishings, Bed Spreads, Boots and Shoes, etc., etc.

Come as early in the day as possible. Watch the windows. Read the papers.

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.,

The Big Dealers.

FIRE AND SMOKE SALE

AT THE

Imperial Cloak and Suit Store No. 11 Bridge Street

The Fire Insurance Company say: "Close that stock for what you can get. We will pay the difference."

LAST WEEK WAS A HUSTLER IN BARGAINS!

Never were such bargains offered and never did the public respond so well to their own interest. Our store was so crowded that we could not wait on the people. This week we have more room and more help. Come early. You never will have such an opportunity to get the very latest and best up-to-date garments at such prices. For this week we have marked in plain figures a special list of garments, and if you want anything in this line do not let this opportunity pass. Come in and see them is all we ask. Come early, they will not last long at these prices.

Beaver Lined Jackets, complete, lined throughout with fancy linings, worth $8.50, while they last $2.50.

Boucle Jackets, worth $7.50, while they last $2.98.

Boucle Jackets, all lined, for $5.98.

All our latest Imported Garments, the finest that money can buy, cost to make from $18.00 to $35.00, will be cut in halves.

Just remember this is a Fire Insurance sale.

Beaver Capes, trimmed with Mohair Braid worth $2.50, at 98 cents.

Beaver Capes, Mohair Braid and Velvet Trimmings, pleated backs, worth $3.98 at $1.98.

Boucle Capes, Edgewood Thibet Fur, all lined, worth $8.50 at $3.98.

Remember this is a Fire Insurance Sale.

Skirts. We have the very latest. All the rage in New York city, large Sheppard Plaids in silks and wools. They are the nobbiest things on the market today.

Fire Insurance prices for everything we have.

All our Skirts that we sold at $2.25 they go at $1.00, black brilliantines, plain and figured.

Silk Skirts, worth $7.50, at $4.98. They are beauties.

Silk Waists, from 98 cents upwards. The price is cut in two.

Woolen Waists, from 69 cents up. Cut in the prices, remember.

Fur Collarettes, from $1.98 upwards.

Prices are the Insurance Company's loss.

Furs. We made a specialty on the best grades of Furs and have the largest assortment in the city.

Electric Seal Jackets, brown, half-sheared Astrachan and Krimmer and the most elegant line of Boucle, Diagonal and French Brocaded Silk, full fur linings, nothing finer made at just one-half price.

Our complete line of Wrappers, Tea Gowns, Mackintoshes, Suits, and a full line of Children's and Misses' Garments at half price.

Our reputation for fine goods was never so well sustained as this fall, and this fire has broken all our fall arrangements. We must close this stock in thirty days to get the insurance adjusted.

If you want bargains, if you want the best garments there is, if you want them at half the regular price, come and come early to 11 Bridge street.

IMPERIAL CLOAK AND SUIT STORE

EXPERIENCED CLOAK FITTERS WANTED.

THE LOWELL SUN

21ST YEAR — LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1897. — 8 PAGES 1 CENT

UNIQUE FACTS

OF INTEREST FROM THE SPORTING WORLD. LADY CLERKS AS DETECTIVES. THE DOUBLE-SEATED RAILWAY CYCLE ILLUSTRATED IN TOMORROW'S SUN.

MISSION SHIP

TO DO RELIGIOUS WORK AMONG AMERICAN FISHERMEN TO BE LAUNCHED AT GLOUCESTER. READ OF IT IN TOMORROW'S SUN.

SECOND EDITION

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

The weather indications for the ensuing twenty-four hours are as follows: Rain tonight and Tuesday. Warmer, followed by colder Tuesday night. Easterly to southerly winds.

ALMANAC, MONDAY, NOV. 1.

Sun rises—6:19; sets, 4:37.
Length of day—10 h., 18 m.
High water—4:10 a. m.; 4:30 p. m.
Moon sets—11:20 p. m.

POLICE COURT.

Twenty-five drunks.

William Connelly received two months in jail.

Michael H. Barry got three months in jail.

David Thompson, who attempted suicide while drunk, was sent to the workhouse for six months.

Kate Coughlin took eight months in jail.

Adolph Lavalle was fined $10.

Thomas Donahue received 10 days in the workhouse.

Thomas Waters received five months in the workhouse.

FUNERALS.

CONNOLLY—The funeral of Celia Connolly occurred yesterday afternoon from her home in Lakeview avenue, and was well attended. The bearers were Messrs. Joseph Clark, James Garrigan, Patrick Bryne, Peter Pendergast, John Henry and Patrick Gilbride. At the grave in the Catholic cemetery service was conducted by Rev. Fr. Gilday.

DONOGHUE—The funeral of David C. Donoghue took place this afternoon from his mother's home, 22 Royal street. It was very largely attended At St. Peter's church service was held. Rev. Fr. McManus officiated. The bearers were Messrs. John Murray, James McMahon, Charles Donoghue, Charles Donlon, Robert Donoghue and Edward Carroll. The ushers were Henry J. Murray and William Hatch. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

CITY HALL NOTES.

This evening the committee on ordinance and legislation will meet and the heads of all departments will be present, as the new ordinance proposed by James T. Smith relative to making appropriations will be considered.

SATURDAY SOCIABLE.

On Saturday evening a party of friends gathered by special invitation at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Wadsworth on Reed street, where a pleasant time was spent. The guests were entertained by music on the violin and piano by their host and hostess, after which they repaired to the dining room, where a sumptuous repast was spread. After doing justice to the good things spread before them, they again repaired to the parlor, where games and other amusements were indulged in till eleven o'clock. Among the guests present were Mrs. Wadsworth, mother of the host, Misses Grace and Belle Williston, Miss Lottie Mills, Miss Nettie R. Lewis, Mr. Harry Wadsworth and last but not least, Drs. C. M. and R. E. Browne of Everett, Mass., uncles of the host.

ALL FRIENDS OF HON. FISHER H. PEARSON WHO CAN BE AT THE POLLS STATE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 2, ARE INVITED TO MEET IN ROOM 44, HILDRETH BUILDING, THIS EVENING, TO PERFECT AN ORGANIZATION FOR BRINGING OUT THE VOTE.

LOWELL TO LAWRENCE.

Saturday afternoon, Ed. L. Bessey of the J. C. Ayer company, who is a well known member of the Y.M.C.A gymnasium, took a cross country run from the association building on Hurd street to the Lawrence Y.M.C.A. The start was made at 2.15 and the arrival in Lawrence was at 3.26.

ASSAILANTS OF ERDIS ARRESTED

James McKenna and Ernest Loudon, the alleged assailants of W. H. Erdis, gave themselves up at the police station Saturday. McKenna's face is badly bruised as a result of the fracas. It is said that the report of the affair as given out at first was highly exaggerated. The facts will come out, however, at the trial.

DEMOCRATS OF WARDS FIVE AND NINE, BE SURE YOU VOTE FOR JOSEPH G. DUFFY AND JOHN P. O'HARE FOR REPRESENTATIVES.

The committee on accounts of the school board will meet tomorrow night.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money

Money Deposited

On or before Wednesday, Nov. 3, in the Savings Department of the

Traders' National Bank.

Will draw interest from November 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compound semi annually.

HOURS { Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.

30 Middlesex Street, 11 Post Office Avenue
Chas. J. Gilldea, President.
William F. Hills, Cashier.

$7 TO $15

GOOD ORGANS for above prices. Call at once. Must have the room.
GEORGE A. GARDNER,
20 Prescott Street.

EDWARD McVEY, For Senator.

ON ELECTION DAY

Vote for Williams and the State Ticket.

CANDIDATES FOR SENATE AND REPRESENTATIVES.

Rev. Mr. Dick Slashes Right and Left.

Democrats should remember that they have a duty to perform tomorrow The polls will be opened early, so that men can cast their ballots before going to work. All day long till 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the ballot box will be open to receive your vote. The earlier you vote the better. This year every vote should be polled. Vote the democratic ticket straight from top to bottom. Remember your senatorial candidates, Edward D. McVey, Esq., and Alvin Fisher, and put your cross opposite their names.

Further down the ballot, you will come to the names of representative candidates. In the 27th district, the

HENRY J. DRAPER,
For Representative, 26th District.

democrats, by remaining loyal, will help to win a democratic victory. John P. O'Hare of Ward Five and Joseph Duffy of Tewksbury are the candidates there and there is a good chance of their election. Bear this in mind tomorrow, democrats of the 27th district.

In the 26th district, Henry J. Draper is making a hustle to win and so are his associates, John G. Gordon and James McCarthy. Charles W. Whitman, John P. Mahoney, and George Dyam are the candidates in the 25th

(Continued to Page 3.)

Poor and Weak

Catarrh and Bronchial Trouble—Had no Appetite—Now Better in Every Way—A Delicate Child.

"Some time since I took a sudden cold and could not get rid of it. Being subject to catarrh and bronchial trouble I coughed terribly. I lost my appetite and grew poor and weak and I did not feel like work. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. In a short time the cough disappeared, I slept well, had a good appetite and I was better in every way. Last spring I was not feeling well, I had no appetite and no strength. I resorted to Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon felt more like work. My little nephew was a delicate child and had a humor which troubled him so he could not rest at night. He has taken a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and now he has a good appetite and is able to sleep." MISS ANNIE J. FREEMAN, South Duxbury, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

LATEST

ROBBER'S BULLET

Instantly Kills a Prominent Farmer This Morning.

MRS. PETERKIN, BOSTON'S LATEST MURDERER

Photographed for Rogue's Gallery This Morning.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Mercer, Mo., Nov. 1.—Nathan Stark, a prominent farmer, was held up last night by Ira Sexton, a neighbor, who attempted to rob him. Stark showed fight and was shot dead. Sexton was arrested.

PROBABLY FELL UNDER CAR.

BODY OF JOHN KENNEDY FOUND ON RAILROAD TRACK IN ISLINGTON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Dedham, Nov. 1.—Yesterday morning the body of John Kennedy, aged 31, living on Curve street, East Dedham, was found on the railroad track, near Elm street, Islington.

It is supposed he fell from the car.

FOOTBALL PLAYER.

KILLED IN A GAME ON SATURDAY.—TEAM DISBANDED.

Atlanta, Georgia, Nov. 1.—Richard V. Gammon, Georgia's giant fullback, was killed Saturday afternoon in the great game between the university of Virginia and the university of Georgia. Many thousand people saw the game and it was known to the vast crowd that the big player had been fatally hurt. A substitute was put in and the game went on.

Gammon was carried outside the lines and surgeons summoned. It was soon apparent that he had been fatally injured. He had been thrown in tackling and struck full upon his head causing concussion of the brain.

Gammon was a member of one of the oldest and most prominent families in the state. His father is a wealthy citizen of Rome, Ga., and the family has always been prominent in college athletics. Young Gammon was a leader of the college football team last year, although he was only 18 years old. He was one of the most popular men in college and his tragic death has thrown a shadow over the 260 students of the university.

The university of Georgia team will disband on account of the tragedy.

The democratic city committee will not be inactive tomorrow notwithstanding the fact that there is but little interest in the election. Checklists have been ordered and there will be checkers in every ward in Lowell. Prominent democrats have volunteered to furnish carriages and a large vote will be gotten out.

Emerson piano, $125; Kanrich & Bach $150; at 34 Prescott street. See Steinert's ad.

Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Harris sail Nov. 5th from New York for their winter home in De Lonel, Florida.

Master Phineas Whiting, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry F. Whiting, celebrated his 10th birthday at the home of his parents, 108 Fairmount street, Thursday, by entertaining a number of his young friends.

MICHAEL J. DOWD' DANIEL J. DONAHUE. COL. J. H. CARMICHAEL, J. J. HENNESSEY AND LAWRENCE CUMMINGS WILL ADDRESS MONDAY EVENING THE UNION MEETING IN JACKSON HALL IN FAVOR OF LAWRENCE CUMMINGS FOR MAYOR.

JOHN P. O'HARE, For Representative 27th District.

SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK.

LAST ESTIMATES

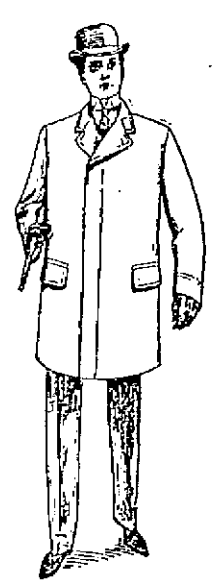
By the Managers of New York's Campaign.

EACH CONFIDENT OF HIS OWN SUCCESS.

Van Wyck's Vote Placed at 240,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Nov. 1.—The last estimate and claims of the various managers of the Greater New York campaign were given out today. Chairman Quigg of the republicans says he confidently anticipates the election of Tracy, who will poll three hundred thousand votes. Ex-Mayor Grant, Van Wyck's manager, estimates his vote at two hundred and forty thousand. Charles Strekler, for the Citizens' Union, says the actual canvass shows a plurality of twenty seven thousand for Low in the present city of New York. At the George headquarters, statements made claim that George will have ninety-seven thousand votes, not counting Brooklyn.



Young Men's Nobby Top Coats

Are here in great variety. Novelty and Staple Cloths are shown. Heavy Covertts and Whipcords, Meltons, Friezes and Kerseys made up in various ways. Full box or half box, Skeleton lined, with satin shoulders, worsted lined with satin shoulders, or full plain lined. Colors—Black, Blue, Brown, Oxford and several new shades. Finished with hand felled and padded collar and lapels, hand button holes, etc., and faultless in fit. What more can the tailor give?

$10 to $22.

See them in our windows.

MERRIMACK CLOTHING CO.

Opposite City Hall.

IS LAID TO REST

Last Services of Late Henry George.

BODY INTERRED IN GREENWOOD CEMETERY.

Drs. Kramer and McGlynn Were Speakers.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Nov. 1.—After a short and simple funeral service, the body of Henry George was finally laid at rest The services were private and Rev. Dr. Kramer officiated. He paid an eloquent tribute to the dead leader, as did also Rev. Dr. McGlynn. After the services, hundreds of laboring men entered the house and viewed the body. There was no demonstration of any kind.

SADDA KHAN SURRENDERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Simla, Nov. 1.—Sadda Khan and his brother, the leading chiefs of the Maddakhels, have surrendered to the British. This is an important step in the settlement of the Tochi difficulty.

BIG STORM COMING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 1.—Chief Willis L. Moore of the Weather Bureau has announced heavy storms for election day from the Mississippi river to the Atlantic coast.

MRS. PETERKIN PHOTOED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Nov. 1.—Mrs. Nellie J. Peterkin, who killed Mrs. Catherine Murphy Saturday, was photographed today for the rogue's gallery. She will be arraigned later in the day on the charge of murder.

PEARSON RALLY.

A rally in the interest of Mr. Pearson will be held in the Ward Four Lyon street ward room this evening. The speakers will be Joseph J. O'Connor, J. E. Venne, D. J. Murphy, Messrs. James F. Owens, O. A. Libby and Hon. Fisher H. Pearson.

VOTE FOR TWO.

Remember to vote for two candidates for representative in the 27th district, namely John P. O'Hare and James Duffy.

LAWYER WRIGHT HONORED.

The Boston club of the Phi Kappa fraternity, which has been formally inducted by John M. Cotter, M. D., of Boston, third degree, has elected as its vice president, Lawyer Frank C. Wright of this city, who was an active member of Epsilom, '95, of Yale university.

THE SUPPORTERS OF HON. FISHER H. PEARSON IN WARD 4 WILL HOLD A RALLY MONDAY NOV. 1. AT THE LYON STREET SCHOOL HOUSE. ALL CORDIALLY INVITED.

It is among the possibilities that the courts may be called upon to decide some day who owns the building in Pawtucketville now occupied as a library.

DEVICE TO STOP TRAINS.

The Invention Tried on the State Railway In France.

Consul Morris at Ghent, Belgium, reports to the state department at Washington a new invention recently tried on the State railway of France which is intended to check and stop trains. The device is operated from the station, and placed 250 yards away will stop the train before it reaches the station. It is fastened to the rails, and when in operation catches a lever hanging from the passing locomotive, which causes an air valve to open and puts the brakes immediately in action. In connection with this device is another which connects the grade crossing gates in such a manner that the gates cannot be opened unless the brake from the track is in operation.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

MAN AND WIFE IN PIANO BOX.

Their Attempt to Get From Seattle to Boston at Freight Rates.

A piano box was recently being put in a car at the Northern Pacific freight depot in Seattle, Wash., when it was noticed that water was dripping from the bottom. The box was opened. Inside were found Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Tyler. They said they were bound to get back to Boston.

The box was supposed to contain a piano consigned to a Boston piano company.

Tyler said that he and his wife came here from Exeter, N. H., in 1896, driving a horse across the country. They have been living in a tent.—New York World.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER,
Market, Corner Worthen Street. Telephone.

ROCKING CHAIRS
A white enameled Child's Rocker given away with one pound of our 60c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 17 E. Merrimack street. Tel. 69-3.

HIGH CLASS Suits. Unless one has a violent prejudice against ready-made, there's no excuse for having clothes made to order.

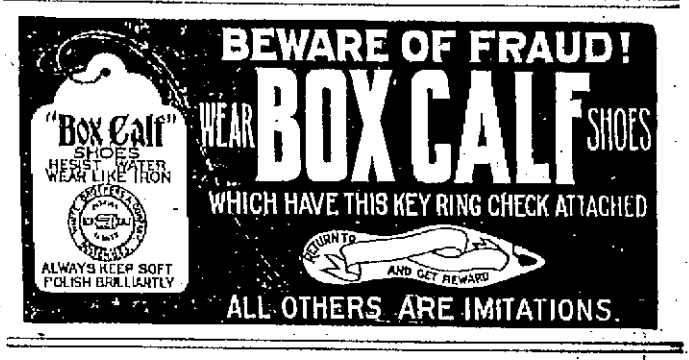
In style, quality and fit, the suits from Rogers, Peet & Co. in no way fall below the best custom work. $15 to $22 for the best ready-to-wear clothes that are made.

But, we've excellent all-wool Suits that cost less. Cheviots, Cassimeres and Worsteds for $4.95, $5.95, up to $12 a Suit.

So many to choose from you'll be puzzled.

PUTNAM & SON.
No 166 CENTRAL STREET.

Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Daisy Blanche Dexter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Solomon K. Dexter, to Mr. Edwin Tyler Shaw, in the Elliot church on Wednesday evening, Nov. 10.



COOK, TAYLOR & CO.

CENTRAL STREET,

We Have Just Secured

ANOTHER LOT OF

FLANNELETE WRAPPERS

Worth $1.50 Each.

WHICH WE SHALL OFFER AT

99c.

They are perfect in make, shape, fit and style. They are 3 1-2 yards around at bottom of skirt and are large and full at hips, sizes are from 32 to 44, bust measure. The Flannelette is the best that can be bought at any price. These Wrappers are trimmed with braid to match the goods

We shall continue to sell all this week, if they last that time, our specials in Silks advertised last week, viz:

24 inch Black Silk Satin, extra heavy, fine lustre, regular price $1.25 a yard, now 69c.

24 inch Black Satin Rhadames, good quality, regular price $1 a yard, at 49c.

22 inch Black Cros Grain Silk, extra heavy, warranted all silk, regular price $2 a yard, now $1.09.

20 inch Black Brocade Silk, elegant designs, regular price 89c., now 49c.

22 inch Black India Silk, very fine, regular price 50c. a yard, now 29c.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

OBSERVANCE AT ROGERS HALL.

The young ladies of Rogers' Hall school observed Hallowe'en Saturday night by an enjoyable party in the school hall. It was in the nature of a family gathering, no invited guests being present. Mrs. Underhill and the other teachers joined in the merry-making. Refreshments were served and the evening was spent in the games which are appropriate to the joyous festival.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Davis of 18 Arthur street were pleasantly surprised by about 50 of their friends Saturday night, receiving gifts of a set of dining room furniture and a carpet.

UNCLE SAM STANDS AMUSED AT THE BRAVADO OF LITTLE SPAIN

SACRED CONCERT.

BY THE EAST BOSTON CADET BAND AND VOCAL ARTISTS.

The concert given in Huntington hall last night was a treat enjoyed by a fair sized audience whose appreciation of the fine program was shown by liberal applause. The concert was for the benefit of St. Patrick's school and was given by the East Boston Cadet band assisted by local talent. The band is composed of sixty boys who play with a skill and precision worthy of more experienced musicians. The concert gave last night was the equal of anything ever heard here. The fine training of the boys was shown to great advantage and the only drawback was that they did not play as many selections as the audience would have liked to hear. This was due, of course, to the arrangement of the program. Should the band play a return engagement, a crowded house will greet it. Its rendition of the overture from William Tell was loudly encored and for a second number Sousa's "Stars and Stripes" march was played. The band was directed by F. D. Record, who formerly played with Sousa. The other numbers on the program were also entertaining. The sextette from "Lucia" was grandly sung by Messrs. T. F. Molloy, David Martin, Phillas David, David McHugh, Miss Louise McLaughlin, and Miss Nano Gallagher.

James E. Donnelly, in his usual fine baritone voice, sang the "Holy City" and for an encore rendered "Asthore." Both numbers were applauded. Miss Louise McLaughlin's rendition of Millard's "Ave Vernum," with violin obligato by Joseph P. O'Dwyer was very finished and deserved all the applause it received. Little Miss Olive Smith was heard in two Irish songs, "Sweet Katy Mahone," and "What's the Use of Being Mad?". The beautiful solo, "O Day of Bliss" was artistically rendered by T. F. Molloy, whose sweet soprano range brought out the many opportunities of the selection. He was encored and sang "Ben Bolt."

After humorous recitations by M. T. Hurley of Boston, Miss Nano Gallagher, who possesses a rich contralto voice, sang Bartlett's "Dreams," and in response to the applause and calls for an encore favored the audience with "Lady of the Dee." The accompanist was Mr. Michael J. Johnson.

First class printing done at this office

Reliable Attendance

No More Use for Midwives.

Do not risk your life in confinement Dr. A. Wilinski, German Physician, having 14 years experience, will giv you the most careful attention for which he will not charge you more than $6.00, and you are always saved. Come and make your application.

Dr. A. Wilinski, 9 Tyler St. Lowell Mass.

Office hours—8 to 9.30 a. m., 1 to 2.30 and 7 to 8.30 p. m.

MUSIC HALL.

BEFORE THE ENEMY.

Commencing this evening and continuing Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, the attraction at Music Hall will be the thrilling military drama entitled "Before the Enemy." It is a play that deals with war and stirs the heart of the patriot to a burning love of country. Comedy, pathos and specialty act are introduced. Special scenery is used and the cast is of exceptional strength, introducing Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Paul.

THE STAR GAZER.

In the engagement of "Joe" Ott and his clever company of comedians at Music Hall for three nights, commencing next Thursday evening, a genuine comedy event is promised. "The Star Gazer" is a vehicle of the element of frace comedy for which "Joe" Ott and his brothers "Phil" and "Matt" are noted. The concoction has more than the ordinary plot usually observed in productions of its class, is clean throughout, and will be presented by what is promised as an unusually strong company. "The Star Gazer" is a succession of laughs all the time the curtain is up, the Otts contributing very largely to the fun. There is not a moment when some of them is not in sight and doing all manner of funny things. Mr. Ott will introduce his latest singing success, "Maloney and the Brick," and an abundant evening's pleasure is assured.

SOMETHING NEW.

CITY CLERK'S INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFICERS.

There is a new departure this year in relation to the election day work of police officers in the way of printed instructions signed by City Clerk Dadman.

The first circular reads as follows:

The following articles will be delivered by the city clerk to the officers detailed to report to him at the City Hall on the morning of election: Keys to ballot boxes, registering ballot box, emergency ballot box containing ballots and election material, voting lists for state election, two; for city election, four; counting apparatus.

The officer must see that the City Clerk or his assistants deliver to him the boxes, keys, voting lists, etc., to be used in the precinct for which he is detailed; and after receiving the same the officer will be held responsible for the safe delivery of the same, in good order, to the warden or election officer in charge of the polling place, fifteen minutes, at least, before the hour designated for opening the polls. The officer will also return to the City Clerk's office immediately the warden's receipt for ballots.

The second circular reads as follows:

The officer detailed for each precinct will receive from the election officer in charge of the precinct at the close of the meeting day, the following articles for transmission by him to the city clerk's office: Box (securely sealed) containing ballots cast; envelope (securely sealed) containing voting list used in receiving ballots; envelope (securely sealed) containing voting list used in distributing ballots; box containing copies of election laws, stationery, etc. The counting apparatus may be left at the polling place.

The officer will also remember to deliver to the City Clerk the ballot box keys. The officer will also satisfy himself, before receiving the box containing the ballots and the envelopes containing voting lists, that the same are securely sealed and that the certificates thereon are signed by all the election officers.

The articles delivered to him are to be delivered to the City Clerk in the same condition as received.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Miss Maude St. John of Des Moines and Miss Helen Clapp of Shelby were pledged to earn $1 for the Young Women's Christian association of the State university of Iowa. Watched by hundreds they carried out their promise by shining ladies shoes in a leading shoe store. The proprietor paid the young ladies 5 cents a pair. They earned $2.70.

Yesterday being not only the last Sunday before the state election but also the last before the democratic mayoralty convention, it is needless to state that politics formed the principal topic of discussion down town all day.

At the different hotels there was much talk but little betting, in fact, the betting is unusually light this year notwithstanding the great diversity of opinion regarding the probable outcome of the caucuses.

Merrimack Square, particularly the corner of Merrimack and Central street, was a hot bed of political discussions yesterday morning. For years past every fine Sunday, summer and winter, a small crowd of politicians, principally democrats, has congregated for the discussion of politics, their neighbors and other things and persons and they have been known as the "Mallet" club. The corner has steadily grown in popularity as a meeting place for Sunday discussion of politics, and Sunday after Sunday the crowd has grown in proportion Yesterday, however, capped the climax, for at 10.30 o'clock, nearly every democratic politician of any importance in town, excepting Messrs. Pearson and Cummings, was in the square, and Charlie Gregg, patrolling his beat, made up his mind that there was something in the air to bring the clans together and he looked askance at the dozen or more groups. Over at O'Hearn & Dowd's Police Commissioner Brady, Hon. John E. Drury, and a few others were entertaining each other with tales of past campaigns. In the doorway of the Hildreth building James F. Owens, Joe O'Connor and a few more were figuring up Pearson's plurality. At Martin's corner Peter Conaton, Martin Courtney and friends concluded that Van Wyck is to be the Greater New York's first mayor. Near them another group discussed the Cummings-Pearson controversy, while about a dozen of the rank and file took up Ellingwood's corner and osculated the linen on the most prominent questions of the day.

Up at Worthen street the groups formed into pairs discussing troubles of their own, for Ward Two is deeply interested in her school board and council fight this year.

Not in many years have the democrats taken such interest in their mayoralty contest as at the present time.

HALLOWE'EN PARTY.

GIVEN BY THE CHRYSANTHEMUM CLUB.—AN ENJOYABLE EVENING.

The Chrysanthemum club held a very enjoyable Hallowe'en party at the home of Miss Etta Rourke, 511 Lawrence street, Saturday evening. A pleasing musical and literary program was rendered, under the direction of Miss Helen Graney and Miss Kittie Keefe. It consisted of vocal solos by Miss Ella Brennan, Ella Sharkey, Katie Lynch, Helen Graney, Messrs. James Carney and Joseph McElholm; cornet solo, Thomas H. Charles; recitations, Miss Ella Brennan, John Dwyer, John Keegan, Joseph McElholm and Thomas Quinn; selections by the Village Banjo club, Misses Ella Brennan, Etta Sharkey, Katie Lynch, Etta Rourke; piano solos, Misses Ella Brennan and Katie Shanahan. After the entertainment whist and Hallowe'en games were enjoyed until a late hour.

CHILDREN INJURED.

AT THE OLD BOSTON AND MAINE TURN TABLE.

The turn-table outside the old Boston & Maine round house, near the Concord river bridge is of late a favorite playground for children and has been the scene of several accidents within a few days.

Yesterday little Frank Breen had three of his toes crushed in this manner and it may be necessary to amputate one of them.

James Weare son of Foreman Weare of Kittredge's coal yard, also had a toe crushed in the same place yesterday.

John Slack, son of Letter-carrier Slack, was also injured there last Friday.

First class printing done at this office.

LECLAIR'S RESTAURANT.

Louis Leclair, having purchased the well known restaurant at 129 Middle street, has refurnished and fitted up the place and will make a specialty of 20 cent dinners and will serve meals at all hours, day and night. He will also furnish boarders 21 meals a week; for gents, $3.00 and ladies, $2.50; also a dinner ticket good for seven dinners for $1.25. Everything neat and clean and the best table service in the city for the money.

NEW LUMBER COMPANY.

Charles E. Howe, who has been with the Howe Lumber company for years, has severed his connection with that firm and has established a new lumber company, to be known as the Charles E. Howe Company, at 631 Dutton street. Telephone 364-2. See his ad. in this paper.

AN IMPREGNABLE TOMB.

Precautions Taken to Protect Pullman's Grave From Vandal Attacks.

The casket containing the body of the late George M. Pullman now lies in a mass of concrete 1½ feet thick on the bottom and at the sides and 8 feet on top, while bars of steel, placed above the casket, effectually protect it from vandal attacks.

Mr. Pullman's family desired that something be done to render the grave impregnable to attack, for vandalism was feared, particularly in view of the ill feeling engendered because of the great strike of 1894 and threats made against Mr. Pullman's life at that time.

The heavy lead lined mahogany box containing the casket was wrapped in tar paper, upon which was laid an inch coating of asphaltum, which will prevent the ingress of air, and, except in the case of some extraordinary disturbance, will preserve the body and the inclosing casket for ages.

The surface of the concrete floor was reheated, and the fresher substance was laid upon it, the masses coalescing and forming one homogeneous bulk. This incased the asphalted box in a stonelike mass to a level with its upper lid. The grave is a rectangular pit, 12 feet long, 9 feet wide and 8 feet deep, with a flooring of concrete strengthened and made solid by bands of expanded metal.

The men worked until the inclosing walls were half an inch above the asphaltum coating. Then eight heavy steel rails were laid transversely across the top of the box, their ends resting on the concrete walls. The rails were bolted together with iron rods, and then the work of walling in the grave was finished.—New York Herald.

WELL DRESSED BANDITS.

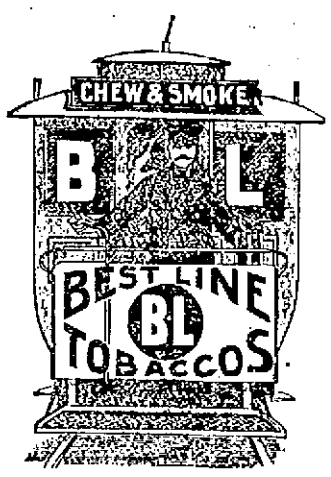
They Ride In a Rubber Tired Buggy. The Horses Have Rubber Shoes.

The settlement of Corlett Station, immediately south of Cleveland, is up in arms.

Residents have converted their homes into arsenals, and do not go abroad at night unless armed. The cause of their fear is three bandits, who dress stylishly and wear plug hats. This gang operates in a rubber tired buggy, drawn by horses shod with rubber shoes. The plan has been to ride up behind a pedestrian, catch him unawares, leap from the buggy, rob him quickly and ride off in the noiseless rig.

James Redmond, who lives on Windfall street, is one of the latest victims. He says he was unaware of the approach of the vehicle until it was almost on top of him. The men leaped from the buggy, throttled him and took what little money he had and drove off.

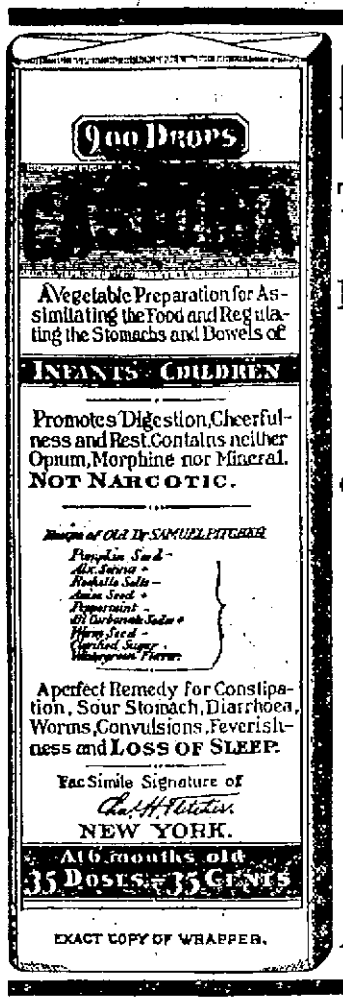
Several times shots have been fired at the bandits, but neither of them, so far as is known, has been wounded.—New York Sun.



The Line to Take.

It touches a spot no other tobacco can —its flavor is perfect—a line suiting all smokers or chewers.

B-L TOBACCOS



CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FAIRY SOAP

PURE—WHITE—FLOATING.

Nothing enters into the manufacture of Fairy Soap but the purest and best materials known to the soapmaker's art and that money can buy.

The Soap of the Century

Sold everywhere in one quality and three convenient sizes, for the toilet, bath and laundry.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

A VERY

Important Announcement

FROM OUR HOUSE

Will Appear in Wednesday's Papers

Watch for it. A startling reduction sale of our entire stock must be inaugurated at once. The sacrifice will be tremendous, but we must have money.

Watch Our Whole Page Advertisement in Wednesday's Papers.

It will tell an unprecedented bargain tale.

$50,000 is Needed

within the next two weeks, and a wholesale sacrifice of our stock is our only means of raising it. Watch Wednesday's papers for the price list. Over confidence in the future prospects of the country. The marvelous low prices and over estimate of the possible increase in fall trade, caused our buyers to buy freely in the months of August and September, and now we are overladed and must raise money. Watch the papers Wednesday. Dress Goods, Cloaks, Furs, Underwear, Hosiery, Blankets, Flannels, Gloves, Men's Furnishings, Ribbons, Handkerchiefs, Carpets, Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, Kitchen Furnishings, etc., at from 1-3 to 1-2 regular prices.

Watch the Lowell Bill Boards and Daily Papers for Further Particulars.

The world of competition will throw up their hands to our efforts this week. Such values were never offered, such prices never before quoted. We will do many things in bargain giving at this sale that will appear marvelous to competitors. Watch our ad. Wednesday.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE Co.

Every Mother should have it in the house for the many common ailments which will occur in every family as long as life has woes. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it. Do not forget the very important and useful fact, that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment cures every form of inflammation, Internal or External. It is a fact, proven by the investigations of medical science, that the real danger from disease is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Could a remedy have existed for over eighty years except for the fact that it does possess extraordinary merit for very many Family Ills? There is not a medicine in use today which has the confidence of the public to so great an extent as this wonderful Anodyne. It has stood upon its own intrinsic merit, while generation after generation have used it with entire satisfaction, and handed down to their children a knowledge of its worth, as a Universal Household Remedy, from infancy to good old age.

All who use it are amazed at its wonderful power and are loud in its praise ever after. For Internal as much as External Use. Our Book "Treatment for Diseases" Mailed Free. Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. Doctor's Signature and Directions on every bottle. Be not afraid to trust what time has endorsed. At all Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

CHARLES W. WHITMAN, For Representative 25th District.

A DARING HOLD UP

Highwaymen Try to Rob a Billerica Storekeeper.

AN OLD MAN TRIED TO HANG HIMSELF.

A Lowell Man Arrested in Lewiston.

A holdup was attempted in Charles Johnson's store in Billerica Centre Saturday night by a stranger who pretended to purchase some fruit. When Mr. Johnson was changing money, the stranger pointed a revolver at him and demanded his money. Mr. Johnson struck him with his crutch.

The stranger, after attempting twice to discharge the revolver, left the store and leaped into a wagon. There were two other men in the wagon and the horse was driven rapidly in a southerly direction. Telephone messages were sent to neighboring towns to arrest the men.

HAVERHILL MAN WANTED.

Louis Espovitch, one of the best known business men in Haverhill, is missing from that city and the police are looking for him, with a warrant charging him with breaking and entering. When the police went after him last week his sister said he was in Lowell, but he has not been seen here.

HE HAD THEM.

A man named Lawrence Duffy was arrested Saturday night while suffering from a severe attack of delirium tremens. He howled himself to sleep in a cell.

TO HANG HIMSELF.

David M. Thompson, who was arrested for drunkenness Saturday night, attempted suicide by hanging himself to the iron door with his suspenders. Officer Ryder discovered him and cut him down before he had done himself much harm. It is said that Thompson has attempted a similar trick before.

WANTS REQUISITION PAPERS.

The following despatch from Lewiston, Me., tells of the arrest of a man wanted in this city:

"William Dionne, who has attained fame in this city during the last few months as a liquor constable, was arrested this afternoon on a warrant from Lowell, charging him with cheating by false pretences, one John Thompson. It was alleged that Dionne was in Lowell last spring and bought some clothes from Mr. Thompson, for which he rendered a check. It is on account of this that he was arrested. Dionne submitted quietly to arrest, but declined to go to Massachusetts without requisition papers. He was taken bonds and the case continued until beforethe court and held under $300 next Saturday.

IN HUNTINGTON HALL, WEDNESDAY NIGHT, THE CLOSING RALLY OF THE CAMPAIGN IN SUPPORT OF LAWRENCE CUMMINGS FOR MAYOR WILL BE HELD. JOHN J. HOGAN, ESQ., WILL PRESIDE AND PROMINENT DEMOCRATS WILL SPEAK.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S. S. "CANADA" (New.)

9000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool;

Thur., Nov. 11, at 10 a. m.
Thur., Dec 9, 10 a. m.

This new twin screw steamer has magnificent accommodations for cabin passengers (equal to the best New York lines), and is the largest and fastest passenger vessel sailing from Boston. (No Live Stock Carried.)

Saloon passage $60 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations), $42.50; round passage, $78.37. Steerage passage $25.50.

For passage, plans, etc., apply to local agents, Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell, or Gen. Passenger Agent, 103 State street, Boston, Mass.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

MAN WOULD LIKE A POSITION AS teamster or at general work. Apply at 210 Appleton street.

THREE GOOD PAINTERS WANTED AT once. 61 Central street, Room 22.

ON ELECTION DAY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

district and they will receive the entire democratic vote.

BETTING ON MAYORALTY NOMINATION.

Betting took a spurt on Saturday. A wager was made of $75 to $25 between two prominent sporting men that Pearson would carry Ward 6. Another wager was offered at odds of $1 to $3 by a Pearson man that Pearson would carry 9 wards but found no takers. Bets and odds offered thus far appear to be something as follows:

For nomination, Pearson 5; Cummings, 4.
Pearson to carry 9 wards, 1 to 8.
Pearson to carry 7 wards, 4 to 5.
Pearson to carry 5 wards, 5 to 4.
To name 3 wards for Pearson, 5 to 2.
To name 1 ward for Cummings, 1 to 2.
To name 5 wards for Pearson, 1 to 2.
To name 2 wards for Pearson, 3 to 1.
To name 1 ward for Pearson, 4 to 1.
To name 2 wards for Cummings even.
To name 3 wards for Cummings, 3 to 5.

To name 5 wards for Cummings, 2 to 5.

Yesterday in his sermon the Rev. Mr. Dick slashed right and left against what he termed the desecration of the Sabbath. Among other things he mentioned the camp in Pelham where Mr. Pearson spends his summer evenings, and sometimes his Sunday afternoons with a number of his friends. The Mail endeavored about a week ago to give the impression that Mr. Pearson goes out to that camp with a number of Lowell friends to play baseball on Sunday. That statement or inuendo was a gross slander. Mr. Pearson's camp is conducted for recreation during the summer season and is in every way quite as respectable as any of the camps up the river. If Rev. Mr. Dick would take a ride to Tyng's Island or along the new state highway he would see a line of camps where men go to spend their summer evenings and sometimes their Sunday afternoons. Of course, if they go there they must bring refreshments or provisions, and anybody who would visit the camp would consequently see tonic bottles, the remains of canned goods, boxes, etc. Nothing more than this was noticed at the Pearson camp at Pelham, and it is a gross injustice for the Mail or Rev. Mr. Dick to impute anything else. It seems that the reverend gentleman should be more certain of his facts than to take the more insinuation of a newspaper as a text upon which to base a sermon, especially when that misrepresents a leading citizen and is calculated to injure his standing in the community.

DEATHS.

CHENEY—John L. Cheney died Sunday morning, October 31, at his residence, 53 Chelmsford street, after an illness of a few hours, at the age of 81 years and 7 months.

Mr. Cheney was born at Weare, N. H., March 20, 1816. He was one of the oldest residents of the city. He was a trustee and one of the vice presidents of the Lowell Five Cent Savings bank and had been a director of the Prescott National bank and a trustee of the Lowell cemetery.

Lowell cemetery. He served three terms in the school committee in 1859, 1861, and 1863.

He leaves a widow, three sons, John E. of Boston, Ewards, and Frank P. of this city, and one daughter, Mrs. Sarah C. Willoughby of Port Townsend, Wash.

DONOGHUE—Mr. David C. Donoghue, aged 27 years, died at his home, 22 Royal street, Saturday noon. He had been in failing health for several years, during which time he went out West, visiting Colorado and southern California. He was a graduate of the High school, class of '85, and entered the employ of the Morning Mail company remaining with it until the time of his going West. He leaves a mother three sisters and a brother to mourn his loss.

RUSS—John Russ, a well known resident of this city, died Sunday at his home in Haverhill, at the age of 86 years.

The deceased was proprietor of the old City Hotel in Belvidere in its prosperous days before the war and kept it for many years.

ALL SUPPORTERS OF HON. FISHER H. PEARSON ARE INVITED TO MEET IN ASSOCIATE HALL WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOV. 3. THE RALLY WILL BE ADDRESSED BY WELL KNOWN SPEAKERS.

STATE'S NAME YET IN DOUBT.

Public Men Disagree as to the Pronunciation of Missouri.

Since the Columbia (Mo.) public school board decreed that all pupils should in future pronounce the name of this state "Mizzoury," sounding the "y" at the end of the word, the members have been literally besieged with letters containing queries, protests, criticisms and words of commendation from all parts of Missouri.

Most of the letters agree with the board in its opinion and urge it to stand firm. Many of the most distinguished men in the state have been heard from, giving their opinions on the subject.

Senator George G. Vest says: "I have always thought the proper pronunciation of the name of our state to be 'Misoori.' This pronunciation obtained among the Indians and is given in the pronouncing gazetteer annexed to Webster's Unabridged Dictionary."

Governor Lon V. Stephens writes: "Let the old pronunciation stand, so that Missouri can hold properly to the abbreviation 'Mo.' That's good enough for me. It was good enough for our fathers. Under the newfangled arrangement it would have to be abbreviated 'My,' wouldn't it?"

Alexander Monroe Dockery of Gallatin, congressman from the Third district, says, "Up here in Grand river we pronounce it as though spelled 'Mizzoury.'"

Champ Clark of Bowling Green, congressman from the North district, says: "The name of this imperial commonwealth should, in my judgment, be pronounced 'Mizzoury' on the great principle that the majority should rule, and I think the majority of Missourians pronounce it that way. In this matter Missourians are supreme. Outsiders don't count."—Kansas City Times.

MRS. M'KINLEY'S CORN HAT.

Novel Millinery Design Added to the White House Museum.

Among the curiosities that Mrs. McKinley recently added to the White House museum is a hat made entirely of corn. The hat was sent to the president's wife from Atchison, Kan., where it has figured in the great corn carnival, which takes place annually in that city to celebrate the success of the season's yield.

The hat which has been sent to Mrs. McKinley was voted the most unique and dainty production of the corn festival. It was designed and made by Mrs. H. J. Cusack of Atchison. So tasteful and original have been Mrs. Cusack's productions in corn costumes that her delighted townspeople have dubbed her the "corn milliner of Kansas." The most peculiar feature of the corn hat is that the corn, having been treated by some special preparation, shines like ivory and makes a most attractive headdress. Worn at night, it would cause a sensation as one of the prettiest and most striking hats ever devised, and few would guess that the wonderful and costly looking head covering was made of corn husks.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Rewards For Arrest of Hog Thieves.

A most unusual offer is that made by Elder Joseph Ballou of Lincoln county, Ky. It is that he will pay $35 reward for the arrest of every negro hog thief in the county and $50 for the capture of every white man who can be convicted of the same offense. Mr. Ballou was asked why he made the difference in the amount offered for the two races for the same charge. He answered, "Because there is less necessity for a white man to steal than a negro, and it is therefore much meaner of the whites to be guilty of such a depredation." Mr. Ballou asked that the county papers announce that he was ready to pay the reward for the arrest of hog thieves, it matters not from whom the porkers may be taken.—Louisville Post.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

This Weather

Makes a fellow think of warmer underwear.

Good time to take advantage of our underwear sale and the great special bargains shown in our window at

50c.

O'Hearn & Dowd

31 to 39 Merrimack Street.

PIANO BUYERS

ARE FLOCKING TO

STEINERT'S

For Reliable Bargains, such as

"EMERSON" Piano, $125
KRANICH and BACH, $150

SEE OUR LINE.

Steinway & Sons, Gabler, Hardman, Braumuller and Pease.

W. STEINERT & SONS CO.

34 PRESCOTT STREET.

BY THE WHISKERS

You Shall be Judged Hereafter

IF YOU DO BUSINESS WITH STREET RAILROAD.

New and Absurd System of Transfers,

The height of damphoolishness appears to have been reached by the local street railroad people in their new transfer check arrangement, which goes into effect today, and which will undoubtedly be short-lived.

Should you ask a conductor on a street car for a transfer after today he will probably look as if a good swear word would do him all the good in the world. Then he will go into his pocket and pull out a long check and after sizing you up as if you owed him something, he will proceed to punch one hole in the check. Then he will ask you on what line you intend to ride after leaving his car and when you overcome your surprise and tell him he will punch again. Then he will punch the time and perhaps by the time he gets ready to give you your check you are beyond the place at which you wished to leave the car.

When you examine the check it has seven pictures of faces on it and you find one of them punched. That's you. The seven faces represent a smooth-faced man, one with moustache, one with full beard, one with goatee, and one with galways, and two women's faces, one wearing a theatre hat which indicates a young woman and the other with a poke bonnet which means a lady of more years than style. You must be one of these seven or you don't get a check. Then the time and names of the lines you use before and after obtaining the transfer are punched. In fact, the transfer is well perforated.

But here's where the rub comes. Suppose you wanted to go to the Northern depot, you would be obliged to tell the conductor just what line you were going on and we'll say he punches "Middlesex street." Then you must wait until the Middlesex street car comes, even if the Chelmsford, Westford, Highlands and North Chelmsford cars go by you in the meantime, for your check will not be accepted in any of them.

If you want to go to the corner of Pawtucket and School streets you must tell by which line you want to go and if you want to go up Central street as far as Tower's Corner you must make a previous declaration of the line by which you mean to get there.

Of course, such an arrangement is decidedly inconvenient and will cause a vigorous kick by the riding public.

On a stormy day, for instance, when a car is crowded, can a conductor collect his fares and punch 50 or 60 and even more separate transfers before he reaches the square before half of his passengers have jumped off without paying fare? If he does, he deserves an increase in pay.

The reason for the faces is unknown, unless it be to identify the person who receives the check and to prevent its being used by somebody else. But for this purpose it furnishes but a vague clue to the identity, as a man in this case is judged solely by his whiskers and a woman by her age. Ye Gods! Think of a woman of uncertain age being punched as an old woman. There's many a "call down" in store for those hapless conductors.

It would be quite as convenient for the conductor to take the passenger's name, address and age when giving out a transfer and it would answer the railroad's purpose much better.

So do not be surprised if you hear of a number of conductors going to the lunatic asylum in the near future.

CATHOLIC NOTES.

Rev. W. D. Joyce, O.M.I., will arrive in Lowell today from Montreal to which city he accompanied Bishop Gaughren.

Arrangements are being made for the holding of a bazaar in the near future, in aid of St. Michael's church.

There will be a reception next Friday evening at St. Patrick's church into the League of the Sacred Heart. Rev. Fr. Reid, S.J., of Boston, will preach the sermon. "Ecce Panis," a duet, adapted to music, from Rossini, and a solo, "The Holy City," with violin obligato, will comprise a portion of the musical program.

Rev. R. S. Burke, has organized a total abstinence society among the boys of St. Patrick's parish.

Rev. Fr. Riley, O.M.I., of Dublin, Ire., preached at the Immaculate Conception church at high mass yesterday morning.

Today is the feast of All Saints and a holiday of obligation in the Catholic church. Masses were celebrated at the usual hours in all the local Catholic churches, the high masses being sung at 9 o'clock. Tonight the eve of the All Saints' day vespers will be sung. Tomorrow will be a day of devotion in the Catholic church and the masses will be at the usual hours.

PERSONAL.

N. B. Crummet of Jackson, N. H., has been visiting the Misses Boynton of 118 Merrimack street, and left today for a brief stay at Concord and Newburyport. While stopping in this city he visited all the public buildings, including the police station, City Hall, and the Central fire station. He was much pleased with all of them, for although 75 years of age, he has not visited Lowell for many years. He expressed great surprise at the many improvements and the systems employed in the various departments.

Republican inspectors of election will have a meeting in republican headquarters this evening when final instructions relating to the state election will be given.

GRAND PEARSON RALLY IN ASSOCIATE HALL WEDNESDAY EVENING AT EIGHT O'CLOCK. PROMINENT DEMOCRATS WILL SPEAK.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

WISHED HE MIGHT DIE

A Fall River Man That Did; He Now Rejoices to Live and Hails With Joy

The Wonderful Medicine That Cured Him.

James Leonard, 317 Fourth street, Fall River, says: "I have been troubled with catarrh since a small boy; in fact, all my life; I have employed many doctors and specialists and spent hundreds of dollars, but could seem to get very little relief. My nose was badly ulcerated in side and the dropping into my throat was something awful. Many times I have walked the floor with my head bandaged and wished I might die, the pain was so awful. My voice became so husky I could not speak distinctly and my throat was at all times very sore and badly irritated. I have used two bottles of California Catarrh Cure, got from Brady's, and already find myself much improved in every way. My voice is certainly much clearer and the ulcers in my head seem to be disappearing. The awful pain is gone. I consider California Catarrh Cure surely a wonderful medicine and am glad to give my testimonial that others suffering as I have may get relief from this terrible disease."

Catarrh in its fully developed forms is a hideous disease involving decay, filth and actual rottenness, with offensive odors in the very seat of the senses of taste and smell; firmly fixed there, it begins to attack the membrane lining the passages leading to the lungs or the stomach; resulting either in consumption, or what is often called dyspepsia. It is really catarrh of the stomach, intestines, liver, kidneys, and various internal passages California Catarrh Cure will cure all forms of catarrh and will even check incipient consumption. All dealers, 50 cents; three times as much, $1.

New Wheel Chain Protector.

In the heat of the chainless wheel discussion comes the announcement of a New York man's invention of a movable gear chain protector that the inventor claims will do away with all the objectionable features of chain attachments. The protector is in the form of a rubber band so fashioned as to be attachable to the chain of any machine and to completely inclose the chain except at those points where contact is necessary with the sprocket wheels. The rubber weighs but seven ounces and can be made up at a cost of about $2. Its advantage over ordinary gear cases is that the latter average nearly five pounds in weight. The inventor claims that his chain protector will be found on many of the standard chain wheels next year as an offset to the bevel gear devices of rival firms.—New York Herald.

A Rapid Horseshoer.

Adolph T. Adler of St. Louis, who holds the world's record as a maker of horseshoes, having made 100 shoes complete in 90 minutes, went to Paterson, N. J., the other day to shoe Vice President Hobart's favorite horse. Adler completed a neat job in ten minutes.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

NO HUMBUG HERE

Lowell Endorsement is What Counts With Lowell Public.

You can't fool the public all the time.

They will find you out at last.
Every time a man is fooled
Another skeptic is made.
Many the remedy that makes the skeptic.
It fails to keep its promises.
Doan's Kidney Pills bring renewed faith.
They cure the skeptic.
Plenty of proof of this at home.
Lowell proof for Lowell people.
Our citizens say they cure backache.
Cure urinary disorders.
Cure sick kidneys.
Experience has taught them this is so.
Conviction for every sufferer.
In the testimony of neighbors and friends.
Read this case:

Mrs. Charles Slowey, 641 Market street, says: "My complaint began with backache, then soreness across the kidneys, followed by urinary trouble. Going up and down stairs was painful. The secretions from the kidneys became scant and pained in passage. Indigestion added its weight, and I was thoroughly depressed. I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills, and got them at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and I want to say now I have no more pains or urinary trouble. Going up and down stairs does not bother me, and the kidney secretions are natural. Doan's Kidney Pills did it and I now have a box in the house that we all take on the first intimation of any more backache."

Price 50 cents per box; for sale by all dealers, or mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

NEW MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Evenings with Wednesday Matinee, Nov. 1, 2, 3.

THE THRILLING MILITARY DRAMA,

BEFORE THE ENEMY

Special scenery, exciting events, pathos, comedy and specialty acts. A strong cast, including Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Paul.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday Evenings and Saturday Matinee, Nov. 4, 5, 6.

The Comedian,

JOE OTT,

In Franklyn Lee's Farce Comedy,

THE STAR GAZER

Under the Direction of Branch O'Brien.

LECLAIR'S RESTAURANT.

Old stand, 129 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Boarders by day or week. ... 20c. Dinners a specialty. Gent's board per week, $3.00; Ladies', $2.25 for 21 meals, also a special dinner ticket. 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Leclair's, 129 Middle Street, Cor. of Palmer Street.

$1.00 PER WEEK PAYMENTS

LADIES' AND MEN'S CLOTHING ON CREDIT.

Our terms are so liberal that everyone can afford to dress well, for you wear your clothes while paying for them.

MEN'S SUITS FROM $5 UP.
OVERCOATS FROM $6 UP.
MEN'S CUSTOM MADE SUITS $15 UP.

NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR CREDIT.

Empire Credit Clothing Co.,

Over 97 Central Street. Open Evenings.

CREDIT TO ALL

FASHION AND ECONOMY

have joined hands at our stores this season. The most fastidious taste will find choice easy, and the most limited purse contains sufficient money to purchase the great values we offer.

LADIES' JACKETS

Strictly tailor-made in the latest styles, from all the desirable materials, and in the new shades, **$5.48 to $24.98.**

LADIES' CAPES

Handsome Kersey Capes, beautifully trimmed with soutache braid, 26 inches long, double box pleat in back, V-shaped collar, two straps across front, in blue and black, worth $10.50, our special price **$8.48.**

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Shoes and Hats, Cash or Credit.

New goods pouring in every day, secured and sold at remarkably low prices. No extra charge for the accommodation. No troublesome enquiries among friends or employees.

Caesar Misch
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

Today and Tomorrow

BARGAIN DAYS IN

FINE MILLINERY

AT

John Drain's, 111 Gorham St.

Our elegant line of Trimmed Hats all marked down. Hats worth $10.00, now $5.49; Hats worth $8.00, now $3.98; Hats worth $7.00, now $2.98, and an elegant line from $1.25 up. $1.25 Sailors and Turbans and shapes of all kinds, all must go at **49c.** Dont' overlook this, you can't afford to. Everybody says they never saw such bargains in Hats.

Flowers, Feathers AND Ribbons

almost given away. Fancy Striped Ribbons, **12c.**, worth 42c. One lot of elegant Black Feathers, 3 in a bunch, such as milliners ask $1.50 a bunch. Our price for this lot, **Only 50c. a Bunch.**

N. Y. Cloak & Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET.

A Gigantic Purchase

2000 NEW GARMENTS.

JUST RECEIVED.—As the result of the extremely mild weather, business has suffered to a great extent. Last week we received notices from several New York manufacturers offering tempting inducements to cash buyers. We availed ourselves of the greatest money saving opportunity of the season, by which we can save you at least one quarter the price of your garment.

JACKETS.

One lot Black Beaver Jackets, strap trimming, star pointed collar, worth $6.75, for $3.50.

One lot Tan Covert Cloth Jackets, fly front, high collar, bound with braid, worth $7.50, for $4.50.

One lot of Black Boucle Jackets, lined throughout, with or without velvet collar, a big bargain, worth $10.75, for $6.75.

1200 new garments to select from. All at bargain prices.

CAPES.

One lot Boucle Capes, fancy lining, edged with Thibet fur, worth $6.75, for $3.95.

One lot Plush Capes, Empire back, jet trimmed and edged with fur, worth $8.50, for $5.75.

FURS.

Electric Seal Collarettes, worth $3.75, for $2.50.

Astrachan Fur Collarettes, worth $3.95, for $2.75.

Fancy Yoke Collarette, worth $6.75, for $4.95.

30 inch Astrachan Capes, full sweep, worth $9.50, for $6.75.

33 inch China Lynx Capes, collar and edge of Astrachan, worth $12.50, for $6.75.

Electric Seal Jackets, whole skins, worth $32.50, for $17.50.

Astrachan Fur Jackets, whole skins from $14.75 to $32.50.

Bargains in New Waists, 49c. to $4.98.

Bargains in New Skirts, $1.95 to $15.

Bargains in Mackintoshes.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.
SUN BUILDING,
Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

THE SUN IS
A Member of the Associated Press

FOR GOVERNOR,
George Fred Williams of Dedham

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
Christopher T. Callahan of Holyoke

FOR SENATOR, Seventh District,
Edward D. McVey of Lowell

FOR SENATOR, Sixth District,
Alvin Fisher of Westford

Mr. Cummings' friends by their indiscretions are continually compromising him in one way or another, to such an extent that he might well cry "Save me from my friends!"

The Board of Aldermen of this city recognizes the advantages of wide tires on wagons. This is not complimentary to Superintendent Fowler, because the wide tires are usually adopted as a means of getting over muddy streets without any danger of disappearing.

The railroad commissioners are forcing some companies to use vestibule cars in the winter on long routes. This is a step in the right direction, because the exposure which motormen and conductors have to endure in the winter time on the ordinary cars endangers their lives.

Mayor Quincy has been a great advocate of a single chamber in preference to a board of aldermen and common council in Boston. On Tuesday next the city will vote upon the question of adopting a single chamber system and will probably reject it. Its rejection would be a severe rebuke to Mayor Quincy.

The New York Central railroad officials are endeavoring to make it appear that the railroad disaster on the Hudson river was due to a dynamite explosion. The first theory advanced, however, was the more likely to be true—that is, that the undermining of a retaining wall caused the sinking of the track and resulted in the disaster.

VOTE FOR WILLIAMS.

In all the leading cities of the state Hon. George Fred Williams has discussed the issues of the campaign as laid down in the platform adopted at Worcester. There has not been a single republican to question him. Dr. Everett has made a feeble effort to discredit Mr. Williams, but he is regarded as the devotee of a lost cause, the champion of a coterie of bolters from the regular democratic ticket. Williams stands for bimetallism, the money of the constitution; he stands for the principles of true democracy which condemn trusts and monopolies, which preclude government by injunction, the tyranny of petty judges and guarantee the right of every man to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. The gold standard favored by republicans and their democratic allies is responsible for the hard times which distressed this country for the last four years. As gold appreciated in value; everything else depreciated except where kept up temporarily by special causes as wheat is now kept up by demand from abroad. This caused the falling markets which paralyzed trade and drove capital out of business into the coffers of the goldbugs. It, moreover, robbed the people who had borrowed money on time contracts, compelling them to pay the full amount in dollars about twice as valuable. Not the least deplorable effect of the gold standard is to make the United States a dependency of England, so far as finances are concerned. So far reaching are the evils of the gold standard that every friend of justice, of honesty, should be glad to have the privilege of entering his protest against its continuation by voting for Hon. George Fred Williams and the entire democratic ticket next Tuesday.

POLITICAL CONTEST.

Next Tuesday will decide many important political contests. In our own state the annual election will take place; but that will be so one-sided that there is little interest shown in the outcome. The all absorbing contest is that over the mayoralty of the Greater New York. The situation has been complicated by the death of Henry George and it is now apparent that Van Wyck will be the chief gainer by Mr. George's death. The nomination of Henry George, Jr., will not hold the George vote and the defection will go mainly to Van Wyck. It is believed that in case Platt sees his defeat in advance, he will throw votes enough to Van Wyck to elect him.

The death of George has cast a tragic element into the campaign and it is difficult to foretell what the outcome will be. The betting, if that indicates anything is chiefly in Van Wyck's favor and altogether it appears that Platt will be beaten in his effort to carry the election for the republican machine, notwithstanding the fact that he has had three million dollars at his command and 10,000 men canvassing every vote in the city in Tracy's favor.

Out in Ohio is another contest that attracts national attention. It is a movement to defeat Mr. Hanna in his candidacy for re-election to the United States senate. William J. Bryan has entered the field to oppose his candidacy and is following Hanna in a special car throughout the state. Bryan's speeches are listened to by vast multitudes of people and the enthusiasm is unbounded. Just at present it looks as if Hanna would be defeated and a democratic governor elected. This would be a sore defeat for the republican party, and if money can purchase Hanna's election it is safe to say that it will be furnished by the money kings of the country.

On November 2d, the great question of selling the property of the Union Pacific railroad will also be decided. If this sale takes place, it will result in plundering the United States government of $20,000,000. President McKinley and his attorney general will be held responsible for this conspiracy to rob the government because they could easily prevent it by having the sale postponed until congress meets. Mr. McKenna interposed a slight objection to the sale, but it is probable that it will go on, as originally arranged.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Boston Post—An honest man, unquestionably, aggressively honest, and having the courage of his faith, is lost to the world in the death of Henry George. He was strong with the people because the people believed in his sincerity; they trusted him even when they could not follow to the end his theories, for they knew him to be a true man, true to them and true to his conscience.

Henry George was in the best sense of the word a "brainy" man, vigorous, intelligent, energetic. He compelled respect by his strength of character and won devotion by his unselfish zeal for the general good. The death of such a man is a distinct loss to the country. It is a loss to humanity at large.

Lawrence Tribune—In the New York city campaign, the New York Tribune "founded by Horace Greeley," opposes Senator Platt's candidate, Tracy, and supports Seth Low. The New York Journal, the exponent of Bryan democracy, supports the Tammany ticket, occasionally says a kind word for Henry George, and is opposed to Croker, who dictated the nomination of the Tammany candidates. The New York Sun, long the opponent of stalwart democracy and at one time Platt's most caustic critic, is now unique among metropolitan papers for its defence of Platt and support of his ticket. The position of the New York papers indicates the complicated character of the campaign in the big city. The best estimate at present is that the fight will be anybody's until the votes are counted. A Citizen's Union candidate sententiously says the result depends on the silent vote, which he declares will speak. Such, it would appear, is a correct estimate of the situation.

Boston Herald—The Sun has been the advocate of Tammany Hall from the days of William M. Tweed downward, and the manner in which it is aiding it now is consonant with the Sun's favorite methods. The only hope of success for Tammany Hall this year was in dividing the republican party, and no paper began earlier in the effort to do this than did the New York Sun, or has since continued in it with more persistency. Tammany Hall, we may be sure, does not fail to appreciate this service.

Burlington Free Press—It is about time for T. C. Platt to ask "Is my hale on straight?"

Springfield Republican—The question now looming up in our relations with Spain is not what McKinley will do but what Congress will do. The President doubtless is well disposed to allow the new policy of the Sagasta cabinet to have a fair trial, but congress may make a bolt for "Cuba Libre" and war. Now if the president cannot control his own cabinet officers or his commissioner of patents in the New York election, can he hope to control Congress?

Boston Pilot—The political situation in Massachusetts is exasperating, but anybody who cares for the welfare of democracy cannot help wishing that the enemy would abduct, suppress or otherwise "shanghai" a few of the mugwumps whose conversion to democracy has been rather a source of embarrassment than a benefit to the old party of American principles, however profitable it may have been to the converts themselves. Perhaps this view of the case does injustice to some sincere converts; but the embarrassing fact remains that a State half democratic, and a city more than half democratic, are both liable to be ruled by the minority opposition. How do the "practical politicians," who "blanked" literary fellers explain the know so much more than the phenomonon.

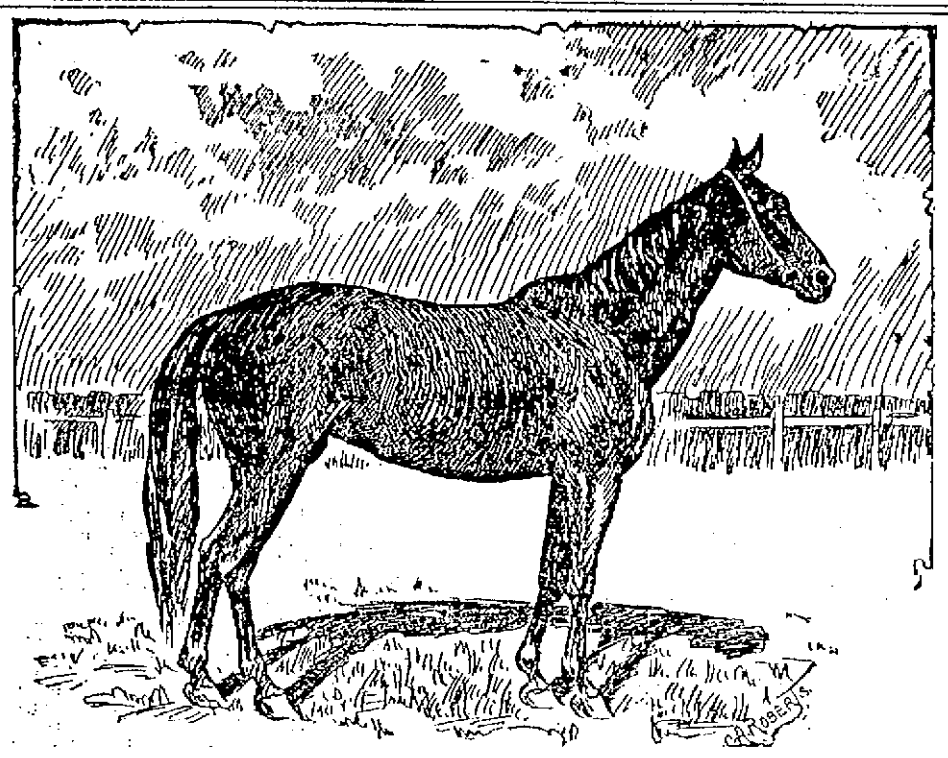
New York Journal—Somebody is circulating a list of names of candidates for office in this city who "do not believe in certain specified principles." These principles are that no supporter of an "ecclesiastical power not created and controlled by the American people should hold office, control education or be employed as teachers."

The meaning of this sneaking effort to stir up religious feeling and injure candidates by innuendo is plain, but it is a contemptible business. Candidates cannot be harmed by such cowardly tactics in the estimation of self-respecting citizens.

Citizen—If the democratic voters who next week are to choose between Messrs. Pearson and Cummings for the nomination for mayor, are not enlightened upon the merits of the candidates, it will not be the fault of the aspirants and their spell binding friends. Such a campaign as they are making is a novelty in Lowell.

First class job printing done at this office.

BETTER than cure is prevention. By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla you may keep well, with pure blood, strong nerves and a good APPETITE.



"IRENE," Lowell's fast bay mare, with a record of 2.19 1-2, made at Dover, N. H., this season. She is owned by Frank L. Richards of Lowell.

GEN. BLANCO AT HAVANA

The New Governor General of Cuba in Command.

Two Proclamations are Issued—Announcing the Beginning of a New Policy—The Fight to be Continued.

Havana, Nov. 1.—Sunday morning the Spanish cruiser Alphonso with Marshal Blanco, the new governor general of Cuba, on board, entered the harbor, and Lieutenant General Weyler, Marquis Ahumada, Admiral Navarro and other military and naval officers went in a special steamer to meet General Blanco. After a long and cordial conference Captain General Weyler yielded up his command.

CAPTAIN GENERAL BLANCO.

According to the official account, when Blanco landed he was "enthusiastically greeted" by the populace, which shouted "Long live Blanco." The vessels in the harbor and the streets were gaily decorated.

When Marshall Blanco arrived at the palace he was met by the civil and military authorities and by deputations representing the various political parties, and then proceeded to the hall of conference, where, in accordance with the ritual and ceremony customary on such occasions, he took the oath of fidelity to Spain. He then appeared upon the balcony and reviewed the troops.

Subsequently Marshal Blanco issued the following proclamation to the inhabitants of Cuba: "I am again among you, with good will and a desire to serve the general welfare and to establish a lasting peace. I shall follow a broad policy in my endeavor to restore fraternity among all of Cuba's inhabitants. I am sincere in my intention to inaugurate a new government policy, the object of which will be to secure and preserve peace. I hope you will all salute and embrace the Spanish flag, throwing aside all party prejudices and discarding alliances with those who are staining the country with blood. Clemency awaits all who observe the law; but, however regretable it may be, I shall rigorously fig' ' those who obstinately or ungratefu continue to carry on war."

The following proclamation was issued by Marshal Blanco to the armed forces of the island: "I desire to express my admiration for you who, in two years of hard campaigning, have always bravely fought the infamous revolution. This I soon expect to suppress through your heroic efforts and with the concurrence of the whole country, which will unhesitatingly side with us to fight the victims of hallucination who aspire only to what must bring their complete destruction, to what offers, as the only compensation, treason to the history of their race or the sale of their country to the foreigner. Let there be war, therefore, on the stubborn enemies of the Spanish people and protection for those who seek the clemency of Spain; and let this war, which dishonors us and is making us penniless, end forever."

There is no reference to autonomy in either proclamation, and both have produced a bad effect upon the sympathizers with the insurgents. Marshal Blanco, when formally assuming his new functions, said to the deputations of the Conservative, Autonomist and Reformist parties that in order to obtain peace through the new policy it would be necessary for all political parties to unite. To the military deputations he said that he would answer war by war, repeating the substance of his proclamation in that respect. He made no overtures of autonomy, nor did he express any preference for any of the Cuban political parties.

Lieutenant General Weyler and Marshal Blanco exchanged farewells, and the steamer Montserrat sailed. She was escorted out of the harbor by numerous tugs laden with the friends of the departing general and the officers of his staff. An immense crowd witnessed the departure from the wharves. According to the official account, the people cheered for "Weyler, the pacificator."

PARAGRAPHS ON BASEBALL.

"Billy" Joyce is at the Hot Springs for the winter.

The All-Americans and Baltimores cleared $600 in Topeka.

Pitcher Gallagher of Newport is studying law.

Swartwood will be a member of Nick Young's corps of umpires in '98.

William H. Fox, who has played short stop for Holy Cross three seasons, has signed with Milwaukee.

Hamilton has a batting percentage of .378 for the last five seasons. Duffy's is .362 for the same period.

Upon his arrival home in Cedar Rapids, Ia., Pitcher Hoffer of the Baltimores was greeted by a company of friends and neighbors and presented with a silver service.

John Foster, for many seasons official scorer of the Cleveland club, remarks: "Probably we have seen the last of the Temple cup games, and once more the baseball writer can open the covers of his book of adages and resurrect and italicize with another long, black mark, that sterling proverb about the slaughter of the goose that laid the golden eggs."

In 98 games Tom Tucker accepted 967 chances, with an average of .982, says the Washington Post. Tom was handicapped by wild, and what Chris Von Der Ahe calls versatile, throwing. It is doubtful if any first baseman in the major league was handicapped by such erratic throwing as Tucker, though he manged to seize everything that came within arms' length.

We found the real find of the year in Calahan. There is the marvel. He is the only player in the league to get a record in no less than four positions. He pitched 23 games, he played in the field in 22, he covered second in 30, and he was at short in 18.—Sporting Life.

The manager of the Westfield, Mass., team wanted to win the championship of the Hampden-Hampshire league so badly that the association went $400 in debt in securing professional players from the big league for the closing games.

The veteran baseball writer, Mr. Chadwick, says: "In estimating victories and defeats pitched in, I judge the result, where two or more pitchers take part on one side, according to the runs scored off the pitching, as there are no data in the scores to show the runs earned off each pitcher. If a pitcher goes in and six runs or more are scored off his pitching in two innings, and only four off the one who succeeds him in the defeat, I charge the former with the defeat. The man is obliged to be mixed up any way under the existing faulty rules for scoring the pitcher's work."

The Western league has inaugurated a new departure in the score card privilege. It has engaged J. D. W. King of Chicago to handle the entire business for the league, which will divide the profits of the enterprise at the end of next season. Mr. King will be paid a salary of $2600, out of which he will pay his own expenses, for soliciting the advertisements in each of the eight cities in the circuit, and under his direction the cards will be printed and apportioned among the several clubs as they may desire.

The Greater Puritan

Greater in quantity
Greater in quality
Greater in the hearts of the people

10 cents—$1 a year—all newsstands, or of Frank A. Munsey, New York.

REPORT OF DEATHS.

FOR WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30.

LOWELL.

20—Emma Paquin, 3 mos., gastro enteritis.
James Polson, 64, heart disease.
Arthur J. Hurd, 13, disease of heart.
Charles H. Wilso , 6 mos., brain disease.
Emelie Desrosiers, 5 mos., meningitis.
23—Theodosia Simmons, 52, cerebral hemorrhage.
Laurence J. Smith, 47, structural disease of brain.
Henriette Julian, 6, diphtheria.
Harriet Sunderland, 3, marasmus.
J. Owen McPartland, 1 mo., general debility.
Wilfred Murphy, 3 days, debility.
24—Albert C. Bickford, 78, albuminuria.
James O. Atherton, 65, mitral stenosis.
Matthew Kearns, 52, cirrhosis of liver.
Patrick S. Mann, 1, congestion of lungs.
Cyrille Beauchemin, 17 days, general debility.
25—Eliza B. Fiske, 82, senile debility.
Catherine Bailey, 62, pneumonia.
Addie A. Williamson, 53, cancer.
John Garrity, 45, apoplexy.
Timothy F. McCarty, 2 mos., marasmus.
Henry Lallberty, 11 days., chol. infl.
Joseph D. Marchand, 3 days, bronchitis.
26—Myrtle E. Symonds, 35, phthisis.
George E. Seymour, 3 mos., inanition.
Lillian E. Bjorkman, 3 mos., convulsions.
27—Alexander W. Chisholm, 30, multiple fracture.
Henry J. Farrell, 1, convulsions.
Francis Flanagan, 12 hours., inanition.
William Beaulieu, 9, pneumonia.
Joseph J. Roy, 1, pneumonia.
Joseph Pare, 1, gastro enteritis.
Susan E. Calnan, 3 mos., enteritis.
Michael Scanlon, 1 mo., convulsions.
29—John Gately, 77, general debility.
Edward Donnelly, 32, sarcoma.
George Leahy, 1 mo., gastro enteritis.

—Girard P. Dadman,
City Clerk.

HALLOWE'EN PARTY.

The Hallowe'en festival at St. Paul's M. E. church Saturday night was a very enjoyable affair and attracted a large attendance.

The several tables were supervised as follows:

Refreshment—Misses Annie Stratton, Nora Dwyer, assisted by Millie and Gladys McMahon, Isabel Caddell, Alice Brown.

Chestnut stand—Albert and Grace Coburn.

Apple stand—Lillian and Florence Holgate.

Banberry Turnover—Made and sold by Miss Bertha Cleworth.

Candy stand—This was in the form of a big pumpkin filled with candy, Mrs. Charles Naylor in charge.

Pop Corn table—Annie Mosher.

A liberally applauded entertainment program was as follows: Piano solo, Kenneth Brown; songs, Blanche Martin, Florence Holgate, Grace Stratton, George Brindjohn; reading by Louise Naylor, Bertha Cleworth.

George and Martha Washington in costume, represented by Roy Richardson and Marion Savage. "George" carried his little hatchet.

First class printing done at this office.

A BOSTON MURDER

New York Woman Kills Paramour's Wife.

THREE FATAL SHOTS FIRED WITHOUT CAUSE.

Spent a Fortune in Reckless Living.

Boston, Nov. 1.—Mrs. Catherine Francis Murphy of Myrtle street was shot three times in the head Saturday afternoon by Nellie J. Peterkin of New York and died later from her injuries. The Peterkin woman was subsequently arrested and locked up on a charge of murder. She made a confession, claiming that the deed was the result of a quarrel. After a further investigation the police formed the opinion that jealousy was what prompted Mrs. Peterkin to commit the deed. The latter had been in this city about six years, coming from New York, and it is alleged that she formed an attachment for Murphy which, however, seems to have turned to hate because her love was not reciprocated.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30th.

LOWELL.

Thomas Quinlan to John J. O'Connell land with buildings on Kinsman street, $1.

Thomas C. Lee, trustee, to James E. Reville, lot of land in Highland street, $75.

Albert J. Ryan to Jennie S. Dunfey, lot of land in Fourth avenue, $1.

Almon A. Milliken to John N. Dunfey lot of land on Mt. Hope street, $335.

Samuel N. Harris to Ernest Sexsmith, land with buildings on Howard street, $1.

John B. Pilling to William A. Ingham, land with buildings on Schafer street, $1.

David L. Bradt to Jotham Goodell, land with buildings corner Pine and Wilder streets, $1.

Abba Smith et al., to Warren J. Gould, land in Middlesex Village, $1.

CHELMSFORD.

William E. Livingston to Patrick T. McMahon, lot of land at North Chelmsford, $1.

Azro H. Hobodcraft to Harriet Preston, lot of land at Orleans Park, $1.

Frank N. Hodges to Julia A. Green, et al., land with buildings at South Chelmsford, $1.

VESPERS DEFEAT THE LEXINGTONS.

The Vesper Country club golf team defeated the Lexingtons for the fourth time this season Saturday afternoon in a contest for the neighborhood cup. The visitors brought a good team, and its members played good, steady golf, some excellent scores being made by both clubs. The Vespers will probably hold the cup until next year, having won it a year ago this fall. The score:

Vesper—(Holes up) Thorpe 6, Chadwick 5, Perkins 0; Corwin 0, Bean 0, Connell 0; total, 11.

Lexington—(Holes up) Griffiths 0; Tyler 0, Page 2; Chase 1, Sewall 2, Lockwood 2; total, 7.

DEGREE WORK.

At Manchester Unity hall, in the Runels building, Saturday night, the work of the Purple degree was conferred on twenty Past Grand Masters of the Manchester Unity Odd Fellows. The principal officers in charge were as follows: District Provincial Grand Master J. P. Dane, Nashua; D. G. M., Geo. E. Tetley, Lawrence; G. Sec'y, J. W. Gregg, Lowell; Grand Warden, W. H. Woolhouse; Grand Chaplain, John Dean, Lowell Past Grand Masters K. J. McKenzie and Geo. Ensley, Lowell; and other magnates from Lawrence, Boston, Nashua, Manchester, Maynard and Forge Village.

WEEKLY MORTALITY.

For the week ending October 30, 1897—Population, 87,000. Total deaths, 38; deaths under five, 20; infectious diseases, 1; acute lung diseases, 3; diphtheria, 1.

Death rate, 22.7 against 25.7 and 17.9 for the previous two weeks.

FAT A BURDEN.

Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and Salt Will Take it Off—Some Reduced a Pound a Day.

Mrs. James B. (Fanny) Donovan, of the Donovans' Irish Sketch Artists, took Dr. Edison's Obesity treatment with the best results:

Messrs. Loring & Co., New York City:

Gentlemen:—About the first of January my stoutness had become burdensome and ungainly and my being in the theatrical profession it interfered with my acting, singing and dancing. I had tried everything to reduce me but could get no relief. I began to use Dr. Edison's Pills and Salt, and at once commenced to reduce, until now I am down to my normal weight. That distressed, heavy and languid feeling is entirely gone, and I feel like a new woman. Shortness of breath, with which I was greatly troubled, has been completely cured. I can safely recommend the Pills and Salt as the only true and effective flesh reducers in the world. Yours truly,

MRS. JAMES B. DONOVAN.

FANNY DONOVAN

No "tonics," "nervines," "sarsaparillas," or other medicines required when these remedies are used. Our goods are sold by all first-class druggists.

THE HENRY MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 42 W. 22d Street, New York city, (Medical Department of Loring & Co.) is the largest and best appointed in the world. Its physicians are the most skilful and its appliances for the successful treatment of all diseases are the most complete and embrace every recent worthy invention for the benefit of suffering mankind. Electrical Sanitarium—Powerful and elaborate electrical apparatus for the reduction of obesity and the cure of nervous exhaustion and all chronic diseases of men and women. Dermatological department—Superfluous hair and facial blemishes removed. Special surgery. Free advice about any disease. Rupture cured.

One bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills costs only $1.50; one bottle of Dr. Edison's Obesity Salt costs only $1. Send mail orders to Loring & Co., general agents for the United States.

We send free "How To Cure Obesity."

LORING & CO., DEPT. 110.
No. 42 W. 22nd St., New York City.
No. 3 Hamilton Place, Boston, Mass.
Nos. 66-62 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

Infectious diseases reported: Typhoid fever, 5; scarlet fever, 6; diphtheria, 1; membraneous croup, 1; measles, 1.

BLUE PEOPLE BRIGHT.

The business man's friend, Bicola Pills, are a scientific remedy, and the only perfect cure for the diseases of the nervous system. A remedy adapted for the banker, doctor, lawyer, preacher, and merchant. While Bicola Pills are intended for all who are afflicted with nervous weakness, they are particularly adapted to women suffering from a weakened condition of the nervous system, with prostration, faintness, etc. Bicola Pills give immediate relief—for rheumatism, and all blood and nervous troubles. Discovered and perfected by THE TURNERS of Philadelphia. The Turners also make

TARZINA—The only ointment for skin troubles. Cures Piles.
TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—A very small pill. Turns your liver.

SPECIAL AGENTS IN LOWELL.

F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., O. L. Field, F. C. Goodale, Delisle Beaulieu & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shirley, Anders Thomassun, J. S. Westwood, George A. Wilson & Co.

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Sold at wholesale and retail. Both large and small orders solicited.
Quick Delivery and Satisfactory Prices Guaranteed.

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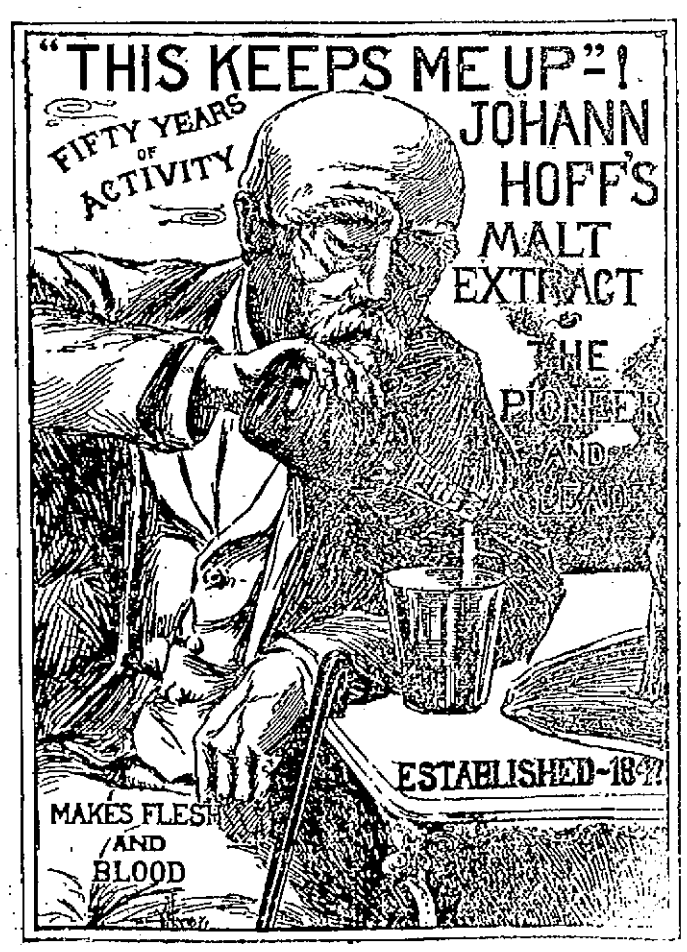


APOSTLE OF EQUAL RIGHTS

Henry George Buried With Great Solemnity at New York Yesterday.

Thousands View the Remains—Dr. McGlynn Speaks of of the Dead as a Divine Messenger—Episcopal Service at Grave.

New York, Nov. 1.—The body of Henry George, author of "Progress and Poverty," and recent nominee of the Democracy of Thomas Jefferson for first mayor of greater New York, lay in state at the Grand Central palace Sunday and was viewed by tens of thousands of people. From 9 o'clock in the morning until 2 in the afternoon a steady stream of men, women and children poured in with reverent gaze and took a last look at the man who died while fighting for a cause in which he believed.

The immense throng was composed of representatives of all classes, of all shades of life, of all religious and nonreligious opinion. On every face was stamped the unmistakable sign of sincere regret, while hundreds of faces were drawn with suffering and pain. To thousands of those who passed by, Henry George was personally known, and it was these who lingered for a moment to gaze again on the face of the man they loved and honored. Many there were who were so affected that with an unshamed tear glistening they turned out of the line and pleaded with the guard of honor for still one more last look at the features of the fallen tribune. Nor were they disappointed, for the guard would place their arms about the mourning ones and tenderly lead them back to the plain black casket in which Henry George rested. The children, of whom there were hundreds, were raised aloft by the guards and held while they gazed at the features of a man whose funeral and whose memory they will remember and honor.

In the early light of day the body was moved in a plain hearse from the hotel to the palace unattended save by the guards of honor and four policemen. Behind the hearse came a single carriage containing Anna George, the youngest daughter, who insisted upon accompanying the body to the Grand Central palace. No persuasion could sway her from her purpose. Weeping bitterly, she stood at the head of the stairs at the hotel and begged to be permitted to go. She wished to arrange the flowers about the casket in which her father's remains reposed. Pleadings proving vain, she became importunate and refused to permit the body to be taken away unless she accompanied it. The other members of the family, their grief emphasized by the child's utter abandon of anguish, yielded, and Richard George, her brother, accompanied her to the palace. There with loving hands she arranged the flowers as she would have them, and permitted no one to lend the slightest aid.

The Body Lying In State.

It was 9 o'clock when the doors were opened and immediately several hundred who had been waiting without entered the hall with bared heads. They saw at the head of the hall an immense bower of floral tributes and in the center a plain, heavy, black, cloth-covered casket resting on a dais. Through the glass they saw the dead man reposing calmly, his pale features unruffled, as if in sleep, the left arm resting lightly on the breast, the other by the side. The remains were clad in black broadcloth, a turn-down collar and a plain black tie.

For the first half hour the throng filing up the hall in double file passed at the rate of 1500 an hour, but shortly the numbers swelled and grew until at one time 60 passed in one minute. At the rate of 5000 an hour the crowd passed until the churches emptied their audiences into the vast concourse which was wending its way down from Forty-sixth street to the palace, and which filled Forty-sixth street and Third avenue for many blocks. For the last two hours the crowd came in at the rate of 6000 an hour. This is the highest rate obtainable under such circumstances as these. Any greater celerity would have meant an undignified, irreverential rush. In this throng were a few celebrities. There were noticed Abram Cahan, author and socialist leader; Maurice J. Powers, John J. Maher and Allen Johnson, a brother of Tom Johnson. August Lewis, single taxer, wept bitterly as he passed by and tenderly laid a bunch of violets on the glass. A woman, who followed in the line about an hour later, laid as her tribute a modest bunch of pinks alongside the violets. At 3 o'clock or a few minutes before the line was stopped and those who could not get in were compelled to turn back and get out from the police lines. A careful estimate of the number who could not get in places it at 50,000.

Then came another throng—those who wished to hear the eminent divines deliver the oration over the remains. During the last hour the orchestra played Chopin's funeral march, Handel's largo and the "Lost Chord." Floral decorations were profuse. There was a mass of wreathed flowers from the Chicago Single Tax club. On the card accompanying the wreath was the following verse:

The friend of man.
O ye whose cheek the tear of pity stains
Draw near with pious reverence and attend.
Here lie the loving husband's dear remains,
The tender father and the generous friend;
The pitying heart that felt for human woe,
The dauntless heart that feared no human pride;
The friend of man, to vice alone a foe,
For e'en his failings leaned to virtue's side.

At the back of the platform, on a heavy crepe background, was a portrait of Henry George surrounded with American flags. At the front of the platform stood a bust of the fallen leader, modelled by his son, Richard. At the foot of the pedestal upon which the bronze rested were floral tributes.

It was estimated that nearly 6000 people were in the hall during the service. It had been announced that the exercises would begin at 3 o'clock, but owing to the difficulty experienced in reaching the hall, the mourners and the friends of the family did not arrive until about 20 minutes after that hour. The family and intimate friends occupied the reserved seats on the right and facing the platform. The reserved seats on the left were occupied by the pallbearers and the ushers. The pallbearers were: Tom L. Johnson, August Lewis, Andrew McLean, Thomas G. Shearman, Arthur McEwen, Louis F. Post, Jerome O'Neill and Charles Frederick Adams. The honorary pallbearers, some of whom sat on the platform, included Mayor Strong, Mayor Wurster, Willis J. Abbot, Albert J. Johnson, John P. Cranford, Charles W. Dayton, George C. Eggleston, Horace White, Edward McHugh, Bolton Hall, John Wilmer, Charles O. Hennessy, John Swinton, Lawson Purdy, John H. Girdner, A. Van Deusen, John R. Waters, M. R. Leverson, Frank Stephens and Robert Schalkenbach.

Mayor Strong sat at the center of the platform surrounded by a number of the more distinguished persons present. Behind the mayor sat Seth Low, with Colonel George F. Waring by his side. Among others present were John Jerolemen, Mayor Gleason of Long Island City, Austen G. Fox, Edward King, E. Grout, Nathan Straus, Joseph Larocque, J. I. C. Clarke, Senator Guy, Sheriff Tamsen and Oscar Straus.

The exercises began with the singing of the hymn, "Lead Kindly Light," by the Plymouth church quartet. This hymn was selected by Mrs. George. The Rev. Dr. R. Heber Newton, who was Mr. George's warm friend as well as pastor, then read the burial services. Dr. Newton did not wear his priestly robes. The service therefore was in a way entirely informal, there being also no responses. It was, however, the regular burial service of the Episcopal church.

At the conclusion of the service the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott spoke briefly upon the character and public services of Henry George.

Rabbi Gottheil was the next speaker. He said: "Before the civic contest is decided in which this brave man staked his life, death has cast his irrevocable vote in favor of him and crowned him victor in the race for a crown that outshines and will outlast the transient triumphs of the coming battle. It is a race for a worthy manhood and a benefactor of his kind. Friend and foe stand side by side in reverent awe by his lifeless frame. In sealing up his lips forever, death opens those of myriads to speak his praise and manifest their gratitude to the man whose thoughts were ever for liberty, justice and humanity."

"A Man Sent From God."

After another hymn by the choir the Rev. Dr. Edward McGlynn spoke. Prior to his address the vast assemblage had preserved a church-like quiet, but the ringing words of Dr. McGlynn soon evoked an outburst of applause which could not be repressed. Dr. McGlynn spoke with great feeling, but his evident grief at the loss of his old friend did not prevent the display of some characteristic flights of eloquence. "We stand upon ground that is made sacred by the remains of a man who was raised from among us by our Father in heaven to spread the messages of truth and righteousness and justice and peace to all," said Father McGlynn. "He died in a struggle for the cause of humanity and especially that of New York, but it was altogether too small for his broad mind and indomitable energy. The struggle in which he has always been engaged was for the rights of man and for justice to all.

"He was simply a seer, a prophet, a forerunner sent by God, and we can say in all reverence and in the words of the scriptures, when they said that 'there was a man sent from God whose name was John,' he was sent to bear witness of the light. I believe I am not guilty of any profanation of the sacred scriptures when I say there was a man sent from God, and his name was Henry George.

"Why is this vast gathering assembled here today? Why is it that vast multitudes have come here from early morn to gaze mournfully and lovingly on his face and to again contemplate the noble character of the man? It is because there was sent from God that man, Henry George, and that we should receive the message sent us by the great messenger of death and maintain the teachings of which he was the indomitable advocate. It would indeed be a pity that such a man should be elected mayor of New York. It would be a pity that he should be compelled to bear the petty crosses, the unending strife and the unceasing troubles of such a position. He has died as such a man as he should have died.

"His life is before the whole world," Father McGlynn concluded, "like an open book. Today he occupies far greater, far higher positions than the president of the United States or the mayor of the city of New York. When the names of mayors of New York and presidents of the United States will be called to memory by an allusion in history or a niche in one of the walls of the parliament of nations, the world will look back with reverence and with love upon the name of Henry George."

It was barely 7 o'clock when Begg's band commenced to play "Flee as a Bird to the Mountain," which was a most solemn dirge. When the strains had been heard at the end of the building there appeared six attendants to the undertaker, bearing upon their shoulders the casket containing the remains of the great writer. It took but a moment to ascend the steps leading to the top of the catafalque, which was about 12 feet from the ground. As soon as the casket had been placed on top it was fastened to prevent it from falling. The order to march was then given. Headed by the police, followed by the band and Colonel Waring on horseback, the procession moved. The horses of jet black were covered with black silk netting and were led by 16 grooms. The only emblem on the top of the casket was a white wreath. There was some disappointment in the small number of followers, and it was conservatively estimated that there were less than 2500 men in line.

When the open space in front of the hotels in Twenty-third and Twenty-fifth streets was reached there was a tremendous crowd. There were a number of old men here who seemed to be interested, for they stood with bare heads from the time the police appeared until nearly all the procession had passed. At Twenty-third street is a Van Wyck banner, but this had been drawn, and none of it could be read. When the south side of Union square was reached the band that had preceded the catafalque fell out of line and, taking a stand on the sidewalk, played a dirge while the remainder of the procession passed. It was 8 o'clock when the head of the procession rounded into Broadway again from Fourteenth street. Just as the procession reached Grace church the bells commenced to toll. This, it was noticed, was the only church that had paid this respect to the dead man. He was an Episcopalian. After the band had dropped out the police continued their march in advance, and the bridge was reached at 8:45 o'clock.

When the procession had passed the city hall the pallbearers took down the casket from the catafalque and placed it in a hearse. The hearse drove slowly by the line which still kept intact, but when it had passed the procession immediately broke up. Only the family, the pallbearers and a few intimate friends went with the body to the family home near Fort Hamilton. The casket was placed in the front parlor.

Brief and simple services were held this morning by Rev. Mr. George and Rev. Mr. Lattimer of Philadelphia, cousins of the deceased. Then the body was carried to Greenwood and interred in the family lot.

At Work Again.

A few applications of Salvation Oil will readily cure sprains and bruises, and heal cuts, burns and scalds. It is undoubtedly the best pain-cure on the market, and should be, ready for use, in every home in the land. Mr. Frank Stubenhaver 1337 Elm St., Dubuque, Iowa, states: "I used Salvation Oil on a sprained elbow, which threatened to prevent me from working, and after several thorough rubbings, I awoke the very next morning much relieved and able to go to work. Had I not used Salvation Oil I certainly would have lost a week's work, which would have amounted to many times the cost of a bottle of Oil. Everybody should keep Salvation Oil in the house." It is sold everywhere for only 25 cents.

UNIFORM WEAVING SCHEDULE.

Providence, Nov. 1.—Representatives of the local branches of the Textile union employed in the mills at Olneyville, Wanskuck, Pascoag and other places in this state met Sunday to promote a general plan for securing the establishment in all of the worsted mills of the same schedule for weaving that is to be put in effect at the mills in Olneyville which are controlled by Charles Fletcher. When the meeting was over the union officials said nothing definite had been done, that only preliminary measures had been taken. It was stated that the Pascoag mills will be the base of operations in the next movement for the restoration of the 1893 schedule, the operators having decided to concentrate their efforts in one place at a time.

LOST HIS GOLD WATCH.

New York, Nov. 1.—Elmer G. Doolittle of Cheshire, Conn., was standing on Broadway watching a political parade pass when he felt a tug at his watch chain. He discovered that his $100 gold watch and chain were gone, and he followed a negro who had been standing near him. He had the negro arrested, but the watch and chain was not found on him. The prisoner described himself as Frank Heerst, 20 years old. Seven pawn tickets for ladies' gold watches were found in his possession. He was held for trial.

THE METROPOLIS.

New York, Nov. 1.—Two small boys named Carl Gerber and William Roth, while playing in Riverside park Saturday afternoon, came across some jimson weed in seed and swallowed several of the seeds. As a result Gerber died Sunday and his companion is very sick.

The dead body of a man, supposed from papers found in his his pockets to be A. Pollard of Paterson, N. J., was found in the Hudson river.

VERMONT HOTEL DAMAGED.

Newport, Vt., Nov. 1.—The L portion of the Lake house, and the barn, carriage, woodshed and granary adjoining were burned Sunday morning, with 10 tons of hay, 250 bushels of oats, many sets of harness and other articles. Part of the hotel furniture was gotten out, but the remainder was badly damaged. The total loss is about $5600, covered by insurance. After the fire was noticed it was impossible to stop the flames, but fortunately they worked away from the main building.

First class printing done at this office.

it is what a cough may lead to that makes it so dangerous.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is a medicine that has long been tested in private practice. Sold by druggists generally.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE ELECTION OUTLOOK

Hon. George Fred Williams Has Made a Noble Fight.

New York State Thought to be Republican — Results in Maryland and Ohio Uncertain.

Boston, Nov. 1.—On the strength of a supposedly conservative canvass of the political situation in Massachusetts, more particularly on the vote expected to be polled for George Fred Williams for governor, The Herald says: "Reports from many of the principal cities and towns of the state as to the probable strength of George Fred Williams in the gubernatorial contest indicate anything but a bright outlook for the Dedham silverite. In Lawrence, it is true, there is a prospect that he will gain several hundred votes, and possibly wipe out the majority cast against him last year. In most places, however, the impression prevails that his vote will not reach the figures attained by him in 1896."

THE EMPIRE STATE.

Albany, Nov. 1.—Twenty-four hours before the practical closing of the campaign finds a condition as chaotic as has ever been apparent in the politics of New York state. This is due, not to any lack of well defined ideas of how the vote would run if state issues alone and the election of an assembly were the prevailing factors, but to the injection of some of the most bitter municipal contests that have ever prevailed in the cities of the state.

In greater New York, in Albany and in Rochester, in Syracuse and in Buffalo, the five greatest cities of the state, there will close campaigns upon local issues that have been notably bitter and even virulent. That these local affairs will have a bearing upon the vote for the only state office in controversy, the chief judgeship of the court of appeals, must be conceded, and that they will have a still greater bearing upon the assembly district contests is also apparent.

The indications are that while the contest for chief judgeship will be a spirited one, the chances are distinctly in favor of the election of the Republican candidate. The belief is general that the Republican vote in central and western New York, that has, for the past two or three years, been abnormally large, will be in some measure reduced, but there are no indications that it will fall below its own normality, which is to bring down to the Harlem river a plurality of 55,000 with which to meet any plurality which the Democrats below there can show. In the past two years the plurality below the Harlem has been a Republican one, and the best computations of Democrats now in that district of their expected plurality is 35,000; so that upon their basis of figures, unless a landslide occurs, the Republican candidate for appeals judge must be elected. The Democratic candidate has some advantages, however, in being placed twice upon the ticket and in newspaper endorsement, and these things may prove of greater aid than has been anticipated. It is, however, of advantage to remember that to elect a Democratic state officer after the tremendous Republican pluralities of the past three years would be an almost unprecedented event. In 1894 the Republican pulrality in the state was 155,000; '95 it was 90,000, and in '96, a presidential year, it was 187,000. If any of these tremendous pluralities is cut in half it will be a partial victory for the Democrats.

Within 30 years the Democrats have controlled the legislature but four times in its two branches, and in that time have elected, by joint ballot but three United States senators, Kernan, who was carried in by the Tilden tidal wave, and Hill and Murphy, elected by the Democratic body that succeeded what was known as the Hill appointment. Throughout the state the Democrats have made strenuous efforts this fall to increase the number of Democratic members of the lower house, and it is evident that success will crown their efforts. Indeed, the Republican managers have at all times believed that this was not only possible, but highly probable, being naturally aware that last year's immense majority of 80 in the lower house was due to the national campaign.

The next assembly will, however, be still Republican by a very good margin, but the Democrats will accomplish one thing for which they are evidently striving, the reduction of the Republican majority to such an extent that in such reduction they may see hope of a Democratic house in 1899, when a successor to Senator Murphy is to be elected.

No contest in politics of a purely local nature has ever created such interest in the up-state counties as has the greater New York contest for mayor, and the death of one of the foremost candidates has but added to that interest. From carefully gathered opinions of the leaders outside of the confines of the municipality, where the contest is occurring, it is apparent that the general expectations are that Tammany will win and that Mr. Low and Mr. Tracy will have a fight for second place. These prognostications are based upon the theory that the normal Republican vote is very much more evenly divided among the candidates than is the Democratic vote, and the information comes from such reliable sources that it is hardly to be questioned.

BETTING ON OHIO.

Cincinnati, Nov. 1.—There have been many bets on the result of the election in Ohio. Odds were given on the Republican state ticket, but offers of even money on the legislature were not wanted. Odds were asked on the fusion ticket in Hamilton county, but the betting was mostly even. The betting fraternity are carefully reviewing the figures of former years as well as present conditions.

The Democrats elected James E. Campbell governor, with a full state ticket, in 1889, and secured a legislature that elected Calvin S. Brice senator. Then followed the large Republican pluralities by which McKinley was elected governor in 1[illegible] Republican plurality was 137,086, the largest ever known in the state. Two years ago Governor Bushnell had a Republican plurality of 92,622, and the legislature that elected Senator Foraker had a majority on joint ballot of 80. Last year Ohio gave McKinley a plurality of 51,109 for president, and it is with this vote that the vote of Tuesday will be compared.

Last year the Republican pluralities were largely in the cities. Hamilton county gave a Republican plurality of nearly 20,000 and Cuyahoga county of over 15,000. Factional troubles at Cleveland and Cincinnati are expected to reduce these pluralities.

SENATOR GORMAN'S PROSPECTS.

Baltimore, Nov. 1.—The main interest in the Maryland election centers almost on the legislative contest. If the Democrats win Senator Gorman will doubtless be re-elected; in fact no one else has recently been mentioned for the place, while if the Republicans are victorious, there will probably be a sharp fight for the seat among a dozen aspirants, with the chances slightly in favor of the selection of Congressman Sydney E. Mudd of Charles county.

As to the outcome of the election it can only be said that the result is in great doubt, though both sides claim to be able to count enough votes in the legislature to secure a majority on joint ballot and to elect the senator. The Republicans have a slight advantage in that of the 13 "hold over" state senators, nine are Republicans. A large number of gold standard Democrats are opposing the re-election of Senator Gorman, in which they are joined by the Baltimore Sun and The Evening News, both of which have always been strongly Democratic until within the past two years. On the other hand The American, heretofore warmly Republican, is lukewarm in its support of the Republican candidates, and The Herald, which has hitherto been neutral in its position, has espoused the Gorman cause with considerable vigor.

SUICIDE IN PROVIDENCE.

Providence, Nov. 1.—The body of an unknown man, hanging from the limb of a tree in the woods near Smithfield avenue, a short distance from the railroad bridge, was found Sunday afternoon. It was clearly a case of suicide, and there was ample evidence about the spot where the man ended his life that he had been very determined in his purpose.

A gash in the throat showed that the first attempt at self-destruction was with a razor, and part of a suspender and some strong hemp twine on a sapling near by stood as evidence that there had been two attempts at hanging. The body was found by two men who were walking through the woods shortly after dinner.

The suicide appeared to be about 35 or 40 years of age, of medium build. He had on a canvas jacket, under which he wore a blue jumper, and his general appearance indicated that he had been employed as an outdoor laborer.

RECORDS IN STRENGTH TESTS.

Brunswick, Me., Nov. 1.—Edward R. Godfrey, a member of the class of '99, Bowdoin college, created a sensation by breaking all previous records in the strength tests taken according to the method originated by Dr. Dudley A. Sargent of Harvard. He not only broke all Bowdoin records, but surpassed those made by Harvard's best men.

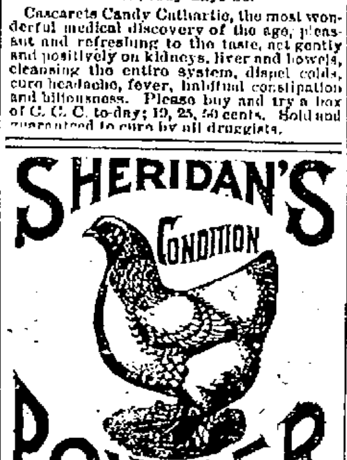
Taking into consideration the time occupied in making the test, he has gone beyond the record of any other man in the world. In a very few minutes, without a stop for rest, he piled up a total strength of 1716.2 points; strength of lungs, 18; upper arms, 476.2; back, 312; legs, 717; forearms, 163.

HIS LEGS CUT OFF.

Worcester, Nov. 1.—J. H. Davidson of West Springfield, a brakeman on the Boston and Albany road, had both legs cut off by falling from a freight car in the yard in this city at 1 o'clock this morning and died at the hospital at 2:30. He came from Houlton, Me.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.


SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

It will keep your chickens strong and healthy. It will make young pullets lay early. Worth its weight in gold for moulting hens, and prevents all diseases. It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs only a tenth of a cent a day. No other kind like it.

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Therefore, no matter what kind of food you use, mix with it daily Sheridan's Powder. Otherwise, your profit this fall and [illegible] will be lost when the price [illegible] is very high. [illegible]

If you can't get it send to us. Ask first [illegible]

Alaska Gold Dust is hard to get. Fairbank's GOLD DUST is sold everywhere.

It Cleans Everything

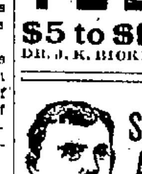
MADE ONLY BY THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial Teeth without plates; also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted—no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p.m. Not open Evenings.

$5 to $10 a Set

DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 21, 25, 32, Runels' Bl'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge


STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

Honest Value for Your Money

WE HAVE THE BARGAINS IN SHOES.

Our stores are filled with shoes which we are selling at lower prices than any other store in Lowell.

Ladies' Shoe Dressing, 5c. per bottle.
Ladies' House Slippers, 25c.
Ladies' Serge Congress, 49c.
Children's Strap Slippers, sizes 5 to 8, 43c; sizes 9 to 11, 49c.
Children's Russet, spring Heel, sizes 5 to 8, 35c.
Children's Kid, no heel, sizes 3 to 6, 25c.
A Good Wearing Ladies' Shoe, three different styles, 98c.
A Splendid Bargain in Children's Shoes for 65c. and 75c.
An Excellent Wearing Shoe for Boys for 85c.
The Men's Shoes we sell for $1.00 are worth $1.50.

It will pay you to look in our windows if you are coming down street today. We are constantly putting in small lots of shoes which we sell below cost.

WE GIVE TRADING COUPONS.

Boulger's White Shoe Stores

115 CENTRAL and 292 BRIDGE STS.

EXPERT HANDLERS OF FURNITURE CONFESS THAT OUR STOCK EMBRACES THE Most Stylish and the Best Variety

Of goods in that line that they have ever seen. No one is ashamed to move in daylight whose house is equipped with Furniture bought of us. It does not pay to buy inferior goods in any line, and especially is this true of Furniture. Unlike some articles you buy, it is always in sight. Always get a good article and then you are always sure of satisfaction and service. If you have not seen our

FALL DISPLAY

Drop in and see the splendid stock we have for you to select from. We have all the desirable styles, and we are sure that we can sell them to you at satisfactory prices. It will cost you nothing to look and you may lose if you don't.

GOOKIN BROS.

Agents For the Celebrated "Glenwood" Parlor Stoves and Ranges.

PIANOS

Conover, Hallet & Davis, Kingsbury, Hughes & Son, Gordon, Benedict Bros. Stool, scarf and three month's lessons. Lowest prices on Sewing Machines at

GREEN'S,

233 Central St. Fiske's Block.

BUY YOUR SHEET MUSIC

At Green's Piano and Sewing Machine Rooms,

233 Central St., Fiske Block.

WHEN YOU ARE THIRSTY

Call at George W. Enright at

11 MIDDLESEX STREET,

Where nothing but the best Wines and Liquors are kept and Jones' and Betz's Ales are on draught. We keep no other brands. These are the best.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHT, Prop.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS. OPPOSITE OLD B. AND M. DEPOT.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the Profession.

M. H. Carey, } Clerks { H. Garrity.

VOTING IN GREATER NEW YORK.

All is Ready for the Casting of the Ballot on Tuesday—A Campaign of Intense Bitterness.

All Parties Claim that Victory is Within Sight—A Stirring Campaign Ends.

New York—The campaign has closed, and on Tuesday next Greater New York holds its first election. With a resident population of 2,085,422 and a registration of over half a million, this means the most gigantic municipal election in the history of the United States. Aside from its bitterness and the war of factions, in which the entire nation seems to have taken part, there are phases of it which, from a non-partisan point of view, certainly entitle it to international distinction. The victors will have patronage at their disposal almost as extensive as that of the President of the United States, allowing, of course, for a mass of subordinate officials appointed indirectly by the city's head. It will control the taxation of an immense area, for New York City real estate is assessed at $1,646,028,685, on a basis of 50% of its cost value. Brooklyn real estate is assessed at $540,808,346 on a basis of 70% of its cash value. New York is assessed $870,010,007 on personal estate and Brooklyn $23,627,446. But when one considers how much personal property escapes the assessor it is not a very extravagant statement to say that the actual value of the Greater New York real estate is $5,000,000,000, while the personal property should double this sum.

There are more than 1,000 men running for office in this vast territory, including seven mayoralty candidates. The Republican party, Tammany Hall, the Democratic party, the Citizens' Union, the Prohibitionists, the Socialist Labor party and the No-tea-no-tiger party have each its candidate. There would be eight candidates but the Populists have endorsed Henry George. Each of these parties, too, has candidates for members of the Municipal Council, for members of the Board of Aldermen, for members of Assembly, for Justices of municipal district court and of the Supreme Court, for Comptroller, for Sheriffs in four counties, County Clerks in three counties, Registers in three counties, District Attorneys in three counties, Coroners in four counties, and borough Presidents in each of the five boroughs. There are twenty-nine Councilmen to be elected, including the President of the Council, and an average of seven candidates for each place. There are the same average number of candidates for the sixty-one Aldermanic berths and the fifty-nine Assembly jobs. There are seven candidates for Comptroller, about thirty candidates for Sheriff, County Clerk, Register, and District Attorney, about as many men running for Justices of the Supreme Court, and there are seventy or seventy-five men who are trying to get themselves elected Justices of the municipal district courts. There are some eighty candidates for Coroner in the greater city and about thirty-five candidates for borough President. Everybody who goes to the polls to vote in the borough of Manhattan will have eighteen men to vote for and about 150 names to select from. In some districts he will have more and in some less.

COST OF THE ELECTION.

The cost of this election for the Manhattan and Bronx boroughs is estimated by Mr. A. C. Allen, Chief Clerk of the Election Bureau, as about $420,000. In the same proportion the cost for Kings, Queens and Richmond boroughs will be about $350,000. The bureau cannot give the precise figures, as these are never exactly known until the bills are all in. This total of $770,000 does not include the pay of policemen at the polls, which is estimated at $48,000, making the aggregate $818,000. In Manhattan and the Bronx there are 883 polling places, the booths for which cost $50 each, or $44,150 all told. Eight officials at each poll cost in the aggregate for each poll $160, or $132,450 in all. The number of ballots printed for Manhattan and the Bronx will be 1,150,000, at a cost of $40,000. The newspaper advertising of election notices will cost $30,000; stationery, $15,000, cartage, repairs, etc., $10,000. After charges, such as advertising the official canvass, etc., largely swell the cost making the estimate of $420,000 for old New York, and $818,000 for Greater New York, none too large. The average cost of an election in New York has not varied, for many years, from $1.25 to $1.50 for each actual vote cast. Upon this basis, at an estimated vote of 525,000, the official cost would range from $656,250 to $787,500. The largest number of candidates in any one district is 23, for the municipal, or 11th district. There are 5 regular and 4 independent tickets in the field, besides Patrick J. Gleason, independent candidate for mayor. If each of these parties exercises its legal right it will have two watchers and two challengers at each poll, but it is estimated that the actual number will be about 10 challengers and 10 watchers, or 32,000 in all, who, at $5 each, would cost $160,000, making the grand total of officials and unofficials cost $978,000. The number of ballots printed in entire Greater New York will be 2,000,000, which, placed in line, would reach over seven miles.

The army of men officially and unofficially employed will nearly equal the force Great Britain has massed for the quieting of its Indian frontier. In old New York the manning of the polls will call for 7,064 inspectors and clerks, and 1,766 policemen, or 8,830 in the aggregate. The watchers and challengers of the different parties will number 17,000, making the grand total for old New York 26,400. For Kings, Queens and Richmond 21,000 will be engaged, making for Greater New York what may be called a regular army of 47,400 men. The array of volunteers, it is estimated, will fully equal the regulars, and probably exceed their number, so that it is a moderate estimate that at least 100,000 men will be engaged in the great battle of Nov. 2.

COST TO THE COMMITTEES.

The cost of the election to the various parties who have placed candidates in nomination is hard to estimate. The greatest amount of money has undoubtedly been used by the Citizens' Union, whose ticket is headed with Seth Low. There are those who assert that the cost of halls, headquarters, speakers, literature, has fallen little short of half a million. In addition to this the cost of watchers at the polls must be estimated. There are sixty assembly districts in Greater New York and 1,600 election districts. This means 3,200 watchers, at a cost of no less than $5 a day, or a total of $16,000 for this one expense alone. Tammany will have spent very nearly as much to elect the ticket headed by Judge Van Wyck, and the Tracy managers concede that the election will cost them over a quarter of a million. The Henry George following got along with a great deal less, although the expenses to the Jeffersonians must figure up close to $100,000.

COMPARATIVE FIGURES.

Here are some figures for use election day in connection with the contest in Greater New York:

Manhattan and the Bronx—
Registration of 1896.....330,619
Vote of 1896—
Republican 146,668
Democratic 141,452
Other parties 24,548

Total.....312,668
Registration of 1897.....324,690
Brooklyn—
Registration of 1896.....207,216
Vote of 1896—
Republican 103,067
Democratic 80,285
Other parties 9,675

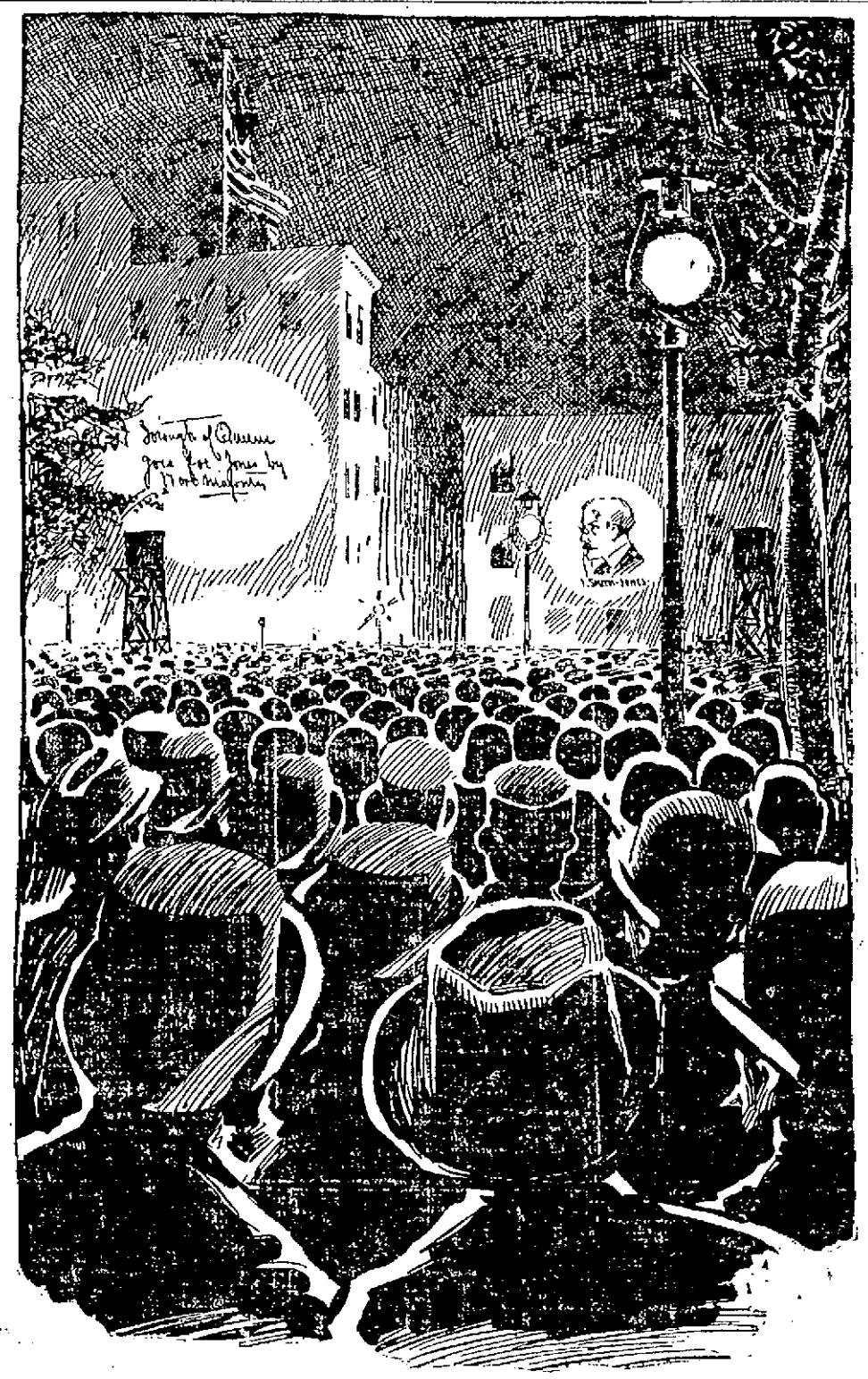
Total 193
Registration of 1897.....206
Staten Island—
Vote of 1896—
Republican 5,849
Democratic 4,731
Other parties 717

Total 11,297
Registration of 1897.....12,045
Queen's County—
Vote of 1896—
Republican 12,820
Democratic 9,730
Other parties 1,787

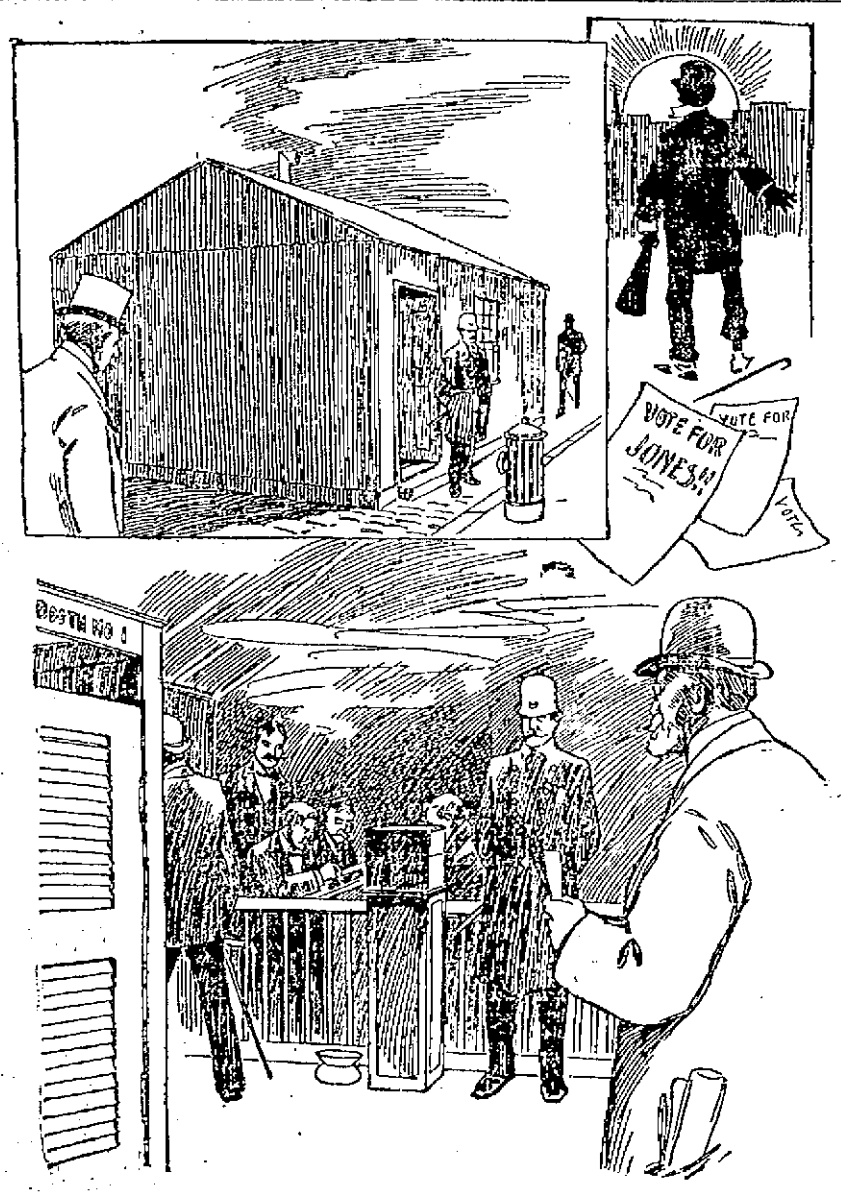
Total 24,337
Registration of 1897.....27,024

THE SITUATION.

At last reports the results of the election in Greater New York are as much in doubt as at the beginning of the campaign. Nothing of a definite character seems to be known by any of the party leaders, and the claims are as extensive as the vote will be. All seems to hinge, to the view of the unprejudiced onlooker, on the vote of Brooklyn. That city has for many years been the greatest stronghold of independent voting in the United States. In 1880 it came within 8,267 votes of going for Garfield for President, while in 1882 the Democratic majority leaped to 37,400 for Cleveland over Folger for Governor. Between these two years it elected Seth Low, who had always been a Republican, to the mayoralty on a non-partisan platform, and a twelvemonth after giving the 37,400 Democratic plurality for Governor, it re-elected the Republican Low to the mayoralty, running again upon a non-partisan platform, by a plurality of 1,842. In more recent years Brooklyn gave 25,595 plurality for Cleveland in the presidential election of 1892, and in the mayoralty election of 18[illegible] gave 31,759 plurality to Schieren, a Republican who was committed to the principle of non-partisanship, about 30,000 out of 160,000 voters changing from one party to the other between one November and the next.



NIGHT SCENE AFTER ELECTION IN NEW YORK



THE OUTSIDE AND INTERIOR OF AN ELECTION BOOTH IN NEW YORK CITY.

THE VANISHING POINT.

"Suppose," suggested the teacher, "that you take a piece of beefsteak and cut it into halves, then cut the halves into quarters, the quarters into eighths and the eighths into sixteenths, into what could the sixteenths be cut?"

"Hash," responded Tommy, whose mother kept a boarding house.

And the class in fractions was dismissed.—Tit-Bits.

THE ELECTIONS OF 1897

COST OF NEW YORK'S ELECTION.

Many Millions Spent By the Various Parties and the Municipal Authorities.

The Elections Throughout the Country. A List of Candidates and Offices.

Ten states vote this year. They are Colorado, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Nebraska, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia. The gubernatorial elections take place in Iowa, Massachusetts, Ohio and Virginia. Colorado is voting for a Supreme Court Judge, with William Gabben (Dem. and Pop.) and Charles D. Hoyt, (Rep. and Silver Rep.). Iowa is voting for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Supreme Court Judge, Railroad Commissioner, Superintendent of Instruction and School Commissioner. Its candidates for Governor are F. E. White (Dem.-Pop.), John Cliggett (Gold Dem.), L. M. Shaw (Rep.), Chas. A. Lloyd (Middle-of-the-Road Pop.) and M. W. Alwood (Pro.). In Kentucky, Robert A. Green (Dem.), James R. Hindman (Gold Dem.) and James G. Bailey (Rep.) are fighting it out for the only office to be voted on, that of Clerk of the Court of Appeals. In Maryland, Phillips J. Goldsborough (Rep.) and Thomas A. Smith (Dem.) are contesting the office of State Controller. A Clerk of the Court of Appeals is also being elected. Massachusetts votes for the entire state ticket, and the governorship is being sought after by Roger Wolcott (Rep.), Geo. F. Williams (Dem.), Dr. William Everett (Nat'l. Dem.) and Prof. John Bascom (Pro.)

Nebraska votes for Supreme Court Judge and University regents. John J. Sullivan (Dem.-Pop.) contests the former office with Warren Swetzler (Gold Dem.), A. W. Post (Rep.), D.W. Strong (Pro.) and Mrs. Zara A. Wilson (Liberty Party Pro.).

William J. Wallace (Rep.) and A. B. Parker (Dem.) are seeking the office of Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals of New York state.

Ohio votes for the state ticket, and Asa S. Bushnell, the present Republican Governor, has opposed to him as candidates Julius Dexter (Gold Dem.), Jacob S. Coxey (Pop.), William Watkins (Socialist Labor) and Samuel Lewis (Negro Protection).

Pennsylvania votes for Auditor-General and State Treasurer. The former will be either L. G. McCauley (Rep.), M. E. Brown (Dem.) or W. W. Lathrop (Pro.).

J. Hope Tyler (Dem.) is contesting for Virginia's gubernatorial honors with Rev. L. R. Culler (Pro.) and Patrick H. McCaull (anti-machine Rep.). A Lieutenant-Governor and an Attorney-General are also being voted for.

States in which Legislatures will be voted for on Nov. 2:

Delaware—Assemblymen in Northern Delaware.

Iowa—Assembly and part of Senate.

Maryland—Senate and Assembly.

Massachusetts—Senate and Assembly.

New Jersey—Senate and Assembly.

New York—Assembly.

Ohio—Senate and Assembly.

Pennsylvania—Assembly in Northern Pennsylvania.

Virginia—Assembly and half of Senate.

The following States will elect new Legislatures Nov. 9:

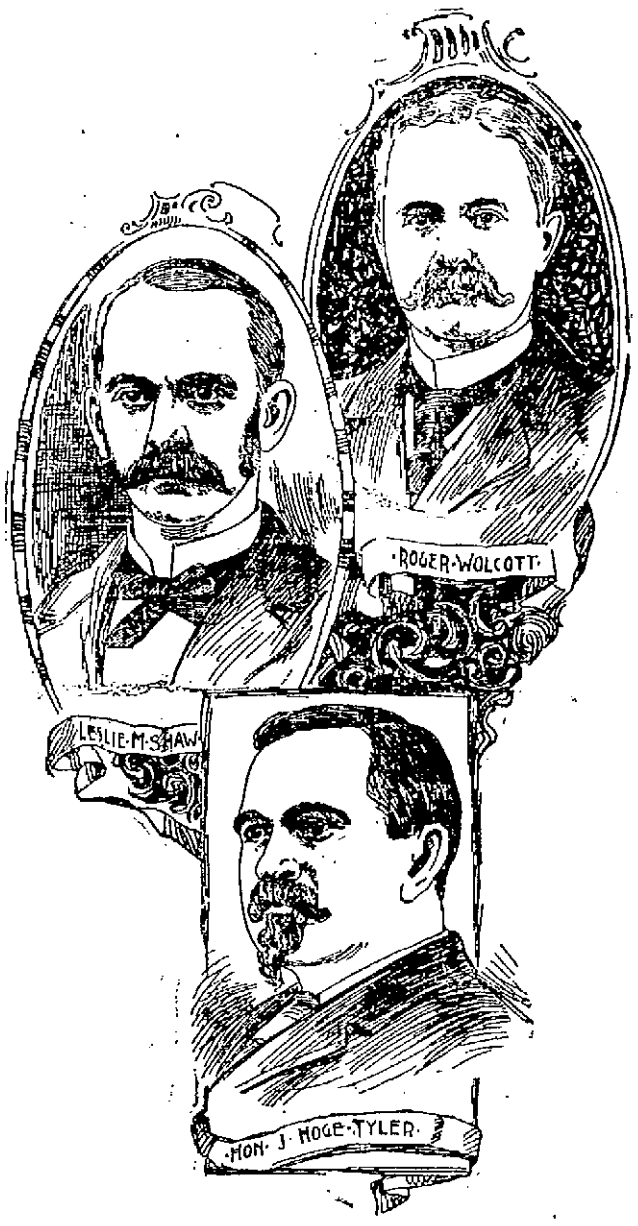
Nevada—Senate and Assembly.

Washington—Senate and Assembly.

The Legislature of the state of Maryland will, in January, 1898, choose a successor to Arthur Pue Gorman (Dem.) for the United States Senate.

A United States Senator to succeed Senator Daniel will be chosen by the Legislature of Virginia.

The new Legislature of Ohio will elect a United States Senator to succeed Mark A. Hanna.



A GROUP OF GUBERNATORIAL CANDIDATES.

A VERITABLE KLONDYKE.

There is one place in the world where more gold is to be found than has so far come out of the Klondike. And, stranger still, in the same place there are more diamonds and other gems than the total output of the South African diamond fields. This spot, rich as the mythical wealth of Aladdin's palace, is the home of a childless old man, Pope Leo, whose feeble life is creeping daily to its imminent close.

It would be difficult to estimate precisely the total weighth of gold in the Vatican, but it is safe to say that there are at least thirty tons of it, worth in the neighborhood of $20,000,000 at the present market price of the unwrought metal. Of this huge amount of gold, there is probably not a single pound of the metal that remains in its virgin state. Nearly every ounce of it has passed through the hands of skilled artisans, who have worked it into countless forms, thus adding perhaps a third or a quarter more to its value. Nor does the alloy that is usually employed by the goldsmith to give a durable quality to objects made of the precious metal enter at all into the composition of the treasures of the Vatican, which, being almost entirely native offerings to the Sovereign Pontiff, are literally of solid gold.

The Vatican treasures may be practically considered as the personal estate of the Pope. He inherited many of them when he was elected to the Holy See. He is required to give an account of his stewardship at his pleasure. To a large proportion of these treasures his personal right is indisputable, for to him, Leo XIII., were presented at various times, and more particularly on the occasion of his jubilee in 1888, enough gifts of pure gold to ransom a kingdom.

The Pontificate of the present venerable Prelate has added incstimably to the treasures of the Vatican. Jan. 1, 1888, Leo recited the Mass in St. Peter's in Rome, in celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination as a priest. The preliminary ceremonies of his Golden Jubilee began about a week earlier, and continued for more than a month in the new year, during which time an exposition was opened in the vast Pontifical palace for the display of the presents that had been sent to the head of the Christian Church from every corner of the world.

Before the exposition was opened tons upon tons of gold poured into the Vatican, beginning early in December, of 1897, and continuing without intermission until after the exposition had been closed in March of the following year.

Adorer—I could gaze upon the heavenly blue of those lovely orbs forever, Elsie.

Adored—That's all right—then give me a cigarette, old boy.

"When a lady is said to be of 'a certain age,' how old is she?"

"She is certainly aged."

BA[illegible] OF YE [illegible]
I w[illegible] a summer resort [illegible]
And found that the price was th[illegible] dollars a day.
I staid for a week, and of fun h[illegible] my fill,
But forty-two dollars was asked i[illegible] my bill.

"How's this?" I inquired of the clerk. "Don't you see
My bill is just double the price [illegible] should be?"
"My dear sir," he answered, "our charges are right;
Three dollars a day doesn't count in the night."

—New York Jou[illegible]

NOTES OF INTEREST.

A wealthy student at the University of Virginia has made a gift of a check for $10,000 to R. E. Lee, a mail carrier, of Charlottesville. The gift is a token of friendship, and the check has been sent by a Charlottesville bank to a New York bank for collection.

Holland's Court of Appeals has decided in a case of assault by a young man who kissed an unwilling girl in the street of Utrecht that "to kiss a person cannot be an offense, as it is in the nature of a warm mark of sympathy," and dismissed the case.

Steel billiard balls made by a secret process, are being exhibited at the Scandinavian Exhibition. They are heavy, and, it is claimed, are equal in all respects to ordinary billiard balls.

The wandering whistling buoy, which is screeching its way around the Atlantic Ocean, has been sighted again. The captain of the steamer Prins discovered the buoy, still whistling the same old tune. It broke loose from its moorings a year ago and has wandered about 5,000 miles since then.

An eagle that measured 9 feet 4 inches from wing tip to wing tip was killed at Holgate, Q., a few days ago, just as it was carrying off the little son of Michael Moore. A hunter who came upon the bird as it was in the act of rising from the earth with the child in its talons, killed it and brought it back to town with him.

The "co-eds" of an Evanston college are going to startle the town by wearing the Salvation Army uniform, with coal-scuttle bonnet. The girls haven't joined the Salvationists. They are merely going to wear the uniform because they can't think of anything more sensational to do at the moment.

The smallest church in the world is located at St. Lawrence, in the Isle of Wight. The present dimensions are: Length, 30 feet; height to the eaves, 6 feet; and breadth, 12 feet.

LABOR MATTERS

INSTALLMENT SLAVERY.

What a Committee of New York's Leading Reform Club Says About It.

At a recent meeting of the Social Reform club of New York the following report was read and the recommendations unanimously adopted:

Your committee appointed to investigate the matter of sales on the installment plan reports as follows:

It finds that it is a common practice among the poorer residents of this city to buy articles, such as furniture, watches and jewelry, upon the installment plan, and that the system frequently makes them suffer from their own ignorance and want of foresight. In the Fourth district court alone during the year 1896 a single firm secured an average of 34 judgments per month in such cases and another an average of 20 per month. The agent of a house in Allen street claimed that it took in $600 a week on installment accounts.

The contract of sale in such cases contains a clause which makes the object sold continue to be the property of the seller until the last installment is paid, and in this way the purchaser becomes liable for arrest and imprisonment for conversion if he fails to pay and declines or is unable to return the article. As the amount of the sale is frequently less than $5 and the purchaser usually altogether ignorant of the law and of the wording of the contract this right of execution against his body is a great injustice and affords an opportunity for gross oppression.

It is a well established fact that the price of most articles sold in this way is placed at an extravagant figure. Thus in furniture an advance of 25 per cent on the cash price is common.

Your committee is informed that some firms engaged in this business are very lenient with their customers during the first weeks or months of the arrangement, but toward the end insist on the payment of installments in full upon the very day. The object of this is to avoid taking back the goods until a large sum has been paid on account. Your committee has been told of cases in which the goods were taken back when $93 had been already paid on a $100 purchase, and where $48 had been paid on a $50 purchase, and $9.50 on a $10 purchase.

Your committee recommends: (1) That a bill be prepared and presented to the next legislature abolishing imprisonment in cases of sales on the installment plan for an amount not exceeding $50 and in cases of furniture or clothing to any amount; (2) that the public be warned of the danger of arrest which purchasers incur when they buy articles on the installment plan, and that their attention be called to the fact that they are always obliged, in this way to pay an extravagant price; (3) that the public be also earnestly advised not to sign any installment contract without having its provisions first carefully explained and if necessary translated by a competent and trustworthy friend, so that the buyer may know precisely what obligations he assumes and what consequences may follow; (4) that with this end in view this report be printed as widely as possible in the public press. ERNEST H. CROSBY,

Chairman of the Committee.

Women In the Coal Strike.

In a letter written during the recent coal miners' strike by Emily Hoas, who was by some newspapers called the Joan of Arc of the great strike, this significant paragraph appeared:

One thing I have noticed in this great struggle and I have also read of it in other strikes—that women make better strikers than men. If it was not for the women of Center, Clarksville and the other small villages around Plum Creek, many, if not nearly all, of the men would be back at work. The charge that the men force the women to march in order that the women will act as shields for the men is false. The truth of the matter is that the women cannot be kept out of participating in the strike. Instead of the men forcing the women into the early morning marches the women force the men. I can cite dozens of cases where if it had not been for the women pulling the men out of bed by force and making them go out on the march many of them would have lain there until all the black sheep had gone into the mines. I also know of cases where women have forced their husbands to stop work and join the strikers. Some of the women have threatened to leave their husbands if the latter did not assert their manhood. Women have more pride than men, and their sensibilities are finer. A woman does not want to be looked upon as the wife or sister of a black sheep who is trying to prevent his fellow men from bettering their condition.

A Progressive Club.

The following list of subjects discussed by the Social Reform club of New York before large audiences during the summer will give some idea of the breadth of plan and vigor of the club:

"Public Functions Exercised by Private Societies."

"Sanitary Problems of the City."

"Issues of the Municipal Campaign."

"Should Franchises Be Operated by the City?"

"University and College Settlements."

"The Potato Patch."

"Review of 'Equality' by Thaddeus B. Wakeman."

"The Debs Scheme."

"Vacation Schools."

"The Junior Republic Experiment."

"State Versus Private Universities."

"Political and Economical Effects of Trusts."

"Mayor Quincy's Advisory Committee."

The meetings this coming winter are bound to be largely attended, and the subjects to be treated will be of interest to every social reformer and laboring man in the country.

G. GROSVENOR DAWE,
Chairman Committee on Publicity.

DENVER'S DISGRACE.

Unfortunate Human Beings Work In Chains Upon Her Streets.

(Special Correspondence.)

The city of Denver has much to be proud of. Its beauty, healthfulness, enterprise, wealth and culture will compare with any city in the west. But I can sing its praises no more while so dark a blot as now stains it still exists. Denver has a custom, made lawful and respectable by the proper officials and in a proper manner, that would shame the savages of the south sea islands.

Humanity is preached here; philanthropists live here, and charity is practiced, but a slavery as degrading as was ever known in the south is put upon our unfortunate fellow men, and nobody expresses any appreciable amount of indignation over it; papers will not publish letters upon the subject, preachers are silent, and only a few "incendiary" cranks give voice to their resentment.

Every day on the streets may be seen the "chain gang." Men who have been guilty of nothing but homelessness are chained in pairs, a chain also preventing a full step, and are set to work cleaning the streets under a watchful taskmaster.

In the morning early the police go out with the "hurry up" wagon and gather up the "vagabonds"—men who have had to sleep out of doors—and these, with the "disorderlies" of the night before, make up the working force of the day. Young boys whose mothers have kissed them goodby not long ago are chained to old, hardened men; laborers out of work who have loving children waiting somewhere in the world for "papa," old men who have behind them long lives of toil and struggle, are bound ignominiously together and thrust out under blazing sun and the scornful gaze of the public to do the work for nothing that other men receive pay for.

I was told that when these men refuse to work they are starved until y submit. They are men who are loo g for work, who had worked and have had homes and loved ones and whom society has forced into tramping homelessness. Sometimes they are so fresh from comfortable respectability that they cannot look up, and their faces burn with shame. They are what your brother and mine may be any day, or are today, through no fault but misfortune.

I have admired Denver's clean streets, but I admire them no longer. The citizens pay high taxes, and free men might do the work and receive good wages for it. But that somebody may receive something for nothing a little faster our fellow men are pounced upon in the moment of their helplessness, committed to slavery for the time being in this inhuman manner.

I know not how many other cities countenance the custom, but I have seen this in Denver, and I hold the city up to shame before the justice loving people of the United States. And if other cities are likewise guilty let them meet their share of the scorn of the humane citizens of America. L.

Denver.

Judge Tuley on Injunctions.

Murray F. Tuley, chief justice of the appellate court of Chicago, opposes the use of writs of injunction to settle labor disputes. He writes as follows to the Chicago Times-Herald:

"When courts undertake to settle labor disputes by the use of the writ of injunction, they are acting without jurisdiction. To use the writ of injunction to disperse or prevent an unlawful assemblage or to patrol a public highway with armed deputy marshals is a usurpation of power by the courts. When 'labor disputes' endanger the public peace or render the destruction of property imminent, no good citizen can object to the executive branch of the government using its 'iron hand' to prevent either, but no amount of legal quibbling will satisfy the people that the writs of injunction of the federal courts in the coal strike have not been issued and used for the purposes and object above stated.

"The courts, in so using the writ, are usurping power and functions devolved by both federal and state constitutions upon the executive branch of the governments. Such use of writs of injunction by the courts is judicial tyranny which endangers not only the right of trial by jury, but all the rights and liberties of the citizens. I venture the prediction that unless this usurpation of power by the courts is promptly checked we shall within a few years see elections—and a presidential one, perhaps—carried by a court's writ of injunction, backed by armed 'deputies' or federal soldiers. If congress has the power, it should promptly put an end to 'government by injunction' by defining and limiting the power of the federal courts in the use of the writ."

Rumblings.

Said the Rev. Dr. Harcourt of Philadelphia in a recent sermon:

"Strikes and labor troubles are but the rumbling of a distant storm. The working people have feelings. They have a voice in making our laws and shaping our government. We cannot safely ignore them.

"Right forever on the scaffold,
Wrong forever on the throne;
But the scaffold sways the future,
And within the dim unknown
Blandeth God, behind the shadow,
Keeping watch above his own."

Government Ownership.

The two leading planks of the platform adopted by the Illinois Federation of Labor at Bloomington embrace the following propositions:

"First.—The government ownership of all railroads, mines, telegraphs and telephones.

"Second.—The municipal ownership and control of all the public conveniences which become a necessity by reason of the centralization of population—namely, street railroads, waterworks, gas and electric light plants."

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IF YOU HAVE
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WHEN YOU MOST NEED 'EM.
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Come and compare our prices, which are always way below those of other stores.

Head & Shaw
The People's Popular Milliners,
169 Merrimack St.

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Have we been able to offer Men's Shoes for
$2.00 A. PAIR
That had the style or service these Shoes possess.
1 lot of Little Gent's wear resist in Shoes, wedge heel,
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RATES OF PASSAGE:
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Via Londonderry and Galway.
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WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO BUY their Clothing on credit. Custom made and ready to wear. Empire Clothing Co., Over 97 Central St. Open evenings.
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LOST—ON MIDDLESEX STREET, A BUNdle containing a pair of trousers and a shirt. Return to J. L. Chalifoux's store and receive reward.
LADIES, MY MONTHLY REGULATOR has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail, no pain; no danger; no interference with work; price $2.00; by mail or at office; consultation free; all letters truthfully answered. DR. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont street, Boston.
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§7 23	8 15	*9 01	§9 38
§7 35	8 50	9 18	§10 23
§7 45	8 57	*9 30	10 07
§7 50	8 56	10 00	11 15
*8 00	9 40	10 45	11 58
8 15	10 35	§11 30	§12 07
9 00	10 40	12 00	§12 50
11 00	12 04	*1 00	§1 35
§11 42	12 25	*1 15	1 57
§12 15	1 05	2 00	3 01
1 40	2 50	*3 00	§3 40
3 00	4 25	3 47	5 03
§3 47	4 30	4 14	§5 34
§4 02	4 45	4 47	6 35
4 25	5 51	*5 00	6 45
§5 23	6 16	5 35	6 35
5 44	7 10	5 47	6 57
§6 22	7 05	6 14	7 50
§7 49	8 51	*7 30	§8 08
§8 49	9 43	*8 03	§8 35
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 00	8 03	7 30	8 34
8 15	9 10	9 35	10 31
9 45	10 53	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 02	11 00	1 05
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 45	1 59	3 43	4 55
2 30	3 41	4 25	5 45
2 55	4 02	5 01	6 20
4 05	5 21	6 04	7 15
5 10	6 42	6 35	7 43
6 15	7 26	9 40	10 37
7 50	8 46	11 15	11 21
9 25	10 30		

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 03	9 17
12 05	1 26	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 28	5 00	6 25
5 50	6 55	5 40	9 40
8 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

n Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
§7 00	8 16	8 15	§3 05
§7 28	8 15	9 03	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 18	10 15	5 00	5 50
§4 55	5 32	7 37	8 15
§6 28	7 00	8 00	8 35
		9 00	10 05

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS.

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Allan, Anchor, Warren, French, German, and Italian steamship lines to or from Boston, New York, Liverpool, and Queenstown. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England, Scotland, and all parts of the world. English sovereigns and Canada bills bought at Murphy's steamship agency, 18 Appleton st.

A FULL SIZE WHITE EASEL

Must be seen to be appreciated. Given away with a pound of our high grade tea at 60 cents. Dickson Bros., the Big Tea and Coffee Dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central st.

Elegant rubber-tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson street. Telephone 656-8.

The best work, the lowest prices on all watch, clock, and jewelry repairs. Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Burn Wilson's Coal.

Mr. James J. Gallagher has returned to this city after a successful season with the Barnum & Bailey show.

Send a postal or telephone to Rourke & Sullivan when you want the best coal. 951 Gorham street and 283 Central.

Dr. Charles H. Ricker has removed his office from Wyman's Exchange to the Mechanics' bank building, 202 Merrimack street.

At the residence of William Calderwood, 484 High street, Saturday night, Miss Ella Calderwood gave a pleasant musicale and Hallowe'en party. The program was artistic and enjoyable.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

A LOWELL JUDGE

Presiding on the Bench in New York.

SUSPENDS COURT TO GIVE EVIDENCE TO REPORTER.

A Tramp Could Not Work the Sympathetic.

The Boston Globe has the following story of a former Lowell boy:

"When Mayor Strong appointed the city magistrates in New York three years ago he named a Lowell boy, Leroy B. Crane, as one of them. Mr. Crane was sitting at the Yorkville court the other day when a man called on him from the Globe. There is not that solemnity about a New York court room that Massachusetts people are accustomed to in the transaction of business before the courts, high or low. If you want to see the judge, you are at liberty to ascend the bench and converse with him, provided, of course he is not engaged. You talk with him with the same informality as you would with a chance acquaintance. The Globe man handed the magistrate his card. He read it and exclaimed, "From Boston, eh?" The judge invited the reporter to his private office where they might talk without any interruption. He stopped the wheels of justice and left word with an attendant that he did not want to be disturbed for a few minutes. A music hall and theatre adjoined the court and the judge was obliged to close the doors and the windows in order to drown the voices of the black-faced comedians and the warbling songsters dressed in airy costumes.

"Yes," said the judge, "I'm proud of my Massachusetts ancestry. It is the New England influence in New York that makes life worth living here. New Yorkers laugh at your brown bread and beans, but, as for myself, I'd not swap them for the rye bread and frankfurts of Gotham. My parents were among the earliest settlers of Lowell and my father, Alanson Crane, was interested in some of the big mills of the city. He was a close personal friend of General Butler, and it was on his recommendation that President Lincoln appointed my father postmaster of Fortress Monroe, where he died. Both of my parents are buried in Lowell.

"I remember as if it was only yesterday the night General Butler left with the 6th Massachusetts regiment for the capital. I was a boy of about 12 years old, and I drove General Butler in my father's carriage to the old Middlesex street station in Lowell to take the train for Boston. I recall, too, how, Massachusetts and the entire north, in fact, were stirred when a few days afterwards the news came over the telegraph wires that the 6th regiment had been attacked by a mob in the streets of Baltimore.

"My father died when I was young and I started out in life for myself. Being of an independent nature, I came over to New York, where I had a brother and secured employment with H. B. Claflin's dry goods house, at a salary of $100 a year. I worked hard days and studied by lamplight, and in 1881 was admitted to the bar. I have taken an active part in republican politics and have represented the 23d district in the assembly."

Mr. Crane is married and lives in Harlem. When a boy he was a playmate of Governor Greenhalge, and sat in the same pew with him at church. His cousin, Miss Martha Neal, recently celebrated her 50th anniversary as a public school teacher in Lowell. It was only a few days before the Globe man called on Magistrate Crane that the judge had an opportunity to defend the good name of his city. A wretched fellow was arraigned before him on the charge of larceny and drunkenness.

"Why did you steal the money?" queried the magistrate.

"I was broke, your honor, and wanted to get back to Lowell, where I live."

"I don't think they want such fellows in Lowell as you," said the judge. "I've lived there myself and know something about the town." He sent the fellow to the island for a few months.

Purgatorial Pills.

The druggist would hardly smile if you asked for "purgatorial pills." There are many of them. But he would probably recommend a pill that did not gripe; a sugar-coated pill, gentle in action, and sure in effect. What are they called?

..Ayer's Cathartic Pills..

LAWRENCE SHOOTING CASE.

PRINCIPAL SWAN OF TRUANT SCHOOL BOUND OVER.

The case of Henry E. Swan, of the Lawrence Truant school, for assault upon little Charles Glennon, came up in the police court Saturday morning.

Seven witnesses were sworn, but only two testified. William Phair, 14 years of age, of 33 Howard street and Dr. Birtwell, who attended Glennon after the alleged shooting.

Young Phair told of going to the "Willows" to swim, and of the shooting. He said Swan hollered, "Stand or I'll fire." The boys then run and Swan fired twice. The latter jumped out of the corn field about ten feet away from the boys.

Dr. Birtwell testified that he attended Glennon, ordered his removal to the hospital and that the bullet had not been found.

Lawyer Bradley appeared for young Glennon and Charles A. DeCourcy, Esq., for Swan.

It was simply a case of the bail in which Swan should be held for the grand jury.

Mr. DeCourcy argued that it be placed at the smallest amount.

Judge Stone held Swan in $1000 for his appearance in the Superior court on the second Monday in January, 1898.

ANOTHER COLORED LADY.

ARRESTED FOR ROBBING A LOWELL MAN.

Boston, Oct. 31.—Chief Inspector Watts received a despatch from Superintendent Linden of the Philadelphia police tonight, that the police of that city have arrested Laura Smith, a colored woman, who is wanted in this city, charged with the larceny of $3000 from Edward F. Benton of 17 Hampshire Place, Lowell, on September 18, on Porter street. This is the second woman who has been arrested in connection with this case. The other woman is Lucy Field and she is now being held in New York, awaiting the arrival of police from Boston.

WORKINGMEN AND MECHANICS, THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

For sale, cheap, on easy terms, located on D street, near the Shaw Stocking company, on high and dry land, with good sewerage, convenient to schools, churches, and two lines of street cars, piped for gas and water; five cottage houses and one two-tenement house. These houses have all modern improvements and are suitably arranged for families. Part of these houses have just been completed and the rest will be finished, ready for occupancy in a very short time.

Terms liberal. A small amount down and the balance can be paid in monthly instalments.

Anyone desiring to go through these houses and inquire terms and prices, call on J. W. Bennett, the owner, at 501 Middlesex street.

First class printing done at this office.

Bon Ami

THE FINEST CLEANER MADE
WILL CLEAN ANY SURFACE.
All Grocers.

NEW GOODS!

LATEST NOVELTIES
FOR THE FALL SEASON.

Your inspection cordially invited.

Louis Alexander,

Formerly of Fifth Avenue, New York
Importer and Tailor,

NO. 65 CENTRAL STREET.

LOWELL.

BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

A STATEMENT

Of Unusual Importance to the Buying Public of Lowell and Vicinage.

We beg to state to our thousands of friends and customers that owing to the slow progress of the carpenters, etc., we are compelled to continue the

Grand Alteration Sale

Remember that several departments are to be closed out entirely and in order to do this and do it quickly, we realize that the

PRICES MUST BE

the main factor. Therefore, have made prices that will cause a furore and make competition shudder.

The following are most particularly marked for annihilation: Kitchen Goods, China and Glass, down stairs, Domestics, Linens, Linings, Blankets, Comforters, Dress Goods, Gent's Furnishings, Bed Spreads, Boots and Shoes, etc., etc.

Come as early in the day as possible. Watch the windows. Read the papers.

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.,

The Big Dealers.

FIRE AND SMOKE SALE

AT THE

Imperial Cloak and Suit Store No. 11 Bridge Street

The Fire Insurance Company say: "Close that stock for what you can get. We will pay the difference."

LAST WEEK WAS A HUSTLER IN BARGAINS!

Never were such bargains offered and never did the public respond so well to their own interest. Our store was so crowded that we could not wait on the people. This week we have more room and more help. Come early. You never will have such an opportunity to get the very latest and best up-to-date garments at such prices. For this week we have marked in plain figures a special list of garments, and if you want anything in this line do not let this opportunity pass. Come in and see them is all we ask. Come early, they will not last long at these prices.

Beaver Lined Jackets, complete, lined throughout with fancy linings, worth $8.50, while they last $2.50.

Boucle Jackets, worth $7.50, while they last $2.98.

Boucle Jackets, all lined, for $5.98.

All our latest Imported Garments, the finest that money can buy, cost to make from $18.00 to $35.00, will be cut in halves.

Just remember this is a Fire Insurance sale.

Beaver Capes, trimmed with Mohair Braid worth $2.50, at 98 cents.

Beaver Capes, Mohair Braid and Velvet Trimmings, pleated backs, worth $3.98 at $1.98.

Boucle Capes, Edgewood Thibet Fur, all lined, worth $8.50 at $3.98.

Remember this is a Fire Insurance Sale.

Skirts. We have the very latest. All the rage in New York city, large Sheppard Plaids in silks and wools. They are the nobbiest things on the market today.

Fire Insurance prices for everything we have.

All our Skirts that we sold at $2.25 they go at $1.00, black brilliantines, plain and figured.

Silk Skirts, worth $7.50, at $4.98. They are beauties.

Silk Waists, from 98 cents upwards. The price is cut in two.

Woolen Waists, from 69 cents up. Cut in the prices, remember.

Fur Collarettes, from $1.98 upwards.

Prices are the Insurance Company's loss.

Furs. We made a specialty on the best grades of Furs and have the largest assortment in the city.

Electric Seal Jackets, brown, half-sheared Astrachan and Krimmer and the most elegant line of Boucle, Diagonal and French Brocaded Silk, full fur linings, nothing finer made at just one-half price.

Our complete line of Wrappers, Tea Gowns, Mackintoshes, Suits, and a full line of Children's and Misses' Garments at half price.

Our reputation for fine goods was never so well sustained as this fall, and this fire has broken all our fall arrangements. We must close this stock in thirty days to get the insurance adjusted.

If you want bargains, if you want the best garments there is, if you want them at half the regular price, come and come early to 11 Bridge street.

IMPERIAL CLOAK AND SUIT STORE

EXPERIENCED CLOAK FITTERS WANTED.